"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Rain to-day, colder by night; rain or snow, colder to-morrow.

VOL. LIX...NO. 19,016. * * * NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1910.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT, In Greater New York, { Elsewhere, Jersey City, and Newark. { TWO CENTS.

GIVES RAY OF HOPE FOR NAVAL TUG NINA

Captain of Steamer Bay View Reports Seeing Her Off Montauk Point on Sunday.

SEARCHERS FIND NO TRACE

Navy Department Will Abandon Hunt To-day—All but Two of the Searching Vessels Recalled.

Special to The New York Times.

NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 15.—The first ray of hope for the missing naval tug Nina came late this afternoon at Newport News, when Capt. Cumming of the whaleback steamer Bay View reported that on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock he sighted the Nina off Montauk Point, Long Island, proceeding northward with staysail up.

According to the statement of Capt. Cumming, the machinery of the Nina seemed to be in working order. She made no effort to signal the Bay View, did not ask even to be reported, and was safely going northward, although seemingly making slow progress.

In the opinion of Capt. Cumming the Nina will make Boston Harbor to-morrow morning. The Bayview was on her way from Searsport, Me., to this port, and Capt. Cumming had heard nothing of the anxiety about the tug. Therefore he made no effort to communicate with her in passing.

"I am confident that the Nina will show up, as I predict, during the next twenty-four hours," said Capt. Cumming. "She probably sought shelter in the Delaware Breakwater Monday and left there later for the trip north. I doubt if she left that shelter until late Friday or Saturday. It may be that the tug's machinery was deranged and she was working northward under her stay sail, but I do not believe it, for the reason that I am confident Boatswain Croghan would have asked to be reported safe, even had he needed no assistance."

NEWPORT, R. I., Feb. 15.—That the missing naval tug Nina is not in Block Island Sound nor in the immediate adjoining waters of Long Island Sound and Vineyard Sound on either side was indicated to-ight when the torpedo destroyer Lamson returned here from a twenty-four cruise in those waters without a word of the much-sought little naval tug.

The Lamson left here early last evening, and in her search for the Nina thoroughly covered Block Island Sound, cruising east and west and scouring also the waters on the ocean side of Block Island. Passing vessels were spoken, but none had sighted the Nina.

Block Island has been the fatal terminal for one naval tug, the Leyden having been smashed to pieces against the bluffs there seven or eight years ago. At that time the Nina, stationed here, was sent out to rescue the crew of the Leyden.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Hope of finding any trace of the little tug Nina and her crew of thirty-two men has been practically abandoned by officials of the Navy Department, and unless some tangible evidence is discovered before to-morrow morning the search probably will be given up.

To those directing the investigation it became evident early to-day that the Nina did not proceed on its fateful voyage any further north than Fenwick Island, off the coast of Delaware, and instructions were at once flashed to all vessels in the zone north of that point to discontinue their patrols and report to their stations. This reduced the searching squadron to the battleship Louisiana and the scout cruiser Salem, which were ordered to survey every inch of the waters from Fenwick Island south to the Virginia capes.

A dispatch was received at the Brooklyn Navy Yard yesterday from the Secretary of the Navy ordering that the supply ship Culgoa be recalled from the search for the missing naval tug Nina. By wireless the Culgoa was ordered to return to the Tompkinsville anchorage. After a vain hunt of three days for the missing vessel the naval tugs Apache and Pontiac have returned to the Brooklyn Yard. They patrolled the waters off the Long Island and New Jersey coasts, but secured no trace or news of the Nina. It is feared at the Brooklyn Navy Yard that the Nina has foundered.

PISTOL SHOT ROUTS AUDIENCE

Woman Fires at Her Escort in a Coney Island Moving-Picture Show.

Policeman Burns of the Coney Island Station, standing outside of the Boston Hotel, Surf Avenue and East Twelfth Street, Coney Island, last night, heard the report of a revolver shot from within and an instant later saw one of the cooks in the place, hastily coming through a window, carrying the sash with him.

"Somebody's being killed inside," shouted the cook, already half a block away, and Burns dashed in.

Men, women, and children were yelling, flocking to the doors, and the policeman had a fight to get inside. Once there, he saw a crowd in the gallery and made his way upstairs, where he found John Hutchinson of 7 Thompson Place, Coney Island, struggling with Martha Blair of 116 West Forty-ninth Street, Manhattan. The woman had a revolver in her hand.

Burns disarmed her and took the couple to the station house, where Hutchinson made a charge of assault against the girl, declaring that she had shot at him while the moving pictures were in progress and the gallery was dark.

"I don't know why she did it," said Hutchinson. "She's a friend of mine, and I thought I was being nice, taking her to a moving picture show. I guess they must have gone to her head."

SAYS WAGES SHOULD GO UP.

Useless to Investigate Cost of Living, Crawford Tells the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Senator Crawford to-day told the Senate that instead of wasting months and years in investigating the causes of the increased prices of the necessaries of life Congress should devote itself to devising a remedy. He attributed the rise in the cost of living to the rapid increase of the gold supply and the corresponding increase of the per capita circulation in the United States.

Senator Crawford declared that the investigations of the Bureau of Labor had been sufficient to establish the facts relative to the increase, and he therefore urged that further inquiry would be useless.

He failed to find cause for regret in the situation, he said, except in so far as it affected wage earners, saying that there had not been a corresponding increase in wages. He declared that public opinion should compel such increase, thus placing the wage earner on an equal footing with the producer in the enjoyment of good times.

$50 to California and Pacific Coast via West Shore R. R. 853 via N. Y. Central Feb. 28 to April 14. 'Phone 6310 Madison.—Adv.

OLD DRUG FIRM FAILS.

J. Jungmann, Established in 1870, Found Five Stores Too Expensive.

A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against J. Jungmann, a corporation, druggists at 1,020 Third Avenue, 1 East Forty-second Street, 15 East Twenty-third Street, 428 Columbus Avenue, and 50 Church Street, in the Hudson Terminal Buildings, by these creditors: H. & G. Klotz & Co., $927; E. Fougera & Co., $389; Dodge & Olcott, $108, and Max Belitzer, $73. It was alleged that the corporation was insolvent and made preferential transfers of property. Judge Holt appointed Frederick W. Hinrichs receiver, with a bond of $15,000, on application of Henry Hoeltjes, representing the petitioning creditors.

The business was started at 449 Tenth Avenue in 1870 by Julius Jungmann, and was incorporated in November, 1906, with a capital stock of $300,000, and Mr. Jungmann became President. It was said in the trade that the corporation was slow in its payments on account of heavy expenses in fitting up its new stores and heavy rentals and repayment of loans to banks. The running expenses of the five stores, it is said, amounted to $90,000 a year.

Until recently the creditors expected that the corporation would be able to pull out of the difficulties, and an issue of bonds to the amount of $100,000 was proposed, but it is said they were not disposed of. A statement of the corporation's financial condition on Dec. 1 last showed nominal assets of about $400,000, with liabilities of $130,000. The principal items in the assets were merchandise $211,000, trademarks, &c., $100,000, and machinery and fixtures $76,000.

When the store at 15 East Twenty-third Street was being fitted up the corporation gave two chattel mortgages on some of the fixtures for $10,000. A large wholesale drug firm is said to be a creditor for $12,000.

TO FLY ACROSS ATLANTIC.

Dr. Gans-Fabrice Will Start in May in a Balloon.

MADRID, Feb. 15.—Dr. Gans-Fabrice has definitely completed the plans for his attempt to cross the Atlantic in an airship, and the date of departure is fixed for the middle of May. The launching point has not yet been chosen, but it will be either on the coast of Portugal or the Island of Tenerriffe.

The balloon is elliptical in shape, 162 feet long and 49 feet broad, and contains 6,000 cubic metres of hydrogen. A gondola underneath, shaped like a submarine boat, 28 feet long, 7 feet broad, is fitted with a four-horse power motor. This engine will only be used to keep the balloon in the course of the African trade winds, the doctor's idea being to make the voyage without mechanical propulsion by keeping within the air currents which took Christopher Columbus on his voyage of discovery.

To obviate all danger that might arise from the expansion of the gas under the influence of changes of temperature, the balloon has two envelopes between which an air current constantly circulates. Water is to be used as ballast.

Before embarking on the great adventure, Dr. Gans-Fabrice will make a trial trip over some European sea.

WINDOW CLEANER HIT HIM.

Six-Footer the Buffer for a Man Falling from a High Ledge.

John Kauffman, a window cleaner, fell from the fifth story of the business building 46 Warren Street yesterday afternoon, and if he survives his injuries it will be because his fall was broken by an Orange, N. J., miner, a husky six-footer.

Kauffman lost his hold and shot down head foremost. James Girdwood, the miner, happened to be passing the building. Kauffman's head struck Girdwood's shoulder a glancing blow, knocking him down. Kauffman struck the sidewalk with considerable force and both his arms and ankles were fractured. He also sustained possible internal injuries, but was conscious when removed to the Hudson Street Hospital.

Girdwood picked himself up, seemingly unhurt. When asked if he wished the attendance of a physician he remarked, "None of that," and walked quietly away.

Kauffman's home is at 36 East Twelfth Street.

COULDN'T WED, SHOT HIMSELF

Young Socialist Left a Note Saying Capital Drove Him to Suicide.

Morris Schwartz, a young Socialist, took his life yesterday in the home of his employer, Max Kochman, at 2,084 Crotona Avenue, the Bronx, by shooting himself, leaving behind a note in which he said he could no longer live in a country where the existence of wealth prevented his marriage.

"I am in love with Yetta Kappelmann, but I cannot marry her here. I am going to a country where there is neither capital nor wealth," wrote the suicide.

The girl is employed in the office of Schwartz's brother, Louis, a silk manufacturer, at 296 Church Street.

Schwartz notified his employer in a note that he intended to kill himself. Kochman, accompanied by a policeman, reached the house in time to hear Schwartz fire the shot.

MAGAZINE MEN COMPLAIN.

Tell Service Board They Must Pay to Sell Their Wares in the Subway.

The Public Service Commission ordered the Interborough yesterday to submit an answer within ten days to a complaint filed by the publishers of Ainslee's, Smith's, the People's and the Popular magazines against Ward & Gow, contractors for the Subway and elevated advertising, in which it is alleged that the company has refused to sell the four magazines at the station newsstands, because they refused to pay $15 a month each for advertising. The complaint characterizes the payments as "upon the pretense that the said charge was for advertising said magazines at the newsstands."

The publishers say they refused to pay the money in December, and that since that time their magazines have been taken off the Subway and elevated newsstands. They further say they appealed to the Interborough without success.

It is also declared that other magazines are not compelled to pay the fee.

FLORIDA, CUBA, CAROLINA RESORTS. Seaboard Air Line, shortest, quickest, most attractive route. Office 1143 B'way, cor. 25th St.—Adv.

MACKAY DROPS STOCK OF TELEGRAPH RIVAL

His Companies Had Been Largest Stockholder in American Telephone and Telegraph Co.

CARRIED 82,000 SHARES

Promise Reiterated That Postal Telegraph Company Will Remain Independent—Good Report of Earnings.

Following the annual meeting in Boston yesterday of the stockholders of the Mackay companies a statement was issued at the New York offices calling attention to the paragraph of the annual report which announces the company's intention of selling its holdings of American Telephone and Telegraph stock. The Mackay companies has been the largest individual stockholder of the Bell telephone system for several years, and when the American Telephone and Telegraph Company acquired a dominant interest in the Western Union Telegraph Company last Fall the connection of the Bell system with the Mackay companies and, therefore, with the Postal Telegraph system gave rise to rumors of an attempt to establish a telegraph monopoly.

Immediately after the announcement of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company's purchase of Western Union stock, President Clarence Mackay of the Mackay companies made a public statement denying all knowledge of the transaction and promising that there would be no letup in the competition offered by the Postal Telegraph Company.

The announcement yesterday was something of a surprise to Wall Street. It read:

The Mackay Companies will sell its entire holding of stock in the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, that step being in deference to public opinion, which views with suspicion this large holding of stock in a company which has recently purchased the control of the Western Union Telegraph Company. Moreover, that stock was acquired by the Mackay Companies with a view to bringing about economies in the construction and maintenance of joint pole lines over long stretches of country, where the business was not sufficient to justify either company constructing an independent pole line by itself. Many such arrangements were made, each company owning one-half of the pole line, but having nothing to do with the business of the other company. Since, however, the American Telephone and Telegraph Company has acquired control of the Western Union Telegraph Company the time has come for the Mackay Companies to sell its holdings of stock in the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, and that will be done. The Postal Telegraph system will continue to be free and independent, prepared to maintain the competition which it has furnished for twenty-five years.

It is understood that a banking syndicate has arranged to take over the Mackay Companies' holdings of American Telephone and Telegraph stock, which, it is said, amount to about 82,000 shares. At the present market price of 137 the investment amounts to $11,234,000.

The profit and loss account submitted to shareholders shows income from its investments amounting to $3,808,779. As the Mackay Companies are really one holding corporation, the expenses are limited, amounting during the year ended Feb. 1 to $32,334. The payment of $2,000,000 in dividends on the preferred stock and of $1,758,667 on the common stock left a balance to be carried forward after the deduction of expenses amounting to $17,777.

In his report to stockholders, President Clarence Mackay calls attention to a number of improvements in the service, including the change in the Atlantic cable route to Ireland, so as to avoid the "dangerous shoals" in mid-ocean known as the Flemish Cap and the placing of a new land route over the Sierras from Reno, Nev., to Sacramento, Cal.

The year just closed, President Mackay says, completes the first quarter century of the Commercial Cable-Postal Telegraph system's existence, and in that time it has grown from "two transatlantic cables and a few telegraph wires between New York and Chicago" to a system "operating 350,125 miles of wire and 28,379 miles of transatlantic and transpacific cable in and to America, Europe, and Asia." The seven Trustees were re-elected, the vacancy caused by the death of Dumont Clarke remaining unfilled.

JURY DISCHARGED ITSELF.

Verdict Announcing Its Decision to Disagree Disapproved by Court.

Brooklyn jurors who "agree to disagree" in a case, in order to get home to warm suppers and to water the family rubber plants, are in for trouble. Yesterday such a jury was before Supreme Court Justice Marean for violating one of the most stringent of court rules. On Monday the jurors sat in the trial of a suit between James E. Broderick and Harry R. Humphreys, lumbermen, over a contract. They retired at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Three hours later they informed the court officer in charge of them that they had "agreed" and handed to him a "sealed verdict." They were then permitted to go home.

Yesterday morning, after the jury had been polled, the foreman handed up the "sealed verdict." On opening it, Justice Marean was astounded to behold the words: "Jury unable to agree." Then the court proceeded to say things to the apparently equally astonished jurymen. It seemed that this was a second trial of the case, and that the jury in the first trial had also disagreed.

Justice Marean told the jurors sharply that they had no right to discharge themselves before reaching a verdict. He ordered them to appear before him on Feb. 28 to show cause why they should not be punished for contempt. Because of their action the case was declared to be a mistrial.

ANOTHER COAL FRAUD SUIT.

George F. Peabody Involved in Action Against Estate to Recover $543,000.

DENVER, Feb. 15.—Suit was filed in the Federal court to-day against David C. Dodge, George Foster Peabody, George A. Kraus, and George Mellen, as executors of the will of the late Gen. William J. Palmer, charging extensive coal land frauds.

The action is in equity to recover $543,000, the value of 362,000 tons of coal. Attorney General Wickersham and Frederick A. Maynard, assistant to the Attorney General, with headquarters at Salt Lake, filed the complaints.

It is alleged that between Jan. 1, 1899, and June 30, 1900, Peabody and Palmer mined 1,293 acres of Government land that had been illegally acquired.

DEWEY'S SUPERIOR OLD PORT WINE. The most strengthening wine we make. H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 138 Fulton St., New York.—Adv.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with news dealers to-day.

HOUSEKEEPER SUES ON SLANDER CHARGES

Ex-Employe of Mrs. Harriman Seeks $10,000 Damages from Mrs. Herbert.

CAN'T GET EMPLOYMENT

Says That Her Good Name Was Injured by the Circulation of False Reports.

The question whether an employer is licensed to make disparaging remarks about a discharged servant has been raised in a suit filed in the Supreme Court on behalf of Mary Burton, a young Englishwoman, whose last job was that of housekeeper in the Arden home of Mrs. E. H. Harriman, widow of the financier.

Miss Burton was discharged by Mrs. Harriman, but her grievance is not against the owner of Arden. She is suing Mrs. Olivia Antoinette Herbert of 1 West Seventieth Street for $10,000 damages, and in the bill of complaint she says that Mrs. Herbert circulated certain reports about her habits, which, she says, have made it impossible for her to obtain as good a place as she otherwise could command.

Miss Burton says she met Mrs. Herbert in Paris during the Fall of 1908. Mrs. Herbert had sought, through a Parisian employment agency, to get a young woman who could speak English and would fill the requirements as a housekeeper. Miss Burton was introduced to Mrs. Herbert, and, she says, she told Mrs. Herbert that she would gladly come to America with her, as she had always desired to see something of this part of the world. Mrs. Herbert was to sail in a few days, so Miss Burton packed up and late in September came to New York, taking up the duties of housekeeper in the Herbert home, overlooking Central Park West.

In a short time the Herberts went to their country place at North Augusta, N. C., and Miss Burton accompanied them. She and Mrs. Herbert did not get along well together there. Several unpleasant scenes occurred and the housekeeper's services were dispensed with.

Miss Burton says there was trouble over getting back to New York, as Mrs. Herbert did not want to give her a railroad ticket. But in May of 1909 she got her ticket and her wages, packed up her belongings and left the Herbert employ, and came on to New York. Through agencies she obtained other offers of employment, and about the time of Mr. Harriman's death she went to Arden and became housekeeper.

Miss Burton had been at Arden only a few weeks when she was dismissed. She came back to New York and began to visit the employment agencies again. It was then, she says, that she learned why she had been discharged by Mrs. Harriman. She consulted a lawyer and suit against Mrs. Herbert was started.

In her complaint Miss Burton says that in November Mrs. Herbert, "contriving and malliciously intending to injure the plaintiff in her good name, fame, and credit and bring her into public scandal, infamy, and disgrace with and among her employers, business acquaintances, and neighbors," maligned her, spreading the report that she was not of good character or habits.

Miss Burton says that by reason of the alleged slanders she was discharged by Mrs. Harriman.

CARNEGIE PRAISES TAFT.

Blamed for Things He Can't Help—Carnegie Not Ready for Heaven.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 15.—Andrew Carnegie visited Chicago to-day for the first time in nineteen years. In his private car in the Santa Fe Railroad yards at Eighteenth Street, he chatted with a reporter on a variety of subjects.

"Do you think America is improving as a place to live?" he was asked.

"Well," he answered, slowly stroking his beard, "I don't want to go to heaven yet. The United States of America is good enough for me. Has there ever been anything the matter with it?"

"What is your attitude toward President Taft?"

"I think he is one of the best men who has ever occupied the Presidential chair. He gets blame for a lot of things he can't help. Mr. Taft is doing his best all the time. I wish people would understand that."

"Perhaps the Aldrich tariff has influenced people's opinion of Mr. Taft to some extent," it was suggested.

"Let me tell you that bill was a step in the right direction—and I think I know a thing or two about tariffs," he asserted firmly. "We must boost the luxuries; that's what needed. Let's put them up to the top notch. Let men who want to smoke tobacco grown outside of this country pay for it. Let women who want to wear Parisian modes pay for them. Let folks who are addicted to foreign wines pay for them. These people can afford it, not as a matter of protection, you understand, but as a matter of revenue."

Mr. Carnegie went on to Kansas City to-day.

DOG HELD FOR RANSOM.

Boy of 11 Accused of Stealing the Animal to Extort Money.

Judge Wilkin of the Children's Court, Brooklyn, had before him yesterday Willie Leonard, 11 years old, of 156 Somers Street, who is accused of being a party to a plot to hold an Irish setter dog for a ransom.

The dog is a family pet belonging to Mrs. Evaline Mitchell of 30 Pleasant Place. It disappeared from Mrs. Mitchell's home on Feb. 3, and she says it was stolen. Last Saturday she received a message to the effect that the dog would be returned if $5 was put in a pocketbook and left behind a post on the porch of her home.

She reported the case to the police and they found an Italian boy in the neighborhood who, they assert, said he acted as a go-between for Willie Leonard.

The information was followed by the Leonard boy's arrest. He denied the accusation, but was held yesterday in $100 bail for examination on Friday. The dog has not been recovered.

Aplanatic invisible Bisight eyeglasses, near and distant vision. Spencer's, 81 Maiden Lane.—Adv.

SURE IT IS DR. COOK AT SANTIAGO HOTEL

Recognized by Times Correspondent and by Belgian Engineer Who Had Known Him Well.

IS DEPRESSED AND SILENT

Greatly Changed in Appearance—Still Denies His Identity and Gives Evasive Replies to Inquiries.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Feb. 15.—Dr. Frederick A. Cook and his wife are now in this city. They were fellow-passengers with me on the steamship Osiris, which arrived at Valparaiso from Montevideo on Monday. Dr. Cook, each time I have seen him, has been silent and depressed. In appearance he is greatly changed. When I met him on the ship he seemed not to know me, although I had known him personally in New York and had no difficulty in recognizing him.

In response to questions he gave an evasive account of his travels since his disappearance from New York. The only specific details he would give were that he had left Barcelona, Spain, on the steamship Cadiz, and had stayed at the Phoenix Hotel while at Buenos Ayres, where, for some reason, he left all his heavy luggage. Pressed to tell about his destination, he gave indefinite replies.

Although I had recognized him and had no doubt of his identity, I did not reveal it to others until the last day of the voyage from Montevideo. Dr. Cook and his wife left the Osiris at Corral, as I reported in my dispatch to THE NEW YORK TIMES from there on Saturday. He is now here at the Hotel Oddo. I understand that he still denies his identity. I am positive, however, that there is no mistake in my identification, which is fully corroborated by others who have seen him and by a good photograph.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Feb. 15.—Dr. Frederick A. Cook and his wife, who are still at the Hotel Oddo here, refused to receive any visitors to-day, and Dr. Cook declined to grant an interview.

Among the passengers on the steamer from Valdivia was a Belgian engineer named Ryssellerghe, who said he recognized Cook immediately, both having been on the steamer Belgica, which carried the Belgian antarctic expedition in 1897-99.

Ryssellerghe sent his card to Dr. Cook, but he refused to receive it, declaring that he did not know the Belgian.

HADLEY SUGGESTS A RECOUNT

To Decide Whether Stone or Folk Was Nominated for Senator—Folk Declines.

Special to The New York Times.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 15.—Gov. Hadley declared in a statement to-day that the St. Louis and Kansas City ballots in the senatorial primary were not burned on the day before he made his charge of fraud in connection with St. Louis nominations, and that Senator Stone's statement that they were was an unqualified falsehood.

If Senator Stone is willing the Governor wants to make a recount, and he has wired former Gov. Folk, whom Stone defeated for Senator, for his consent. If Stone and Folk consent the recount will be made at once. If the recount shows Stone to have been nominated through fraud, the Governor asks him to resign, and says he will appoint Folk.

"If it is found," says the Governor in his statement, "that Stone was not honestly nominated, he should resign, and I will appoint Folk as his successor. Then if Stone will consent to run again, I will agree to run against him in case Folk will not contest with him the nomination.

"Stone is to-day, and has been for years, the head of a political machine in this State in whose behalf crimes against the ballot have been so frequently committed that they almost became conventional."

Senator Stone wired from Washington to-night:

"This is a fresh outbreak on the part of Gov. Hadley. I will not discuss the matter until I know exactly what the Governor says. I want to have the precise facts before me when I talk on the subject. I have no objection to the ballots cast at the primaries being recounted, but I must be assured that they have not been tampered with since being sealed in the ballot boxes. If they remain there as originally deposited, I am perfectly willing they should be recounted."

Ex-Gov. Folk wired to-night from Ohio, where he is lecturing, that he would not accept the United States Senatorship except through the Democracy of Missouri and would not accept Hadley's proposition.

He does not know yet whether he will again be a candidate, this time in opposition to ex-Gov. Francis.

$500 FINE FOR A PRINCIPAL.

Michael J. Devlin Punished for Holding Two Places at the Same Time.

Principal Michael J. Devlin of Public School 8, at 29 King Street, Manhattan, was fined $500 by the Elementary Schools Committee of the Board of Education yesterday afternoon for holding two places, resulting in his neglecting his school duties. The fine is said to be the largest ever imposed on a school teacher or Principal, and the impression seemed to be that the committee would have dealt even more heavily with Devlin if he had been disposed to fight the case.

While it could hardly be charged that Principal Devlin was serving two masters, since in both places he was working for the city, it was asserted that for the last two or three years he had served not only as Principal at $3,500 a year but as a Condemnation Commissioner, in which capacity he drew $7,530, according to the Research Bureau.

It was said that Devlin had attended 800 meetings on school days, nearly 100 of which occurred between 9 and 12 o'clock and 1 and 3 o'clock, and to attend them he had to leave his school, thereby neglecting his duties.

When the committee met yesterday Devlin, through his counsel, ex-School Commissioner May, admitted that the charges were in the main true and he did not care to fight them. After brief questioning by Chairman Abraham Stern the committee fixed the fine. It was stated to the committee that Principal Devlin had also refunded $700 to the city on his other place, so the city gets back $1,200 in all.

DUNN WILL TALK TO-DAY.

Did Not Want Any Messages or Interviews Last Night.

George W. Dunn, ex-Chairman of the Republican State Committee, had nothing to say last night about the charge made by Senator Benn Conger that the bridge corruption fund of 1902 was paid to him, in the form of a campaign contribution.

Mr. Dunn, who lives at Binghamton, was at Glens Falls last night. Telegraphic attempts to get an interview with him brought the reply that Mr. Dunn had retired for the night at the Rockwell Hotel and was not to be disturbed. The hotel was called on the long distance telephone from THE NEW YORK TIMES and the management was asked to inform Mr. Dunn that he was sought on a matter of importance.

"Mr. Dunn does not wish to receive any messages or to talk about anything until 8 o'clock to-morrow morning," came the reply. "He will then be ready to talk on any subject."

MORGAN MAY SAIL TO-DAY.

Has a Cabin Reserved—Later Than His Usual Date of Departure.

J. P. Morgan will probably sail for Europe to-day unless his plans should call for a further postponement of his departure for the other side. He is understood to have reserved accommodations on to-day's steamer, but for many years it has been Mr. Morgan's custom to do so on a number of steamers scheduled to sail about the time he purposes going abroad to make sure of being provided for on the date he finally selects.

Last year Mr. Morgan sailed on his trip to Europe somewhat earlier than this date, and the Street has been expecting daily to hear of his departure.

DECLINES CLARKSON'S PLACE.

Charles D. Hilles Will Not Become Surveyor of the Port Here.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Charles D. Hilles, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, will decline the offer of President Taft of the position of Surveyor of the Port of New York, held by Gen. James S. Clarkson.

The latter's term will expire soon.

FOR AN INCOME TAX.

Lower Branch of South Carolina Legislature Passes the Amendment.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Feb. 15.—By a vote of 100 to 3, the House of Representatives of South Carolina passed a resolution favoring an amendment to the Federal Constitution permitting Congress to lay an income tax without apportionment among the States according to population.

The resolution will come up in the Senate to-morrow.

WOMAN IN SUBWAY PERIL.

Slips Between Platform and Train, but Is Pulled Out Unhurt.

As an uptown local started yesterday, just after noon from the Times Square Subway station, it was seen that a white-haired woman had slipped between the platform and the cars. Apparently, she had disregarded the cry "Mind the step, please!" and stumbled into the space left by the curved platform as the door was slammed in her face.

Women who saw her screamed and men darted forward. Above the edge of the platform just her head could be seen. The cries warned the guards, and the train, which had not yet gathered speed, stopped with a jerk. The woman was quickly lifted out, and seemed more frightened than hurt.

She was accompanied by another woman, and as soon as the doors of the train were opened they went aboard. No one took her name, and she made no complaint to any of the officials.

VAULTED ON A RUNAWAY.

Policeman Takes a Flying Leap and Stops a Galloping Horse.

Patrolman Jacob Storch of the Butler Street Station, Brooklyn, stopped a runaway horse in acrobatic and thrilling fashion late yesterday afternoon at Clinton and Union Streets, that borough.

The horse, which was drawing an express wagon, was owned by a Court Street firm. While Joseph Scotto of 368 Court Street, the driver, was delivering some goods in Union Street the animal took fright and bolted.

At Clinton Street Storch ran into the roadway and leaped into the wagon. Making his way to the dashboard, he jumped astride the horse. He brought the animal to a standstill within a block. Storch suffered contusions of the hands and arms, which were dressed by Ambulance Surgeon Campbell of the Long Island College Hospital.

DEGREE FOR HUGHES.

University of Pennsylvania Will Make Him Doctor of Laws on Feb. 22.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 15.—The University of Pennsylvania announced to-day that on Washington's Birthday honorary degrees would be conferred as follows:

Doctor of Laws—Gov. Hughes of New York; James M. Beck, New York.

Doctor of Science—Samuel Rea, Philadelphia, Third Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company; George S. Webster, Chief of the Bureau of Surveys of the City of Philadelphia.

Master of Arts (Causa Honoris)—Morris L. Clothier, Philadelphia.

Gov. Hughes will deliver the university day oration.

PLAIN-CLOTHES MAN ACCUSED

Gallagher of Schmittberger's Staff Locked Up Charged with Extortion.

Policeman William F. Gallagher, attached to the East 126th Street Station, and recently assigned to duty on Inspector Schmittberger's staff, was arrested last night at Fifteenth Street and Third Avenue by Plainclothesman Nelson of the Fifth Street Station, who said that Gallagher had been trying to exhort money from women. In the station he charged Gallagher with being intoxicated and disorderly, using profane and threatening language, and causing a crowd to collect.

Chief Police Surgeon Palmer examined Gallagher and pronounced him unfit for duty. He was suspended immediately.

It was said at police headquarters later that Gallagher, who is only 27 years old, lives at 1,415 Minford Place, the Bronx. He had only been on the force since Feb. 1 last. He was assigned to Schmittberger's staff for work in the "white slave" crusade.

ONLY ONE NIGHT OUT TO FLORIDA via Penna. and Atlantic Coast Line—the Standard Railway of the South—Trains Daily, 9.55 A. M., 1.25, 3.35, 9.30 P. M. 1143 B'way.—Adv.

DUNN GOT FUND, CONGER ASSERTS

Bridge Companies' Money Contributed to State Chairman in 1902, He Tells Senate.

FOUR GRAFT LEVIES MADE

Threatened with Punishment, He Admits He Knew of Funds in 1901, 1902, 1903, and 1905.

WIDER INQUIRY AGAIN ASKED

Wainwright Moves for Joint Investigation of All Corruption, and Newcomb Would Extend Scope of Allds Court.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 15.—Testimony directly connecting the Republican State organization with the distribution of funds raised by the bridge companies to influence legislation was given to-day by Senator Benn Conger in the Senate bribery investigation. With a threat of punishment for contempt hanging over him, he declared of his own knowledge that bridge companies in which he was interested had raised funds to influence legislation in 1901, 1902, 1903, and 1905.

When asked if a fund "was accumulated and expended in 1902 for the purpose of influencing legislation in the Legislature of the State of New York," Senator Conger replied: "There was a contribution to the State Chairman of the Republican organization."

The Chairman of the Republican Committee that year was George W. Dunn of Binghamton, who was put in by Senator Platt to endeavor to defeat the efforts of Gov. Odell to gain control of the State organization.

This testimony was drawn from the reluctant Senator Conger as a result of a determination among Republican Senators to force a general inquiry into legislative corruption. At the regular session of the Senate, before the hearing on the Allds charges was taken up, Senator J. Mayhew Wainwright had offered a concurrent resolution providing for the appointment of a joint committee of three Senators and five Assemblymen to investigate the statement that the bridge companies had raised a bribery fund in 1903, and the subject of bribery generally. This resolution was said to be in direct line with plans mapped out at the conference held in New York last Saturday.

It is admitted by every one who has watched developments at the Capitol for the last twenty-four hours that the question of whether Senator Jotham P. Allds received a bribe of $1,000 has been completely overshadowed by the prospect of a broader investigation, for which the foundation was laid to-day, and the additional disclosures it may bring forth.

Newcomb Goes After More Facts.

Senator Conger's reluctantly made admissions at to-day's hearing came in reply to a series of questions asked him by Senator Josiah T. Newcomb of New York. Senator Newcomb was one of the men who attended the insurgent caucus at the Hotel Ten Eyck on the night of Jan. 4, where Senator Conger made the statements which led to the present investigation. It was chiefly through the instrumentality of Senator Newcomb that the statement was made public and Senator Allds was compelled to ask the Senate for an investigation.

The New York Senator was well equipped to assume the part of inquisitor from the fact that he was familiar with all that Senator Conger had said on that occasion, when his charges of legislative corruption were much broader than anything that so far has been entered upon the records.

Mr. Newcomb did not get in his questions until the hearing to-day was drawing to a close, and then in the face of obstinate objections presented by Senator Grady, the minority leader, who even came forward with a proposition to amend the rules governming the investigation to stop Mr. Newcomb. His course had been decided upon by Senator Newcomb only after Senator Wainwright had offered the resolution for a wider inquiry and Senator Grady had protested that there was nothing on the record to show that the corruption fund raised by the bridge companies in 1903 was intended to influence the action of the Legislature, and that consequently there was no reason for the present Legislature to take notice of any statement that might have been made on this subject by counsel. Senator Newcomb explained that he was anxious to have a foundation laid in the record to justify legislative action looking to a broader investigation.

Grady Tries to Stop Revelations.

Senator Conger had been on the stand most of the day, and James W. Osborne of his counsel had just concluded his direct examination, when Senator Newcomb arose.

"I desire to ask some questions of the witness," he said.

Senator Grady was on his feet at once. "I move that in the proceedings had before this committee, to promote the orderly conduct of its business, the questions to be propounded by Senators follow the cross-examination of counsel," said the minority leader.

"I desire to call the attention of the members of this committee," reported Senator Newcomb, "to the fact that from the beginning of this investigation until this moment there has not been in a single instance until now an objection to a Senator interrogating a witness."

Senator Davis of Erie, who presided, ruled in favor of Senator Newcomb, and Senator Grady appealed from the decision, but did not try to enforce his appeal. Senator Davis suggested that the Committee on Procedure, of which Senator Grady is a member, might amend the rules governing the hearing. Grady said he was ready to meet at once for the purpose with the rest of the committee, but Senator Brackett, the Chairman, said there could be no meeting this afternoon.

"I ask this Senate in all fairness," said Senator Newcomb, taking the floor again, "if, when I rise to ask a question of the witness, it is necessary to adopt a new rule? Is there something in the questions that I am about to ask that makes it necessary that this Senate should pause in its business and allow a committee to meet and adopt a new rule to shut me off? I don't believe it. I ask in all fairness that I be permitted to go forward with the course which I have deliberately determined to pursue, and I ask that the motion of the Senator be not adopted."

Conger Admits a 1903 Fund.

After some wrangling, in which counsel and several Senators took part, Senator Newcomb was permitted to go ahead. In the meantime, Senator Conger had been sitting in the witness chair nervously twisting and untwisting a handkerchief, and at times mopping his face and forehead. Senator Newcomb began by reading from the record the admission by Mr. Osborne some days ago that representatives

of bridge companies had met in 1903 and got up a corruption fund. Then he turned to the witness:

"Without asking at this time any other answer than yes or no," he said, "I ask you if you have personal knowledge of the accumulation of a fund in 1903 to influence the course of highway legislation in the Legislature of the State of New York?"

"Yes, Sir, I have," Senator Conger replied.

"Have you personal knowledge of the disbursement of that fund?" asked the Senator.

At this point Mr. Osborne asked that proceedings halt for a while to permit him to examine the record and see whether in his opening address he had pledged himself to any line of conduct along this line of examination. His examination of the record satisfied him that he had not, and as a matter of personal privilege he asked the Senate to consider whether any extraneous issue should be injected in the trying out of the Allds issue.

Senator Newcomb insisted that his questions were within the scope of the resolution governing the inquiry.

"If anything could possibly relate to the dignity of the Senate," he said, "those matters that have been brought out and put on record concerning the year 1903 relate to the dignity of the Senate. We were instructed as a Committee of the Whole to investigate all the matters to which attention was directed by the charges against Senator Allds. I will call the Chair's attention to the fact that there is already on the record a statement of this witness that a fund such as has been described was accumulated in 1903, and that he had personal knowledge of it."

Mr. Osborne said he would want time to consult with other counsel for Senator Conger before he could decide whether he would let the witness answer the question.

"I never dived in a hole and broke my neck when I was in bathing," said Mr. Osborne, "and I want to examine the bottom of this before I take the plunge."

Conger Shows Reluctance.

Mr. Osborne wanted a postponement until to-morrow, but upon learning that Senator Newcomb merely wanted an answer yes or no, he withdrew his objection and his request for a postponement.

The question was then repeated, and Senator Conger said he had no personal knowledge of the disbursement of the 1903 corruption fund.

Q.—Did representatives of the bridge companies meet in any place in 1903 and accumulate this fund? A.—Not to my knowledge, Sir.

Q.—Did they meet? A.—I do not think so, Sir.

Q.—Then will you state what you had in mind when you stated a moment ago that a fund was accumulated in 1903 for the purpose of influencing the course of highway legislation in the Legislature of the State of New York? A.—There was no meeting, Sir.

"There was no meeting; a fund was accumulated. How was it accumulated?" asked Senator Newcomb.

By this time Senator Conger was twisting about in the witness chair, showing every sign of discomfort. He was pale and perspiration broke out on his brow and on his bald pate. There was a long pause. Finally he turned and appealed to Senator Davis who stood above him on the rostrum.

"Am I obliged to answer that question?" he asked faintly.

Mr. Osborne came to the aid of his client. "I have no objection to their proving that there was a fund, that that fund got into the hands of some particular person, if he knows it," said the lawyer. "The only question that is going to arise, is when you ask him to whom that fund was delivered."

"I did not intend to ask that," said Senator Newcomb.

"Then I have no objection," said Mr. Osborne.

"I suggest that the witness be instructed to answer," urged Senator Newcomb.

"You must answer the question," directed Senator Davis.

"It was paid to a certain party," almost whispered the witness. The answer had to be read by the stenographer in order that the lawyers sitting only five feet away could hear it.

"To whom was that fund paid?" asked Senator Newcomb. "I do not mean to whom it was paid when you were disposed of to influence legislation, but in whose hands was the fund accumulated?"

"One moment," cried Mr. Osborne. "You don't mean to whom was the ultimate disposition?"

"I do not," was the reply. "I do not propose to divert this inquiry to the ultimate direction or final resting place of that fund. What I do want to know is where the evidence is, and that is what I am directing my inquiry to. Now let us have the question and the answer."

Conger Refuses to Answer.

Senator Newcomb stood in the centre of the aisle looking squarely at the witness. Senator Conger remained silent. There was a long pause again, during which the Senate Chamber remained very still. Then Senator Conger faced the presiding officer and spoke warmly.

"I appeal to the Chairman and submit that we are getting into an inquiry that was not contemplated in my specific charge," he said. "I think I have the right to refuse to answer this question."

"He is right," said Mr. Osborne. "That is the only thing I had in my own mind."

Senator Mead of Rochester said Senator Newcomb clearly was out of order in asking these questions.

Senator Newcomb repeated that he only wanted to get on the record facts for a subsequent investigation.

"The witness has already said a corruption fund was raised in 1903, that he knows how it was raised, and that it was raised to influence legislation," said Senator Hinman of Broome. "That is enough. That statement having been made here does demand and require, and the people of this State will require, that this matter be sifted to the bottom, but we should not go into this matter any further now."

"I withdraw my question and have another question to put," said Senator Newcomb.

"I will ask the Senator to renew the question," exclaimed Senator Wainwright of Westchester, who introduced the bribery resolution this morning. The question was then repeated:

"Who was the party in whose hands this fund was accumulated?"

"I shall refuse to answer that question at present," said the witness firmly.

"Do you know the man in whose hands in the first instance this fund was accumulated?" asked Mr. Newcomb.

"Yes, Sir," said Senator Conger.

"Who was that party?"

Here Mr. Osborne intervened again. "Not that counsel from New York cares, but in order to have a ruling I will make an objection and let somebody appeal from it," he cried. Mr. Osborne put his objection on the ground that the answer could have no relevancy to the issue brought before the Senate.

Threat of Contempt Proceedings.

"I can see that it would have a tremendous bearing on this issue if he should name Senator Allds," said Senator Brackett.

Senator Davis overruled the objection and directed the witness to answer. The question was then repeated.

"I shall refuse to answer at present," said Senator Conger again.

This was one of the tensest moments at the hearing. The lawyers for Senator Conger, except ex-Judge Van Wyck, were on their feet. David W. Van Hoesen, personal counsel of the Senator, moved to a position within two steps of the witness chair, ready to intervene.

"I move that the committee now rise and report to the Senate the refusal of the witness to answer the question," said Senator Newcomb.

"Not yet, Brother Newcomb. You are a little previous," said Senator Brackett. "I should ask the chair to instruct the witness to answer, so if there is any contumacy in the declination, it may be evidenced by the fact that he declines to obey the direction."

The witness, with contempt proceedings hanging over him, twisted uneasily in his chair. Mr. Osborne and ex-Judge Van Hoesen were standing directly in front of him, while a number of Senators engaged in a spirited debate on the propriety of reporting to the Senate. Finally Senator Conger motioned Judge Van Hoesen to his side.

"The witness has intimated to me that he desires to consult with his counsel," said Mr. Van Hoesen. "May I have that privilege?"

"I do not care whether we have a consultation or not," exclaimed Mr. Osborne. "I advise the witness to obey the orders and answer the question."

"I repeat my request to be permitted to consult with the witness on the stand for a moment," said Mr. Van Hoesen.

"I tell him to answer that question," cried Mr. Osborne.

"And now I will advise you to answer that question under the instructions of the chair," said Mr. Van Hoesen.

"I will restate the question then," said Senator Newcomb. "You have testified that in 1903 a fund was accumulated for the purpose of influencing legislation in this State of New York and you have testified that you knew in whose hands in the first instance that fund was accumulated. Who was the party?"

State Chairman Got Money.

"It was not a party, it was a corporation," said Senator Conger.

Q.—Who was that corporation? A.—The Groton Bridge Company.

Q.—What relation did you bear in 1903 to the Groton Bridge Company? A.—I don't remember, Sir. I may have been a Director; I am not sure; I was not an officer.

Q.—Who was the President of the Groton Bridge Company? A.—I do not remember at that time.

Q.—Who was the officer in the Groton Bridge Company having custody of funds? A.—I cannot tell, Sir, unless I refresh my memory through books at home.

Q.—Have you anything here through which you can refresh your memory on that? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Was a fund accumulated and expended in 1902 for the purpose of influencing legislation in the Legislature of the State of New York? A.—There was a contribution to the State Chairman of the Republican organization.

Q.—Now, I did not ask you to whom it was paid. Was there a fund in 1902 available to the bridge companies to influence legislation in the State of New York? You can answer that yes or no. A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Do you personally know how that fund was disbursed? Yes or no. A.—No, Sir.

Q.—In whose hands was that fund accumulated in 1902, or was it accumuated? A.—I don't remember that, Sir.

Q.—You have testified that there was such a fund. From what source did that fund come? A.—I do not remember, Sir.

Q.—Was there a fund accumulated, or moneys available to the bridge companies, in 1904, for the purpose of influencing legislation in the Legislature of the State of New York? A.—Not to my knowledge.

Q.—Do you know whether there was any money paid? I am not asking you now to whom. Do you know whether or not there were any monies paid in the year 1904 to influence the course of highway legislation? A.—I do not, Sir.

Ten Eyck Conference Recalled.

"Do you remember," then said Senator Newcomb, "attending a meeting at which certain Senators were present in the Ten Eyck Hotel, such meeting being the second meeting at which those Senators were present with you?"

"I do, Sir," was the reply.

"I am now directing your attention to the second time that you met with certain Senators. Did you or did you not state at that time that moneys were paid in 1904? I do not ask to whom; I do not ask whether to members of the Legislature, but whether moneys were paid for the purpose of influencing legislation in the Legislature of the State of New York."

"I did not, Sir," was the answer.

"Have you any knowledge of the accumulation of a fund in the year 1905 to influence legislation in the Legislature of the State of New York—possibly I will refresh your memory if I say the partial accumulation of a fund?" asked Senator Newcomb.

"Yes, Sir," Senator Conger replied.

Q.—Have you personal knowledge of the manner of the accumulation of that fund and of its final disposition? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Have you ever stated that you knew what became of the fund? A.—No, Sir.

This concluded the examination of the witness by Senator Newcomb, and he at once offered a motion that the Committee of the Whole report to the Senate that the Conger testimony had become part of its record and recommend that the scope of its authority be extended so as to enable it to investigate "any and all matters relating to corrupt practices to influence the course of highway legislation between the years 1901 and 1905," and other such matters that might arise.

A spirited debate followed. Senator Hinman asked Senator Newcomb to withdraw his motion, but he declined and asked unanimous consent to have it lie on the table until after all the testimony in the Conger-Allds case had been received.

Then Senator Grady attacked him with great bitterness.

"Now, the Senator may think," said Mr. Grady, "when he comes to the front with his little set of prepared questions that we cannot see the wings and the harp flung across the shoulder. We recognize the man from the heavenly choir when he gets down among us, and it isn't necessary for the Senator to say that he is actuated by the purest and kindest and the holiest motive that ever actuated any official in his duty.

"But I propose to have a little of the limelight come my way. I will object to the proposition of the Senator as being entirely out of order; but—so that I may not be accused in the newspapers of sitting on the lid and afraid of my life of some development, which may come if we have a thorough investigation—to-morrow morning I will take this suggestion of the Senator and offer to the Senate the question whether at the conclusion of the investigation upon which we started we shall not begin another investigation based upon whatever facts are in or may be put in this record."

The debate was still in progress when the time to adjourn came, and the point at issue had not been settled.

The principal features of the other testimony during the day were the introduction of the register of the Hotel Osborn, at Auburn, and the testimony of Patrick Flynn, the hotel clerk, that Senator Benn Conger and Deacon "Hi" Moe spent the night between April 23 and 24, 1901, there. Senator Conger testified that they were on their way back to Groton from this city after the distribution of the $6,000 bribes when they slept over night at Auburn.

Another witness was Frank L. Barnes, assistant cashier of the National Bank of Syracuse, who corroborated the testimony given by Moe that the latter had received $6,000 in cash to take with him to the Capitol at that institution. The stub of the check drawn by Frank Conger April 22 was offered in evidence to-day by Mr. Osborne. Senator Conger testified that he had found it in a safe containing the papers of the Frank Conger estate, of which he was one of the executors. The stub was circulated among the Senators. It bore the notation "Albany matter; bridge company."

The only reference to the two unnamed men, who according to the testimony of Senator Conger and Mr. Moe shared in the $6,000 corruption fund, came when Mr. Osborne asked Senator Conger if either at present had office under the State of New York. This question Senator Conger answered in the negative.

Ex-Assemblyman Stevens, who introduced the bridge bill of 1901, which figures in the charges against Senator Allds, was said to be at the Capitol to-night, ready to appear as a witness in the investigation. The bills, with voluminous extracts from the Assembly Journal of 1901, were read into the record to-day by Mr. Osborne.

DEMAND FOR WIDER INQUIRY.

Wainwright Introduces a Resolution for a Joint Investigation.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 15.—A demand for a thorough investigation of legislation corruption came from the Republican side soon after the Senate met this morning. Senator Wainwright, who first told Senator Allds of the charges made against him by Senator Conger at the insurgent caucus, took the lead in the matter by offering this resolution:

Whereas, It was publicly intimated on the 9th day of February, 1910, by counsel to Senator Benn Conger in the investigation now being conducted by the Committee of the Whole that certain bridge companies during the year 1903 raised a corruption fund, and

Whereas, It is in the public interest that the truth or falsity of this charge and all the facts in relation thereto, and in relation to any fund or funds contributed from any other source or use in any manner for the purpose of corrupting or otherwise influencing the action of the members of the Legislature upon any subject during the year in question, or in prior or succeeding years, or whether any such funds now exist or have been recently contributed or employed for any such purpose, or whether there has been at any time any corrupt or improper action with respect to any legislative matter on the part of any person now or heretofore a member of the Legislature, or any attempt corruptly to influence the action of any such person, should be ascertained and made public.

Resolved, (of the Assembly concur;) That a committee of three Senators and five Assemblymen shall be appointed by the Lieutenant Governor and Speaker of the Assembly, respectively, to conduct the fullest inquiry into all the matters above referred to, to ascertain the facts; that such committee shall report to the Legislature with all convenient speed, and that such committee have the usual powers of legislative committees or special legislative committees to employ counsel, to issue subpoenas, to compel the attendance of witnesses, and for the production of documents and papers and otherwise; shall take testimony publicly, and may sit anywhere within the State; to employ a stenographer and such other clerical assistants as may be necessary, and the actual and necessary expenses of the committee in carrying out the provisions of this resolution, not exceeding $50,000, shall be paid by the Treasurer upon the warrant of the Controller and the certificate of the Chairman of such committee out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise ap-

The resolution appeared to be not merely an expression of personal opinion or the product of a faction, from the fact that none of the Republican leaders objected to it. Senator Newcomb spoke briefly in its favor. Senator Grady opposed it, on the ground that the disclosures of the Allds investigation thus far had no bearing upon the matter. It was referred to the Finance Committee.

Senator Davis of Buffalo, Chairman of the Senate investigation in the Allds case, said:

"The public mind seems to be inflamed to such an extent that this resolution is not entirely out of place. It is based solely upon the allegation made by Attorney James W. Osborne that a bridge corruption fund did exist in 1903."

The Wainwright resolution is accepted as the product of the recent conferences between Gov. Hughes and Speaker Wadsworth and the other party leaders. Such a source by no means insures its adoption. For the present, at least, the measure is likely to lie dormant until developments warrant its production on the floor of the Senate.

DUNN A PLATT LIEUTENANT.

Sought Odell for Control of Machine—Was a Railroad Commissioner.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 15.—Col. George W. Dunn, whom Senator Conger to-day charged with receiving a campaign contribution from the bridge corruption fund of 1902, is known in Albany as one of the lieutenants and firm political friends of ex-Senator Thomas C. Platt. For many years he has been a political power in Broome County and the southern tier. At present he is a member of the Republican State Committee from the Thirtieth Congressional District.

Benjamin B. Odell was Governor in 1902, the year Senator Conger says the bridge interests made a contribution to the Chairman of the Republican State Committee. Col. Dunn was the Chairman, having succeeded Mr. Odell in that office when the latter entered the Executive Chamber. He had been appointed a member of the State Railroad Commission in 1897 by Gov. Black, and he held that office until January, 1907, after Gov. Hughes took office and just before the Railroad Commission was superseded by the Public Service Commission. In the later years of his term at Albany Col. Dunn was Chairman of the Railroad Commission.

He was Chairman of the Republican State Committee in 1904, when Gov. Odell entered upon his fight for control of the State organization. The latter made combinations which resulted in his capture of the State Committee and became its Chairman. Col. Dunn has remained a member of the State Committee ever since, although in 1904 he came within one vote in the Congressional delegation of being ousted.

He had a brilliant war record. He was captured early in the civil war, and it was a long time before he was liberated. He went to the front again as a Lieutenant, and after serving through the war received the rank of Colonel.

He has always been a resident of Binghamton or its vicinity. He was a stockholder in several corporations, and has been a Director in banking institutions.

BILL FOR HIGHER POLICE PAY.

Introduced by Assemblyman Hoey, Though Police Here Didn't Know of It.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 15.—Salaries of the New York City Police Department would be materially changed by a bill introduced to-day by Assemblyman Hoey. It makes the salary of the Police Commissioner $10,000 instead of $7,500 a year, and increases the salary of Deputy Commissioners from $4,000 to $7,500 a year.

The seven grades of patrolmen are abolished in the bill and three new ones established, with salaries of $1,800, $1,500, and $1,000. Other salaries are fixed thus: Inspectors, $6,000; Chief Surgeon, $6,000; Deputy Chief Surgeon, $5,000; Captain, $4,000; Lieutenant, $3,000; Sergeant, $2,000, and doorman, $1,500.

The age limit for patrolmen is extended by the Hoey bill to 32 years, and for doormen to 40 years. The first grade of patrolmen includes those who have served five years or more, the second grade those who have served from two to five years, and the third grade those who have been on the force less than two years.

A retirement commission for New York City, is created by a bill introduced today by Assemblyman Haines. To persons more than 50 years old, who have served the city more than thirty years, annuities are provided at sums ranging from $300 to $1,200 a year. The fund is to be open to all city employes who are not now beneficiaries of other department retirement funds. The retirement fund is to be made up of 5 per cent. of all unexpended balances of appropriations for municipal purposes and unpaid salaries, and from 2 to 4 per cent. of the monthly salaries of employes, depending on the length of service.

Senator MacKenzie of Niagara County introduced to-day a bill repealing Sections 310 and 311 of the public health law, which require the vaccination of school children and provide for the appointment of physicians to perform the work or vaccination.

The State Department of Health is opposed to the proposed repeal of the compulsory vaccination clause of the health law.

The news of the introduction of a bill increasing police salaries was received with gratification but considerable surprise at Police Headquarters last night. Not a policeman could be found who had heard of the measure before, and also there was none who expressed anything but an ardent desire that the bill become law.

In Commissioner Bingham's time there was much talk of possible increases in salary, and the Commissioner himself asserted that he should receive at least $10,000 a year. But nothing resulted.

LEGISLATORS PRAISE DR. DOTY

Assembly Passes Bill to Give $12,500 a Year to Health Officer.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 15.—Dr. Alvah H. Doty's services as Health Officer of the Port of New York were praised in the Assembly to-day by Republicans and Democrats alike. When the Merritt bill, fixing the Health Officer's salary at $12,500 a year with a contingent fund for expenses, was on the order of final passage, Daniel D. Frisbie, Democratic leader, called attention to the notable work of Dr. Doty, and James Oliver of New York referred to him as the best Health Officer of the port that New York ever had. E. A. Merritt, majority leader, spoke in a similar vein.

The bill was passed without a dissenting vote. The Health Officer is paid now by fees. Another bill passed by the Assembly appropriates $16,000 for quarantine expenses on Swinburne and Hoffman Islands.

To Call Up Old Law Cases.

Justice McCall in the Supreme Court, Special Term, Part III., on Feb. 23 will call all the cases on the equity calendar that have been called before and not set down for trial. Many of these cases have been on the calendar for four, five, and six years with repeated chances of going to trial, but the opportunity has not been taken.

PURE POLONIUM FOUND BY MME. CURIE

It Is a Possible New Element 400 Times More Active Than Radium.

MAY BE A NEW SUBSTANCE

Or an Old One Made Known for the First Time in Pure Form—Significance of the Discovery.

News was received in this city yesterday from Berlin that Prof. Lipmann of the Academy of Sciences there had announced the success of Mme. Sklodowska Curie of the Paris Sorbonne, discoverer of radium, in producing polonium, "a new element possessing a radio-activity superior to radium." The announcement, as received here, said that, unlike radium, which conserves its energy for an indefinite period, polonium loses its radio-activity rapidly, the small quantity of a tenth of a milligramme which Mme. Curie produced having lost half in the 140 days covered by her experiments.

Mme. Curie discovered a more or less impure substance, which she called Polonium, as early as 1898, but the present statement of its rate of deterioration, bearing out, as it does, predictions made on the basis of experiments with the impure substance, which she called polo- indicating that she has now obtained a pure or almost pure form of the element.

Mme. Curie, who is Professor of Physics at the Sorbonne, was formerly a student there under the late Prof. Curie, whom she later married and shared with him the discovery of radium. Polonium, named from Mme. Curie's native country, Poland, was the first of the radio-active substances, antedating radium, and was discovered by her in an impure form in 1898. Later Prof. Marckwald, a German investigator, obtained a product resembling polonium, which he called radio-active tellurium and declared to be a purer form of polium.

Both are decomposing products of radium and come from pitchblende. Mme. Curie declared that her polonium, before its deterioration set in, had a radio-activity 400 times stronger than radium; while Prof. Marckwald declared that his was 1,000 times stronger at the beginning than radium. On the basis of experiments with the discovered forms, it was predicted three or four years ago that the "half-life" of polonium, that is, the period in which its radio-activity would diminish by half, would be 143 days. Mme. Curie has verified the prediction with a difference of only three days. The half-life of radium is estimated at 2,000 years.

"The significance of this news from Berlin," said Prof. Charles Baskerville of the Department of Chemistry of the City College last night, "is that it would indicate that Mme. Curie must have secured a small amount of polonium in the high state of purity and measured it through a definite period of time, demonstrating predictions based on previous experiments.

"The question remains: Is it to be regarded as an element? If we were to say a chemical element is something which has not yet been decomposed into anything other than itself, neither polonium nor radium may be regarded as a chemical element. But if we take the agreed criteria by which chemists ordinarily designate an element, namely, a definite combining value and a characteristic spectrum, then radium is regarded as an element. But this information does not say that a combining value of polonium has been obtained, nor give any statement regarding the spectrum. Several years ago, however, Sir William Crooks and Prof. Brendt stated that they had observed new and unrecognized lines in the spectrum of the then impure polonium material.

"Both Mme. Curie and Prof. Lipmann are conservative atuhorities of the very highest scientific reputation, and it is safe to say that they would have made no announcement without careful experimentation and study. It will be interesting to learn more in detail about the nature of the experiment."

Prof. William Hallock of the Department of Physics of Columbia University said of the news:

"The announcement is interesting if true, but conservatism and confirmation are necessary. We have known of polonium for some time, but many investigators believed it to be merely a decomposition product of radium. The striking part of the dispatch, however, is the statement that polonium, even in the beginning, before its deterioration has set in, has a stronger radio activity than radium. So far its radio activity has been much lower and not at all comparable with that of radium. It may be that Mme. Curie has now discovered something altogether different from what she at first called polonium, and not merely a purer form of the earlier substance.

"It all depends upon what is meant by 'radio-activity.' There are two forms of radiation; one of large heavy particles of raditalon, called 'alpha radiation' by way of distinction, and another, of small particles of radiation with high velocity, called 'beta radiation.' What Mme. Curie has hitherto called polonium has been particularly active in 'alpha radiation,' but much inferior to radium in 'beta radiation.'

"No practical use has been made of polonium so far. It has been produced in small quantities in quite a number of laboratories in this country and by Elster and Geitel in Germany. At present, however, it is merely a scientific curiosity."

One way in which polonium has been produced has been by dissolving pitchblende in acid and adding sulphuretted hydrogen. It is strongly associated with bismuth, possessing many of the chemical qualities of that element. Its radiation includes only very easily absorbable rays, and its radio-activity diminishes with time at different rates, dependent upon the quality of the substance. It has been known to deteriorate by half in six months, and at other times by half in eleven months. In the most recent textbooks polonium is given as a decomposing product of radium, known as Radium G. Most of the radium substances are derived originally from uranium.

ARREST HARRIMAN GOVERNESS

Former Employe Sent to Bellevue for a Mental Investigation.

After an examination in the Yorkville Court yesterday, Augusta P. Mallet of 134 East Sixtieth Street, formerly a governess in the family of Joseph W. Harriman at 20 East Fifty-fourth Street, a nephew of the late E. H. Harriman, was committed to Bellevue Hospital and placed in the psychopathic ward. Her arrest was due to a complaint of Mr. Harriman, who appeared in court.

Miss Mallet left the Harriman household in April, 1907. In the last year Mr. Harriman had received many anonymous letters and finally came to the conclusion that all were written by the former governess. Mrs. Elsie Rich, his sister, who lives at Fifth Avenue and Seventieth Street, also received many letters, as did Judge William H. Moore, who at present is looking after the Harriman interests.

Dr. H. Seymour Houghton of 301 West Eighty-eighth Street informed the Magistrate that the woman seemed to be suffering from delusions.

READY TO SUPPORT HUGHES.

Chairman Griscom and County Workers Discuss the Governor's Policies.

The committee appointed by the Republican County Committee to confer with Gov. Hughes with the idea of assisting him in carrying out his policies met at the office of Chairman Griscom yesterday afternoon. It was decided "to report progress" at the meeting of the County Committee to-morrow night, but no definite recommendations will be made.

The committee conferred with the Governor when he was in town on Sunday, and wishes to have another conference with him before the details of its work are taken up.

It is understood that the committee will report in favor of the Governor on all of his policies, the only question about which there seems to be any doubt being the new direct primaries bill.

There is likely to be a hitch at the meeting to-morrow night over the election of a Secretary to succeed Thomas W. Whittle, who recently was made Commissioner of Public Works of the Bronx. G. H. Bell of the Twenty-third Assembly District, who was Chairman of the Speakers' Bureau in the campaign, was slated for the place, but a rival candidate has appeared in John J. Knewitz, leader of the Thirty-second District.

SULLIVAN WAS IN DANGER.

Cocaine Affected Senator's Heart After an Operation, but He's Well Now.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 15.—Friends of Senator Timothy D. Sullivan who were worried by the report that he was lying at a New York hospital in a serious condition following an operation were surprised to-day to see the New York Senator walk into the Senate Chamber apparently as well as ever.

Senator Sullivan admitted that he had had a "narrow squeak," but declared that this was three weeks ago.

"About once out of 7,000 times," he said, "cocaine goes wrong. I was operated on for a trifling trouble, but the cocaine went to my heart and for thirteen hours they did not know whether I'd pull through. But I came out all right and am perfectly well now."

NO CLUE TO SEYLER.

Atlantic City Police Still Searching for Suspect in Girl Murder Case.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Feb. 15.—Not a clue has been found as to the whereabouts of William Seyler, who forsook his wife and two children last Saturday week, and who is now wanted on a charge of having murdered Jane Adams, a shopgirl, and throwing her body into the ocean from Young's Pier on Friday night, Feb. 4. Two arrests were made in Philadelphia and one in Camden to-day, but none of the suspects proved to be the man wanted. Seyler's brother Orvis is also missing.

The police learned to-day that a younger brother of Seyler was industrious and had quite a sum of money saved, and with a view to ascertaining whether or not he had let his brothers have it before they disappeared, the young man was taken to Police Headquarters and quizzed for several hours. But it developed that he had not given his brothers his savings and knew nothing whatever concerning their whereabouts.

The police are mystified as to the reason for young Orvis Selyer leaving the city, for as they have understood it, he had nothing to do with the case except that Jane Adams went out in company with him and Alice Adams, her sister. He is illiterate, and detectives believe that William had made him believe in some way he would be held accountable for Jane's death.

The girl will be buried to-morrow afternoon.

GARFORD FOR GOVERNOR.

Said to be Favored by Taft as Candidate in Ohio.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 15.—A. L. Garford, a manufacturer of Elyria, attended a dinner at the White House to-night, at which the political situation in Ohio was discussed. The State was represented by men from all sections, and the whole matter was reviewed for President Taft by such men as Wade H. Ellis, Chairman of the State Executive Committee; the members of the Ohio Congressional delegation; Myron T. Herrick, Senator Burton, A. I. Vorys, Attorney General U. G. Denman, and Secretary of State Thompson.

The belief is strong here that President Taft favors the nomination of Mr. Garford as the Republican candidate for Governor, and that the Ohio Republican leaders will support him. Mr. Garford is the choice of politicians in several sections of the State. He is a member of the Republican State Committee, and has been for almost thirty years a strong Republican.

FOUND A BRIDE AT SEA.

She Was Fastened to Floating Wreckage—Now Weds Rescuing Skipper.

The steamer Eva will sail to-day for the Mediterranean and her skipper, Capt. Alfred W. Howard, will carry with him a bride, who was Miss Emma A. Deaken of St. John, N. B. They met two years ago at sea.

Capt. Howard was then mate of a British bark which sigheted the wreck of a New Brunswick lumber schooner off Cape Rae, N. F. The survivors, lashed to spars and pieces of wreckage, were floating in the water. Mate Howard and others of the crew of the bark set off in a small boat to the rescue.

Reaching one of the floating spars, they found lashed to it a young woman. She was in an exhausted condition when Mate Howard took her into the rescuing boat. The girl was Miss Deakin. She and her rescuer soon learned that they were of the same town, St. John, N. B. Whenever it was possible thereafter, Howard visited St. John.

Last Friday he met Miss Deakin and her sister, they came here, and the marriage took place. Wilbur E. Dow was best man. Capt. Howard is 30 years old and his bride seven years his junior.

Tide Cuts Through Great South Beach.

BABYLON, Feb. 15.—Life savers on the Great South Beach report that an inlet 100 feet wide, with an average depth at low water of six feet has broken through at Deep Water Hole, opposite here. The beach is narrow at this point, and efforts in the past have been made to dig an inlet by machinery, but the project never materialized. The inlet is not more than 600 feet long and empties into a landlocked lead. It is thought it will bring fish into the bay. On the west shore of the inlet a human skull was found by Patrolman Burch of the Hemlock life crew.

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HAVE THE GOOD WILL OF SOUTH AMERICA

Root's Visit Bought It for Us, Says Robert P. Porter, and the Good Work Is Going On.

OUR CAPITAL GOING THERE

As Witness the Beef Trust Purchases in Argentina—Rio's Progress—A Line to Buenos Ayres Needed.

Robert P. Porter, correspondent of The London Times and formerly Director of the Census in this country, who recently made a trip through South America, gathering material for a special South American supplement of his newspaper, and who is about to start for Japan on a similar mission, proceeding afterward to Manchuria and Siberia, told a NEW YORK TIMES reporter last night that United States capital is becoming greatly interested in many South American enterprises. Especially in the Argentine Republic and in Brazil, said Mr. Porter, is this true. Within the last few years many millions of dollars have been invested there by capitalists from New York and other cities of the United States.

Mr. Porter says that the visit made by Secretary of State Root to South America about two years ago accomplished much good in the way of establishing friendly relations between this country and the South American republics. It was the first time a high official of the United States had visited the country and the attention was appreciated there.

"The South Americans like to be recognized," he continued. "And that visit of Mr. Root's did more than any other thing I can think of toward cementing the friendship between the South American countries and the United States. In Brazil they showed me a copy of an address made by Mr. Root which had been illuminated. They prized it very highly. They told me, too, that it was a pity England did not send one of her statesmen to South America just as the United States sent Mr. Root.

"They liked Mr. Root personally, and I am sure that his visit drew the South American countries and the United States closer together. It would be wise for this country to send a good man down to Buenos Ayres next Summer to attend the Pan-American Peace Congress, for it is well to keep that good feeling engendered by Mr. Root's visit and to foster it. A Cabinet official should be sent to the Peace Congress by all means."

Mr. Porter said he was greatly impressed with the development of the cattle industry in the Argentine Republic and believed that in a few years the Beef Trust would control the beef situation there as it does here.

"The cattle trade in Argentina is now receiving the attention of America," he said. "Although both meat and grain in Argentina have been developed largely by British capital, it will not be long before American interests will control the industry which British capital built up. One of the chief questions asked me there was how the Beef Trust treats the consumer, for they wanted to know what to expect. I told them that the trust would probably squeeze them like it does the consumer if it gets a chance.

"There has been a great change in the production of alfalfa in Argentina in the last few years. The acreage is now five times that of ten or twelve years ago. They found that by planting alfalfa they could utilize lands which before were considered useless, and that after five years in alfalfa the land could be profitably turned to growing corn. Cattle can be put on that land, and without any kind of shelter can be wintered through in excellent condition.

"Argentina, too, is spreading out in other directions. It is developing its own industries, such as the manufacture of boots and shoes, cotton goods, and woolens. They are beginning to feel pride in their industries. The Argentinians are great protectionists."

Part of Mr. Porter's time in South America was spent in Rio Janiero. He was enthusiastic in speaking of the great changes for the better made there in recent years. The yellow fever peril has been conquered, the city piers have been rebuilt at a cost of several million dollars, and the city is now as healthy and beautiful as any one would wish to see.

"I think that in time Brazil will also be a large producer of cattle," said Mr. Porter. "Americans have come out stronger than the British in Rio in the control of electrical works. They own the street railways, the electric light and power plants."

Mr. Porter said that in view of the recently constructed Atlantic & Pacific Railroad across South America from ocean to ocean, a steamship line from this country to Valparaiso is badly needed. With such a line in operation, travelers colud go from New York to Buenos Ayres in about fourteen days.

NO METROPOLITAN MEETING.

Opera Management Says Directors Were Not Called Yesterday.

The management of the Metropolitan Opera Company issued the following statement yesterday afternoon:

"No meeting of either the stockholders or the Directors of the Metropolitan Opera Company has been called for to-day, and therefore no postponement of such meeting has been made."

Consultation of the files of the New York daily papers will show that Feb 15 has been announced as the date of the annual meeting by several members of the Board of Directors.

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Cecile Chaminade — Alfred Hertz — Moriz Rosenthal
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TILLMAN LOSES SUIT FOR GRANDCHILDREN

Court Decides the Senator Must Give the Two Little Girls to Their Mother.

TRANSFER WAS NOT LEGAL

A Father Cannot Deed His Children Away Without the Mother's Consent, the Judges Hold.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Feb. 15.—Granting the mother's plea for the custody of her two little children, the Supreme Court of South Carolina to-day handed down a decision in favor of Mrs. B. R. Tillman, Jr. She sought to recover her two little girls, Douschka Pickens Tillman and Sarah Stark Tillman, from Senator B. R. Tillman.

The decision takes the ground that the deed of transfer by B. R. Tillman, Jr., was invalid, as applied to the mother, because the act under which it was made was in violation of the State and United States Constitutions. The court therefore granted the application for habeas corpus.

As soon as the decision was announced attorneys for young Mrs. Tillman took steps toward securing the children. Mrs. B. R. Tillman, Jr., would make no statement other than, "I am glad." Scores of women called during the day to congratulate her, and telegrams poured in.

The court's opinion holds unconstitutional the law permitting a father to transfer his children without the mother's consent. If the statute is to be construed as giving the faher arbitrary power to deed away the custody of his children, the court says, the law is an infringement of the rights and privileges assured in the State Constitution, and similarly in the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States. The opinion says:

"It seems perfectly clear that the General Assembly cannot empower the father at his own will to deprive the mother and the children of those legal rights so long established as elements of personal liberty."

Therefore, the court holds, the deed of transfer does not affect the rights of the mother and children.

The court further concludes that the father, B. R. Tillman, Jr., can have no claim to the custody of the children and, therefore, the suit narrows down to a controversy between Mrs. B. R. Tillman, Jr., and Senator and Mrs. B. R. Tillman, who have the children under the deed executed by their son.

Without passing on the conflict of testimony in the affidavits covering the marital differences of the couple, the court concludes that the children should be in the custody of their mother, who, it is held, is better fitted than the grandparents to care for the two little girls.

In 1908, Lucy Dugas, granddaughter of Gov. F. W. Pickens, war Governor of South Carolina, and daughter of Mrs. Lucy Holcombe Pickens, connected with the best families of the State, was married to Benjamin Ryan Tillman, Jr., eldest son of Senator Tillman. In November, 1908, they parted, young Mrs. Tillman alleging that her husband drank and mistreated her. In February of last year there was a reconciliation which lasted until December, 1909, when young Mrs. Tillman became ill in Washington. Hardly had she begun her convalescence, she alleges, when her husband, under pretense of taking the little girls to see their grandmother, carried them to Trenton, S. C., and transferred them to his parents.

Mrs. Tillman, after her recovery, instituted habeas corpus proceedings before the Supreme Court of South Carolina on Jan. 24. One week later the case was argued, and the court then took it under advisement.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Commenting upon the decision, Senator Tillman said to-day:

"The Supreme Justices have lifted a great responsibility from me and shifted it to their own shoulders. My only motive in accepting the guardianship was the welfare of my little granddaughters. I knew all of the facts and circumstances, many of which were not brought out in the hearing, and was actuated solely by a sense of duty. The final result can alone determine whether the court has acted wisely.

"Fifteen years hence, when I am dead and gone, the character and type of women that my granddaughters will have become will show whether it was best to have given them to their mother or not. I pray God's guidance to her in rearing them, and that He will shield them from contaminating influences and example."

LUPO'S DEFENSE NOT ENDED.

Another Day Taken for Attempt to Prove Alibi for Alleged Counterfeiters.

Ignazio Lupo, known as "The Wolf," and the seven other men on trial in the United States Circuit Court for counterfeiting, sat in gloomy silence yesterday while Mirabcau L. Towns, their counsel, tried to prove alibis for some and to bring out corroborating testimony as to the good characters of the others. Mr. Towns had expected to wind up the defense yesterday, but at the end of the day said that he would need until this afternoon to complete it.

Assistant United States Attorney General Abel L. Smith will begin the Government's rebuttal when Mr. Towns finishes, and it is expected that the case may reach the jury by Thursday.

Lupo, who is under sentence of thirty years' imprisonment in Italy for murder, having been convicted while a fugitive from justice, is said to be the leader of the gang which was rounded up by Chief William Flynn of the Secret Service. He is a brother-in-law of Giuseppi Morello, another of the prisoners, who has an eight-year sentence for forgery hanging over him in Italy.

DENY THEY'RE WHITE SLAVERS.

Four Men Indicted, Including a Negro, Plead Not Guilty.

Four of the six men indicted on Monday by the Rockefeller Grand Jury, which is considering the "white slave" traffic, pleaded not guilty before Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions yesterday, and were remanded to the Tombs for trial. Two of them, Charles Mohle, a driver of 2,229 Second Avenue, and Thomas McGuinness of 77 East 117th Street are charged with taking a 15-year-old girl from a West 125th Street moving-picture show and keeping her a prisoner for several days.

William Corbin, a Venezuelan, is accused of luring girls from manicure shops to a fictitious employer needing treatment. When Elizabeth Gray, a girl employed in a Sixth Avenue establishment, refused to go with him, it is charged that he made off with her purse. Olga Loraine, from a shop on West Twenty-seventh Street, suffered worse treatment.

AROOSEVELTHOLIDAY TO MARK HIS RETURN

Resolution Before Aldermen Calling on the Governor to Set Aside "a Day of Respect."

TO BE IN PARIS APRIL 14

French Society Anxious to Lionize the ex-President, and Scientific and Official Circles Make Plans.

Alderman Johnson, the Republican leader of the board, introduced a resolution at yesterday's meeting practically calling for the setting apart of the day of Theodore Roosevelt's return as a holiday.

It asks the Governor to issue a proclamation "calling upon the people to observe the day as a day of respect to one who has grown beyond partisan lines and is recognized as a great National character."

It also calls for the appointment of a committee of the Aldermen to meet the ex-President down the bay and escort him to the city. This is the resolution:

Whereas, A distinguished and illustrious citizen of the State of New York, illustrious from services rendered his city, State, and Nation, is now sojourning abroad receiving the most distinguished consideration at the hands of the people of the different nations that he has visited; be it

Whereas, These distinguished marks of courtesy have been showered upon him through admiration aroused by services he has rendered his countrymen, be it

Resolved, That we, the members of the Board of Aldermen of the City of New York, in expectation of the early return of that distinguished citizen and son of New York, do suggest that a day be designated by this body as a day of rejoicing and welcome owing to his safe return, and be it further

Resolved, That a committee be appointed by the President of this board to meet Col. Theodore Roosevelt in the lower bay of New York Harbor on the day of his arrival, and be it further

Resolved, That we request the Governor of this State to issue a proclamation calling upon the people to observe said day as a day of respect to one, who has grown beyond partisan lines and is recognized as a great National character, and be it further

Resolved, That we request the Mayor of the City of New York to co-operate with this board in showing its respect and feelings in the motives that actuated these resolutions.

The resolution was referred to the Committee on Rules without debate. Mr. Johnson said that he introduced it at the request of the National Roosevelt League.

PARIS TO GREET ROOSEVELT.

He Will Meet the "Immortals" and Dine with Fallieres.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—M. Liard, vice rector of the University of Paris, has been officially advised that Col. Theodore Roosevelt will reach Paris about April 14, and that the length of his stay will probably not exceed three or four days.

The French Government is anxious to receive the former President of the United States with the highest honors. French society is prepared to lionize him; the literary, philosophical, geographical, and scientific bodies all desire to entertain him, and the American colony would like to give a grand banquet in his honor.

But Col. Roosevelt has discreetly allowed it to be understood that he particularly desires to avoid any appearance of ostentation, and that he will preserve as far as possible merely the rôle of a man of learning, in which capacity he accepted the invitation to lecture at the Sorbonne extended to him through Ambassador Jusserand while he was still in the White House.

Col. Roosevelt's visit to Paris, therefore, will be devoid of the spectacular features which characterized ex-President Grant's visit here at the time of his tour around the world. Gen. Grant, while not the official guest of the nation, was received almost like a reigning sovereign. Col. Roosevelt's wishes will be carried out in the main, but the Government has declined to forego the honor of entertaining him, and the ex-President has accepted the invitation of President Fallières to be his guest at a dinner at the Elysée Palace. This was arranged by Ambassador Jusserand, who will make a special trip across the ocean to be present during Col. Roosevelt's stay.

The exact programme at the Sorbonne will not be definitely arranged by the Council of the University until after further consultation with the ex-President. The Council would like to arrange one of its famous fêtes in his honor, at which a Greek play would be produced, but it doubts whether Col. Roosevelt would accept.

It has been provisionally decided that after the lecture, which will be in June in the grand amphitheatre in the afternoon, a large reception will be held in the grand salon of the university, at which the lecturer will meet a brilliant assemblage of French savants, including the forty immortals, the leading French scientists and philosophers and other distinguished persons.

On April 16 Col. Roosevelt will be received in solemn audience by the Institute, of which he is a member in virtue of his recent election as an associate member of the Academy of Political and Moral Sciences.

Two years ago Col. Roosevelt accepted an invitation to visit ex-President Loubet at his country seat on the first occasion that he came to France, but the briefness of his stay will probably compel the abandonment of this plan. Col. Roosevelt, however, will have an opportunity to see M. Loubet in Paris, where he resides until early in Summer.

MRS. ROOSEVELT SAILS.

Starts with Her Daughter Ethel to Meet the Colonel at Khartoun.

Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt sailed on the steamer Hamburg for Naples yesterday accompanied by her daughter Ethel, on her way to Egypt to meet Col. Roosevelt. Their departure was attended by great secrecy. That part of the deck around their cabin was roped off and stolid brass-bound Teutons were posted with instructions instantly to seize and remove to other parts any camera fiend who made a noise like a newspaper photographer.

Mrs. Roosevelt and her daughter arrived in an automobile half an hour before the ship sailed accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Riis, Theodore Robinson, Mrs. Douglas Robinson, his mother; ex-Ambassador Henry White, Collector Loeb, and Miss Eleanor Alexander, whose engagement to Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., has recently been announced.

Mrs. Roosevelt went directly to her cabin when she got on board and did not appear on deck again until the Hamburg was moving out from the pier, when she went to the rail on the promenade deck and waved to her friends below. From Naples Mrs. Roosevelt and her daughter will take a steamer to Alexandria and train to Cairo, whence they will travel by train to Assouan, at the first cataract of the Nile. Thence they will go by steamboat up to Wady-Halfa, at the second cataract and by sleeping car express twenty-seven hours across the Soudan desert to Khartoum, where the returning hunters will be awaiting them on March 15.

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LOEB TO RECEIVE ROOSEVELT.

Requested by President Taft to Arrange for Reception.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—At the request of President Taft, William Loeb, Jr., Collector of the Port of New York, has taken upon himself the arrangements for the reception of Col. Roosevelt when he returns to New York about the middle of June.

The President desires that all inquiries concerning this function be addressed to Mr. Loeb, who will keep him advised of the progress made.

HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION GROWS

New Members Added to Enlarge the Scope of Its Work.

In pusuance of a policy to give greater vigor and efficiency to its work, the Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association at its thirty-first annual meeting, held yesterday at the United Charities Building, added the following to its membership: Robert S. Brewster, Gherardi Davis, Frank L. Polk, Albert H. Wiggin, George Blagden, Leopold Stern, George C. Boldt, Horace E. Andrews, Frederick B. Campbell, and Leo Arnstein.

The general officers were re-elected and the Executive Committee was reconstituted, as follows: George Macculloch Miller, Robert Olyphant, James Speyer, Henry R. Kunhardt, Albert H. Wiggin, Andrew C. Zabriskie, and Frank L. Polk.

A meeting will be held on March 7 to consider plans for enlarging the work. The general report that, notwithstanding the storm that prevailed on Hospital Sunday, the general collection will exceed that of last year.

EVANS ESTATE $10,000,000.

Includes More Than $3,000,000 in Goldfield Stock and $2,001,988 Cash in Bank

Special to The New York Times.

SALEM, Mass., Feb. 15.—The largest inventory of an estate ever filed in Essex County is that of Robert D. Evans of Beverly and Boston. The total amount of the estate as appraised is $10,538,008. Of this amount $10,404,828 is personal property and the balance real estate.

The largest single item is that of 1,409,488 shares of the Yuba Consolidated Goldfields, $3,735,143. Next to that is the sum of $1,745,065 on deposit in the Shawmut National Bank in Boston, and $256,923 in the First National Bank of Boston.

Other items are stock in the United States Smelting Company, common, $1,195,057, and $105,268 United States Smelting preferred. There is a lot of $100,000 in bonds of the Southern Pacific appraised at $104,750; 1,047 shares of American Telephone, $146,072; 800 shares General Electric, $131,800; 1,000 shares United States Steel preferred, $125,000; bonds of Brooklyn Rapid Transit, $86,000, and money due from the United States Smelting Company, $75,000.

YALE MAY GET $300,000.

Court Asked to Terminate Trusteeship of Edward E. Salisbury Estate.

BOSTON, Feb. 15.—A third of a million dollars will come into possession of Yale University in the immediate future if the Suffolk County Probate Court decides to act favorably upon a petition filed to-day asking for the termination of the trust by which the estate of the late Edward E. Salisbury is held. In his will Mr. Salisbury stipulated that the income of property at 426 Washington Street should go to his wife, Evelyn E. Salisbury of New Haven, and at her death $50,000 of the proceeds of the sale of the property should be willed away as she chose, the residue to go to Yale University.

The City of Boston took the property for the Washington Street tunnel in September, 1907, paying $510,000, less a ninety-five-thousand-dollar mortgage. Mrs. Salisbury joins with Yale University in the wish that she receive her share of the estate at once and that the residue be given to Yale.

DECLINES A HOTEL'S HOMAGE.

Lydia Lipkowska Objects to "Cup Lydia" and "Souffle a la Lipkowska."

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 15.—Objecting to the use of her name in connection with certain dishes, Lydia Lipkowska, the prima donna of the Boston Opera Company, has applied to the Superior Court asking to have the Hotel Lenox Company restrained from using her name on the bill of fare.

She says the hotel has put on the bill of fare "Cup Lydia" and "Souffle a la Lipkowska," injuring her reputation and holding her up to ridicule. She asserts that her earnings are decreased by the appearance of her name on the bill of fare.

Judge Richardson issued an order returnable to-morrow to show why an injunction should not be granted.

G. D. NELSON'S WILL FILED.

George G. Dunn, a Nephew of Man of Mystery, Inherits Most of Fortune.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Feb. 15.—Frank G. Carpenter, attorney for the late George D. Nelson, who left an estate estimated at from $600,000 to $1,000,000, filed the will of Mr. Nelson for probate to-day. George G. Dunn, a nephew, is made sole heir.

The will was drawn Jan. 27, 1910, but was not executed until Feb. 2, six days before the death of Mr. Nelson. George G. Dunn is named as executor. The beneficiaries under the will, aside from Mr. Dunn, the residuary legatee, are Thomas Quigley, fireman of the Nelson Hotel here, $5,000; George Buckley, son of the lessee of the Nelson Hotel, $10,000; Cornelius Flynn, keeper of the Hampden Clubhouse at Hampden, $5,000, and Mr. Nelson's third interest in the property in Hampden; Mrs. Georgia A. Silson, $5,000; Mrs. Fannie S. Dana, $5,000; Mrs. Florence E. Moody, $5,000, and Miss Coldwell of Bradford, $5,000. The name of young Nelson of Jersey City is not mentioned.

PHILADELPHIA MACHINE WINS.

Leaders So Confident That They Tried to Carry Off Minority Offices.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 15.—The Republican organization won a decisive victory to-day in the last Spring election to be held in this city. Hugh Black, Republican candidate, was re-elected Receiver of Taxes by a large majority over nominees of the Democratic and William Penn Parties. The nine Republican candidates for Magistrates also won by substantial majorities, despite the fact that thousands of votes were thrown by the Republican workers to the column of the Workingmen's League, on which three organization Democrats and two regular Republicans appeared as candidates for the five minority places to be filled.

The defeat of Albert H. Ladner, who has been a Magistrate for thirty years, and William Risenbrown, who has filled the position for twenty-five years, was predicted late to-night by the Republican organization leaders. Each of these men was on both the Democratic and William Penn tickets, but it is said enough votes was switched to the Workingmen's League ticket by the regular Republicans and their Democratic allies to assure their defeat.

MADRIZ RETAKES CITY OF MATAGALPA

Nicaraguan Government Forces Drive Insurgents Out by Long-Range Bombardment.

CHAMORRO QUITS ESTRADA

Said to Have Proclaimed Himself President and Then Tried to Make Terms with Madriz.

MANAGUA, Feb. 15.—The forces of President Madriz have again taken possession of Matagalpa, which on Feb. 10 was occupied by Gen. Chamorro, one of the insurgent leaders. The bombardment of the city, which was begun Sunday night, after notification had been given to the non-combatants to withdraw, was abandoned for some hours and resumed yesterday.

The Government forces had heavy guns on the hills and the insurgents were without means to reply at long range. Chamorro therefore deemed it advisable to retreat, and under the cover of darkness evacuated Matagalpa at an early hour this morning.

Gens. Lara, Chavarria, Martinez, and Rivas, each of whom commanded sections of the Government troops, reoccupied the city at noon. Chamorro did not escape any too soon, as he was nearly surrounded by the Government forces.

It is reported here that Gen. Chamorro has broken away from Gen. Estrada and proclaimed himself President. Overtures have been made to President Madriz by Chamorro through the medium of the American Consular Agent, W. H. De Savigny at Matagalpa, for the re-establishment of peace. Chamorro's offer, embodied in a letter, is now in the hands of Vice Consul Caldera, and President Madriz has as yet been only unofficially informed of the proposal, but he has already given his answer, which is that the unconditional surrender and imprisonment of Chamorro are the only terms acceptable.

Lieut. Commander Symington, U. S. N., and Lieut. Price of the marines are proceeding to Matagalpa to observe the operations. It is stated that Rear Admiral Kimball has dispatched Symington for the purpose of offering mediation to the belligerents, but with instructions to do nothing arbitrarily.

Gen. Chamorro with a force estimated by the Government as about 800, is reported to be moving toward Managua by forced marches. Chamorro passed Terrabona, twenty-four miles south of Matagalpa, at 6 o'clock this evening. Gen. Lara, with 500 men, is in hot pursuit, while Gen. Ramirez, with 500 men, is marching to intercept him at Boaco. Gen. Valle and Gen. Porto Carrero, each in command of 300 soldiers, are making a flanking movement to Metapa.

Gen. Chavarria is supporting Gen. Lara, while Gen. Rivas, commanding the entire enveloping movement, is directing it from Matagalpa. Col. Vasquez with 600 troops left Managua to-night to oppose Chamorro's advance at Tipitapa.

On the evacuation of Matagalpa, Gen. Masis and forty other wounded insurgents fell into the hands of the Government.

YANKEE HUSTLE IN NICARAGUA.

American Scouting Expedition Finds Food and Has Exciting Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 15.—Information about the American scouting detachment under Gen. Gordon in the Estrada army near Mintevosa, Nicaragua, is contained in a letter from that place under date of Jan. 26, received here to-day.

"Under just what arrangement the scouting party of 'Americanos,' under Gen. Gordon from Panama, is here is a matter on which Gordon is not fluent," says the letter. "They came near to starving on the way here from Panama, having been delayed and out of funds. They descended on Gen. Mena, a lean, active, capable looking lot, ten days ago, and took to the canoe paddies as if born to them. On the trail from Muelle de Los Bueys they fell behind the main body of troops, which had scarcely anything to eat and invariably struck some side trail leading to bountiful repasts of pork, chicken, eggs, and tortillas.

"Samuel Drebbin of Philadelphia is the veteran soldier of the outfit, although all are more or less experienced. He was a Quartermaster's Sergeant in the Philippines and his ideal man is one he calls 'Dutch,' who as a Quartermaster Sergeant knew how to draw double the rations to which he was entitled. If a bit of food finds its way into camp Drebbin is the first man after it. He introduced pork into the menu, also pancakes made of flour, water, and lard, and paid $3 for a pound of native smearkase, which arrived in a dirty box. He drills the squad with enthusiasm. In a skirmish drill, which he led, naked from the waist up, he lay 'firing at will' in a nest of voracious ants, from which he refused to move until the time for the command 'forward.'

"Jesse Krug is the interpreter of the command. He and H. D. Walters of Atlantic City, N. J., disappeared last night. When they put in an appearance to-day they brought with them tortillas, yucca, (which resembles sweet potatoes,) two haunches of venison, and six eggs. They stated that the egg market showed somewhat stringent conditions.

"At the previous camp, a hacienda called Medio Mundo, G. T. Bushby, late of his Britannic Majesty's Navy, had a thrilling—and chilling—experience. He went unarmed in the darkness for some distance to get water. He walked a few paces up stream, only to find his return blocked by two tigers, one on each side of the brook. Bushby beat on his pail and shouted, but the animals refused to be scared away. The Englishman, half frozen, spent the night perched on a rock in the bush."

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

CIUDADELA, Balearic Islands, Feb. 15.—The work of salvaging the wreck of the French steamer General Chanzy and the recovery of the bodies of 156 persons whose lives were lost was continued to-day. Most of the bodies have been rendered unrecognizable through being pounded against the rocks by the high seas. The wreckage of the vessel has been scattered far and wide and is rapidly disappearing in the currents about the islands.

HAMBURG, Feb. 15.—The failure of seven grain firms in the Provinces of Schleswig-Holstein and Hanover was announced in the Produce Exchange to-day. The failures were due in part to speculative engagements in soda nitrate and partly to short selling of barley.

BERLIN, Feb. 15.—The Potash bill, providing for a Government monopoly in the production and sale of potash, was referred to a special committee in the Reichstag to-day.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—A dispatch received by M. Trouillet, Minister of the Colonies, from the Governor of Dakar, Senegal, says that a French detachment has suffered heavy losses through an ambuscade in the Ouadai region.

MANCHESTER, England, Feb. 15.—The committee of the Cotton Spinners' Federation has resolved to continue the short-time movement until April 26.

Washington's Birthday
AT
ATLANTIC CITY
SPECIAL TRAIN SERVICE
Pennsylvania R.R.
Leave New York . . . . 12.55 P. M.
Saturday, February 19
Parlor Cars, Dining Car, and Coaches
Leave Atlantic City 4.15 and 5.30 P. M.
Tuesday, February 22
Parlor Cars, Dining Car, Coaches.
Regular trains leave New York 9.55 A. M. and 2.55 P. M. week-days, 7.55 A. M. Sundays.

PARLIAMENT IN SESSION.

Organization Effected, but Real Work Goes Over a Week.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—The third Parliament of King Edward assembled this afternoon. The ceremony was of the simplest character, all the royal pageantry connected with the state opening being postponed to Feb. 21 and the interim devoted to the swearing in of members and the clearing away if possible of the difficulties confronting the Government. These latter are due not only to the divergent interests actuating the various parties which constitute the coalition majority, but as well to the divisions within the parties themselves over the best means of grappling with the great issues brought about in the recent appeal to the country.

Not for many years has such intense interest attached to the opening of the Legislature, and seldom have the problems involving the success or failure of the Government threatened to be so difficult of solution, even to the most capable members of Parliament.

The result of the recent elections is so confused that even the stanchest press supporters of the Government admit that proof that the Government will have a majority to act drastically upon the dominant issues can be established only after the House of Commons has settled down to work and the Nationalists and Laborites show their hands in the course of the debate upon the speech from the throne.

The lower chamber re-elected the Right Hon. James William Lowther, Member for the Penrith Division of Cumberland, Speaker, and forthwith the swearing in of its members was begun. The House adjourned after a session of one hour.

Although Premier Asquith and Mr. Balfour, leader of the Opposition, and other prominent members made speeches congratulating Mr. Lowther on his election as Speaker, no mention was made of the big questions which are filling the minds of the statesmen. There is a great discrepancy of opinion on the course of business to be followed by Parliament, but it is generally thought that the budget will have precedence.

John E. Redmond, accompanied by John Dillon and T. P. O'Conner, visited Chancellor Lloyd-George after the Cabinet Council and remained in conference for an hour, discussing the attitude of the Nationalists toward the budget. It is understood that Mr. Redmond gave the Chancellor assurances that the general body of Irish members would make no deliberate attempt to embarrass the Government, whatever might be the Minister's decision as to the order of dealing with the budget and the veto questions. This probably means that even if Premier Asquith finds himself unable completely to satisfy Mr. Redmond regarding the Lords' veto the Nationalists will remain neutral and abstain from voting on the budget, which would then be carried by a small majority obtained by the support of the Laborites.

The suffragettes have sent an open letter to Premier Asquith promising for the present to abstain from militant tactics, until the Government had a fair opportunity of stating its intentions, but demanding an explicit declaration that the Government will undertake women's suffrage legislation.

FRANCE WON'T YIELD MORE.

The Temps Says We Are Hard Negotiators on Tariff Matters.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—The Temps, in an editorial calling attention to extracts from the American newspapers on the state of the tariff negotiations, declares that an erroneous impression seems to prevail there with reference to France's attitude, if it is thought that France is prepared to concede everything.

"This idea," says the Temps, "is a great mistake, which it is but duty to dissipate. France has reached the limits of concession. From the first she has been willing to grant the minimum on articles covered by previous trade agreements, and has even been ready to extend the conventional rate on a number of other imports. Americans, like all Anglo-Saxons, are hard negotiators, but they deceive themselves if they believe we do not understand the economic situation."

The Temps insists that the political situation in the United States, the agitation over the high cost of living, and the coming Congressional elections will prevent that country from risking a tariff war with France. It concludes with a eulogy on the long-standing friendship between the two countries and the splendid display of sympathy on the part of America over the floods, and says that while the political friendship of the two countries can never be shaken, "business is business," and France must protect her own interests.

PRINCE HENRY KING'S GUEST.

Visit to London Expected to Draw England and Germany Closer.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—Prince and Princess Henry of Prussia arrived here this evening. They will be guests at Buckingham Palace for a week.

It is understood that the purpose of the visit is to create a better feeling between England and Germany.

SEVERE STORM IN FRANCE.

Communication with the Rest of Europe Practically Cut Off.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—The storm which prevailed throughout France to-day was felt principally in the east and south, telegraphic communication with which, as well as with Germany, Switzerland, Austria, and Italy, was practically stopped. No other damage has been reported up to the present.

Peerage for Gladstone.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—Herbert John Gladstone, Secretary of State for Home Affairs, and who through a recent appointment is about to become Governor General of British South Africa, was elevated to the peerage to-day.

VAN NORDEN ONLY NEEDS REST

Brother Denies His Illness Is Serious—Tells About $28,000 Stolen.

Theodore L. Van Norden, former Vice President of the Van Norden Trust Company, denied yesterday that his brother, Warner M. Van Norden, who has been confined to his home, 7 West Fifty-seventh Street, for nearly two weeks, was seriously ill.

"It is really nothing serious," said Mr. Van Norden. "My brother has had no vacation for a long time, and he is completely tired out. Of course, he worried over the loss of the $28,000, as anybody would, but under the circumstances it is absurd to suppose that his mind is affected."

Warner M. Van Norden was robbed of the $28,000 referred to by two women, near the Waldorf-Astoria, some weeks ago.

"How did your brother happen to be carrying $28,000 around with him on the night of the robbery?" Mr. Van Norden was asked.

"You see, there were some bills he wanted to pay the next morning before the bank opened. He drew the money the night before on this account, and hurried home to get dressed for a dinner engagement. He was pressed for time, and so did not have an opportunity to put the money in the safe. He thrust it into his pocket, and after the dinner went with friends to the theatre. On starting to walk home he remembered several important business letters which he wished to catch the midnight mail. He therefore stopped at the Waldorf and wrote them. The story of the robbery as he left the hotel you know already. Of course, it was unusual for him to carry such a sum in his pocket."

At Warner M. Van Norden's home, 7 West Fifty-seventh Street, it was said that he was still confined to his room and denied himself to all visitors.

CANNON POKES FUN AT OTHERS' HOBBIES

Roosevelt Was the Greatest Press Agent Who Ever Lived, He Tells Press Club.

PEARY GOT ALL THE GLORY

But Cook Got the Money, He Says—Has Hobby of His Own—So Has He, Peary Admits.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Men who ride hobbies make excellent servants but mighty poor masters. This declaration was made to-night by Speaker Cannon at the "Hobby Night" entertainment at the National Press Club here. Among the other "hobbyists" who spoke during the evening were Willis L. Moore of the Weather Bureau, Dr. Harvey Wiley, Gifford Pinchot, Commander Robert E. Peary, and Congressman Champ Clark.

Speaker Cannon declared that his "hobby" was in "watching other men's hobbies." The men of one idea, he declared, are all good men, and he wished them success and long life, although he said that "it makes one uncomfortable often in watching other men's hobbies."

Taking up the speakers who had preceded him, he declared that Dr. Wiley was all right, but that if he had been allowed to have his own way entirely he would have had everybody afraid to eat anything for fear of being poisoned; that conservation was a good thing, but that he was not afraid of all the coal being consumed or all the timber being used up, and that much had been done in the way of conservation from a practical standpoint for many years. As for Commander Peary, he was glad a Caucasion had reached the north pole, but while Commander Peary had the glory Dr. Cook had the money.

Ex-President Roosevelt he called "the greatest press agent that ever lived." He asserted that more good legislation had been passed during his seven years in the White House than during any other similar period in the history of the United States, except during that of the civil war. "But suppose we had passed all the laws that he recommended in his messages," he said. "The budget of the country would be many times what it is now."

The Speaker declared that he found great enjoyment in watching the men who had "hobbies," but that it would hardly do to let them be at the head of things.

Referring to press accusations made against him in connection with pure food and certain other legislation, that he had been "a fly in the ointment," the Speaker declared in all the emphasis of his vigorous manner that he had always been on the side of legislation which was for the good and the advancement of the country.

Commenting on the coming Congressional campaign in Illinois, Champ Clark having referred to the question of close votes which had decided great issues, Speaker Cannon declared that he did not know whether he would get back to Congress or not, then he added that "anyway, there would be a lively time of it."

Mr. Pinchot defined conservation as "natural resources prudently, wisely foresightedly, and economically handled and the benefit of them fairly and evenly distributed, so far as the natural inequality and capacity of men will allow and so far as the laws of the land could be made to force it, giving everybody a fair show to get his share."

Dr. Wiley declared his great hobby in connection with his work had been that he should conduct it on the principle that "if there is any doubt about a matter give it to the poor man who has no way of protecting himself."

"At the present time my 'hobby is antarctic exploration," declared Commander Peary. In speaking on the ethics of the question of the coming international race of south pole honors, Commander Peary said that Capt. Scott, the English antarctic explorer, had informed him that he would welcome an American expedition to compete with that from England. He referred humorously to the possibilities of the situation, saying: Suppose one party gets there twenty-four hours ahead of the other? It may be the biggest race ever undertaken on this footstool."

Mr. Moore discussed storms and air currents and the strata of air that surround the earth. Champ Clark gave a number of interesting historical instances where one vote had been the means of deciding cases which had had great effect on after events.

CANNON HAS A NEW TITLE.

It's "Godfather of the Waters," and Congressman Bestows It.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—"The godfather of the waters" was a new title bestowed upon Speaker Cannon by Representative J. Hampton Moore of Pennsylvania in the House to-day.

Representative Macon of Arkansas, "Democratic objector" of the House, had taken occasion to approve the appropriations for the Missippi River contained in the pending bill. The Mississippi River was not only the father of waters, but the mother also, he declared, and for that reason he thought no objecton should be made against its improvement.

"If the Mississippi is the mother and father of the waters, where does the Speaker come in?" inquired Mr. Moore, who, answering his own question, suggested that Speaker Cannon should be known as the "godfather of the waters."

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Our assemblage of shirt fabrics for the Spring and Summer season embraces many very beautiful and distinctive patterns. They are displayed for your inspection.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
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Glimpses of Spring

are to be had all through "the Store of Certain Satisfaction"—Bloomingdales'. Remember, this is the easiest store to reach whether you travel by auto, carriage, elevated train, surface car or afoot—Bloomingdales'—"convenient now to everywhere." The Millinery Section is budding and blossoming with promises of greater beauties than ever in correct headwear:

Paris Hats for Spring—the early models have been copied in style and color and to-morrow we will show seventy-five, large, small, and medium sizes, in tailored effects or trimmed with flowers, at **$9.98**
All were trimmed in our own workrooms; regular prices are $12.98 and $14.98.

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Many people do so almost entirely, and to those that don't let us make a suggestion—purchase a player piano and you will quickly realize how much it means to have all the best in music at your instant call.

To one who is at all fond of music we venture to say that there is no way that a greater amount of pleasure can be obtained for the money than by the purchase of a

Pease Player Piano

Our prices ($550 to $750) are not high, quality considered, for these pianos start on a right basis—they are built into pianos that are THOROUGHLY good and durable, and unless you get a durable piano you had better let the question entirely alone, for the player piano receives ten times the use of the ordinary piano.

Our player mechanism is most natural; it will do anything that the operator demands of it, with but little limitation.

Our music roll exchange service is free if you buy one of our pianos, and our easy payment plan is most liberal; old instruments taken in trade.

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SMOKERS of judgment find Turkey Red Cigarettes good company. In their enjoyment of the rich aroma, the mellow flavor, the delightful taste, they have forgotten the price They have found that high cost is not necessary to high quality.

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TURKEY RED
EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES
A SPECIAL BLEND OF CAIRO IMPORTED TOBACCOS ASSURING THE UTMOST MILDNESS AND THE FULLEST FLAVOR

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(A Corporation)

VERACITY OF GLAVIS TO BE INVESTIGATED

Witnesses Summoned from Seattle to Settle Dispute Over the Missing Documents.

DENNETT PUT UNDER FIRE

Deposed Field Agent, Again Testifying in Ballinger Hearing, Tells Why He Condemned Commissioner.

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The turn of events in the Ballinger investigation yesterday, with the sharp issue of veracity presented in regard to twenty-four documents called for by Louis R. Glavis and his counsel, has determined the investigating committee to take definite action in an effort to decide just who did have possession of the documents which Mr. Glavis asked the committee to get in support of his charges and which the opposing counsel, Mr. Vertrees, yesterday said had been secreted by Glavis in nailed-up boxes in Seattle. The committee this morning voted to subpoena several persons in an effort to clear up the matter. They are A. C. Christenson, Mr. Glavis's successor in the Seattle office, and author of the letter telling of the discovery of the document in Mr. Glavis's boxes; G. W. O'Neil, his assistant; Miss Ella M. Shartell, a stenographer, who assisted Mr. Glavis in listing and making extracts from the documents filed in the office before turning them over to his successor; Special Agent Spalding of Cheyenne, and W. W. Barr of Seattle, both of whom assisted Mr. Glavis in listing the documents he turned over to Mr. Christenson.

After the exciting session yesterday the hearings to-day went on in more prosaic fashion. Mr. Vertrees spent the whole day in continuing his cross-questioning of Glavis, his apparent object being to show that it was Glavis's dilatory methods and not any personal interest on the part of Mr. Ballinger that caused the efforts of Mr. Ballinger to hasten the hearings on the Alaska coal case. In spite of the slow questioning back and forth over the same ground the little committee room was crowded with spectators through the day.

Dennett's Acts Criticised.

Mr. Vertrees took up the witness's accusations of misconduct against Fred Dennett, Commissioner of the Land Office. Glavis had declared that after hearing H. R. Harriman, one of the claimants, make certain admissions relative to his claim, Dennett answered a telegram from Glavis saying none of the claimants had made admissions. Mr. Vertrees brought out the fact that Glavis's telegram had been sent more than a year after the Harriman admission, and that the witness knew of no other admissions among the 900 claimants.

"Yet you condemn Mr. Dennett as an improper official from this?"

"Not from that alone," replied the witness.

Glavis admitted that an affidavit he made June 29, 1909, as to certain statements which a claimant named McDonald had said he had made to Dennett may have been too broad. If it was the witness said he was anxious to correct it.

"What else did Dennett do?" asked Mr. Vertrees.

"Well, he wrote those 'funny' letters from Seatttle and Portland."

"How did you get copies of those letters?"

"Special Agent Spalding acted as Dennett's stenographer, and told me about the letters, and I asked him to furnish me with copies."

"You ordered him to do so, didn't you?"

"I was his superior officer."

"He refused, and you ordered him?"

"He hesitated. He said the letters were private. But they were mailed under a frank, and I thought that made them official."

Mr. Vertrees went into the letters in some detail. They were written by Dennett to H. H. Schwartz, Chief of the Field Service, and have heretofore been introduced in evidence.

Mr. Vertrees read into the record part of the letter from Schwartz to Special Agent James Sheridan, putting the latter in charge of the Alaska coal cases in place of Glavis. The letter was dated July 21, 1909, and said in part:

> Every report received from Mr. Glavis in this case concludes with some statement or observation as to what future and further investigation will develop, and leaves the report in a status which precludes this office from taking any action, and he has been advised from time to time it is the purpose and intention of this office that there shall be full and complete investigation and advice prior to the final action upon these entries. * * * Notwithstanding Mr. Glavis's statement, the record shows that he had at his disposal the entire field force, and he also had explicit notice that I had pledged the entire field force of the department for a report in these cases at a certain time. He has failed, however, and the report cannot be made. You have been placed in charge of the Cunningham group of Alaska coal cases for the express purpose of properly completing the investigation speedily and thereafter to conduct the hearings upon which the Government will endeavor to cancel the claims. Enough of the record has been recited to advise you that I expect this result to be accomplished.

Glavis's Advice Followed.

Mr. Vertrees then resumed the cross-examination.

"Under date of Jan. 22, 1908, you telegraphed the Commissioner of the Land Office saying: 'Coal entries mentioned in your letter Jan. 7th should not be clear listed. Letter follows,' didn't you?" he asked.

"Yes," replied Glavis:

"And doesn't the record show that on the day that telegram was received the order clear listing the entries was revoked?"

"Yes, Sir."

"This was done without even waiting for your letter of explanation?"

"Yes, Sir."

"And that is the way the matter has remained until this day?"

"Yes, Sir, so far as I know."

SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 15.—A. Christenson, Chief of the Field Division of the Land Office; United States District Attorney Elmer E. Todd, and Assistant Custodian G. W. O'Neil of the Federal Building, who are alleged to have discovered important Glavis documents in a storeroom in the building, refuse to discuss the discovery except to say that they have seen the papers. Christenson and O'Neil will be called to testify in Washington.

Miss Ella M. Shortell, who also has been subpoenaed, is a telegrapher in Christenson's Seattle office. W. W. Barr, also subpoenaed, is a lumberman who is said to have been a friend of Glavis when the latter had headquarters in Seattle.

SHOTS PIERCE CONCRETE.

Projectiles from 12-Inch Gun at Sandy Hook Penetrate 20 Feet Into a Wall.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The first test of the resisting power of a reinforced concrete parapet as a means of defense against the attack of the high-power projectiles of modern war vessels has just been concluded at the Sandy Hook Proving Grounds.

The tests confirmed the mathematical calculations of the penetrative power of the twelve-inch gun. A concrete wall twenty feet thick and reinforced with heavy steel beams was pierced by this gun at its highest velocity. It was computed that its projectile would penetrate at its greatest speed a wall wenty-three feet in thickness before its power was spent, and the experiments at Sandy Hook confirmed this estimate.

CHINESE SWARM IN.

Commissioner Keefe Says Half of Them Have No Right to be Here.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Not further restriction, but such restriction as the existing law intends but has not accomplished, is the object of a proposed new immigration law recommended by Daniel J. Keefe, Commissioner General of Immigration, in his annual report. It is proposed to accomplish this by codifying, arranging in logical sequence, and strengthening all existing laws on the general subject of immigration and Chinese exclusion.

Some of the principal suggestions are: So defining the term "alien" as to leave no doubt that it includes all persons not citizens; extending the contract labor provisions to forbid and penalize the inducement of immigration by false as well as genuine promises of employment; penalizing an attempt to import foreign laborers, and permitting the importation of alien skilled laborers if labor of like kind unemployed cannot be found here only if the consent of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor is obtained in advance; increasing the fine against steamship companies for taking on board dangerously diseased aliens from $100 to $200.

Mr. Keefe believes the time is ripe for the adoption of even stricter measures, and suggests that all male aliens between the ages of 16 and 50 be required to pass a physical examination equal to that observed for army recruits.

Contrary to the general impression Chinese admitted to the United States have increased during the last four years, and Mr. Keefe is pessimistic regarding the operation of the law. He concludes that the system of exclusion and expulsion afforded by it is but illy adapted for either purpose. He says:

"Despite all that is said and all that is done, the bureau is always confident at the close of any year that many Chinese of the excluded classes have evaded the border officers, however vigilant they may have been; have smuggled themselves or been smuggled ashore in seaports as sailors or stowaways, or have by fraud and perjury managed to land in an apparently regular manner. There are doubtless now in this country at least as many Chinese not entitled to residence here as of the lawfully resident class, and they have entered in every way that can be imagined."

It is urged that the exclusion laws be merged into the general immigration law, so that the administrative process of expulsion therein provided may be used.

During 1909 6,393 Chinese were regularly admitted, against 4,624 in 1908, 3,235 in 1907, and 2,732 in 1906. The worst feature, the Commissioner says, is that the increase is almost confined to classes the members of which are or soon become laborers and whose residence here violates the spirit of the law.

Touching the "white slave" traffic, the report says that it is apparent that an enormous business is done in importing and distributing foreign women for immoral purposes. In some cities, it is declared, the traffic is connected with local political conditions and some of the municipal authorities are implicated or otherwise helpless to assist in eradicating the evil. The Federal Government's powers, it is stated, are so limited as to make it essential if any marked progress is to be expected that the States and cities shall awake to the seriousness of the situation and exercise their undoubted authority to put down the evil.

Immigration, which during 1909 fell off from the two previous years, the Commissioner says, is reassuming normal proportions. The months of January to June, 1909, however, showed increases over the same months of 1908, which is attributed by the Commissioner principally to the fact that those interested in steerage passenger carrying have traded upon and magnified beyond all reasonable limits the improvement in industrial conditions to encourage emigration.

WANT FEDERAL AUTO LICENSE.

National Convention of Autoists Plan for Passage of Cocks's Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The National legislative convention of the American Automobile Association this morning held its first meeting at the New Willard in a campaign it is planning for the issuance of Federal licenses for inter-State tourists. There were nearly 200 delegates present, and many members of Congress took part in the deliberations, which will be extended for several days.

During the morning the organization of the committee was perfected by the election of Charles T. Terry, who is Chairman of the Legislative Board of the association, as permanent Chairman of the convention, and John Bancroft as permanent Secretary. President Lewis R. Speare made the welcoming address, and he was followed by Senator Depew and many other prominent speakers.

While the committee is now talking matters over in its own rooms at the Willard, the end of the meeting is to bring pressure to bear on Congress looking for the desired legislation. On Thursday morning the committee will have a hearing before the House Committee on Inter-State and Foreign Commerce. There members of the Automobile Association will argue in support of the licensing bill introduced in the House by Representative W. W. Cocks of New York.

Chairman Terry set forth the objects of the convention in his opening address. He said in part:

"Prejudice has at no time been more rampant and more unreasoning, more persistent and more effective in the destruction of rights than prejudice in respect of motor vehicles.

"It is clear that the remedy for this state of affairs is education. The duty lies upon us of bringing home in no uncertain terms to those who make the laws the truth, by which they should be governed, the rights which they are bound to observe, and the limitations of their power, upon which they may not transgress.

"In the first place, if we are really a nation, if this whole country belongs to us, if there are certain rights which every citizen of this country may exercise, then the right of free and unrestricted intercourse by any vehicle which is lawfully upon the highways is one of such rights. The highways are the highways of the Nation. It is only in a restricted sense that they are the highways of a State."

Senator Depew told the convention his experiences as a judge in an automobile race from New York to the Ardsley Club, a distance of twenty-two miles along Broadway extended, in 1897. He said that while twenty different makes of machines took part in the race, which was held under direction of Gen. Miles, but three broke down on the way out. After comparing that record with the accomplishments of motor cars to-day, Mr. Depew went on:

"We exported in 1908 1,115 machines, with a value of $1,792,000. In 1909, 3,686 machines, with a value of $7,000,000. We imported in 1906 1,295 machines, valued at $4,500,000, and in 1909 1,645 machines, valued at $3,071,000. The output of cars in 1903 was 11,000; in 1906, 30,000, and in 1909, 280,000. The capital invested in automobile manufacture is $200,000,000.

"The workmen employed are 120,000, and incidentally, in other lines, double that number. There are 211 automobile factories, of which New York has 25 and Pennsylvania 17.

"It is entirely within the Constitution for Congress to enact a law by which there can be a Federal license. In that law can be placed such safeguards as to the marking and identification of the machine as will make its identity known to the local officers wherever it may go. Under such a license the industry which has grown so rapidly would grow more rapidly, the machines would become cheaper, they would become less a luxury and more of a necessity, and a new band would still closer bind together the different sections of our country. We are looking everywhere in these days for revenue with increasing Government expenses. Here are 700,000 machines which next year will be in use in the United States. Suppose only 300,000 of them took out the Federal license, so as to cross State lines, under proper restrictions, it would be a million and a half dollars of revenue in the National Treasury, virtually picked up on the road.

"I trust this question, brought to the attention of Congress by this representative body, which lead to enlightened legislation before this Congress adjourns."

LIQUOR ISSUE IN HAWAII.

Intervention by Congress Causes a Strong Division of Sentiment.

HONOLULU, Feb. 15.—The Congressional measure providing for prohibition in the Hawaiian Islands is opposed by the Honolulu Chamber of Commerce, the Merchants' Association, and the Bar Association, on the ground that it is unwarranted Federal interference with a local matter, but is supported by the civil federation and the ministerial union.

Twenty-four feminine organizations have petitioned Congress to extend them the privilege of voting at the plebiscite on the prohibition question proposed by the Senate Committee on Pacific Islands. The wives of Gov. Frear, Chief Justice Dole, and other prominent women of the island are taking part in the movement.

MEDAL FOR PEARY IS THE HOUSE PLAN

Thanks of Congress and Gold Token Are Provided For in a New Bill.

IN FAVOR OF SOME REWARD

Committee Rejects Report Against Making Explorer Rear Admiral and Providing for No Recognition.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Following a meeting of the Naval Affairs Committee of the House to-day, at which was submitted the report of the sub-committee adverse to the bill to retire Commander Robert E. Peary with the rank of Rear Admiral, Representative Butler of Pennsylvania introduced a bill providing that the thanks of Congress and a gold medal be given to the discoverer of the north pole. The present feeling of the naval committeemen is that the bill provides sufficient and proper recognition of the services of Commander Peary, and unless something occurs to change this sentiment this is the proposition that will go before the House.

The report rejecting the Hale bill, which passed the Senate, and the Allen bill, introduced in the House, was presented by Mr. Roberts of Massachusetts. Some opposition developed, led by the Chairman, Mr. Foss of Illinois. While he did not hold out for a favorable report on one of the measures to retire Peary with the rank of Rear Admiral, Mr. Foss argued that substantial recognition should be given him. He was supported in his stand by Mr. Dawson of Iowa, Mr. Loud of Michigan, Mr. Hobson of Alabama, and several others. Reference was made to the fact that Lieut. Shackleton was knighted by Great Britain and given $100,000 for his exploration in the antarctic regions, and that Nansen was rewarded for his north polar efforts by being made the Ambassador from his country at the Court of St. James's.

The report of the sub-committee was not accepted, as it had made no recommendation as to any form of recognition. The whole matter was referred back to the sub-committee for a second report containing recommendations. The sub-committee received no instruction from the committee and ostensibly will reconsider all the proposals which have been placed before it. However, the likelihood is that the bill, or a measure developed from it, will be reported out, and that it will receive the sanction of the whole body. There seems to be little doubt that some measure will pass the House with little trouble.

Following are the provisions of the Butler bill:

> That the thanks of Congress be, and the same are hereby, presented to Civil Engineer Robert E. Peary, U. S. N., and through him to the men who accompanied him on his last expedition in the arctic region for the discovery of the north pole, and placing thereat the flag of the United States of America.
>
> That the President of the United States be requested to cause a gold medal to be struck emblematical of this distinguished and memorable service, to be presented to Civil Engineer Robert E. Peary, U. S. N., in such a manner as may be most honorable to him.
>
> That any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated is hereby appropriated to carry out the provisions of this act, and shall be immediately available.

It is pointed out by members of the Naval Affairs Committee that if Mr. Peary receives a vote of thanks of Congress he will have the privileges of the floor, and will have an additional ten years in which to draw active pay.

BORUP IS READY AGAIN.

Hopes to Go Seeking the South Pole—Arctic Club Disagrees with Osbon.

George Borup, who was Commander Peary's photographer on the last polar expedition, returned yesterday on the Baltic from London, where he had been entertained by Capt. Scott, Sir Ernest Shackleton, and other explorers. They were full of enthusiasm, he said, regarding the chances of the new English expedition to the south pole. He also met Prof. George Bras, an explorer 80 years old, who was the discoverer of Cape Sheridan.

Mr. Borup said he believed Capt. Scott would succeed in getting to the south pole, but for himself, he hoped to be able to go with the American party.

Capt. B. S. Osbon of the Arctic Club of America, who was described in a dispatch to THE TIMES from Washington yesterday as the Secretary of that body, is no longer connected with the club in any official capacity, though he is still a member. His views on Commander Peary, it was said on behalf of the club last night, are not shared by the club officially, or by many of his fellow-members.

LIGHTER HAZING PENALTY.

Senate Passes West Point Bill Giving Superintendent More Discretion.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The Senate to-day passed the bill, introduced by Senator Du Pont, giving to the Superintendent of the Military Academy at West Point discretion as to the penalty for hazing. Instead of the regulations now obtaining, that a cadet convicted of hazing shall be expelled, the bill provides that the Superintendent shall make regulations as to hazing and prescribe punishments, including "dismissal, suspension, and other adequate penalties."

Trial by general court-martial is also accorded any cadet charged with offenses involving dismissal, on his written request for the same. Once expelled from the Academy, the cadet shall not be eligible for reappointment to the corps or as a commanding officer in the army or navy until two years after the time in which he was expelled from the Academy.

A Bed-Room at Mount Vernon

A NICE sense of selection in the furnishing, with its mingling of comfort and good-taste, distinguishes and gives a charm quite other than that of historical asssociation, to the sun-flooded room at Mount Vernon once occupied by the "Father of His Country."

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AQUEDUCT BOARD OUSTED BY GAYNOR

Old Commission Dismissed and New One Ordered to Wind Up Its Affairs Forthwith.

MAY SELL JEROME PARK LAND

Unfinished Half of the Reservoir Likely to be Disposed Of—Valued at $5,000,000.

Mayor Gaynor removed the four citizen members of the Aqueduct Commission yesterday and appointed their successors, directing the latter to wind up the affairs of that body "forthwith." The deposed Commissioners are John F. Cowan, William H. Ten Eyck, John J. Ryan, and John P. Windolph. Cowan and Ryan are Democrats and Ten Eyck and Windolph Republicans.

The new members are similarly divided: J. Noble Hayes and Michael Furst, Republicans, and Ernest Harvier and Jeremiah T. Mahoney, Democrats. The Mayor and Controller are ex officio members of the body.

The commission was created by act of the Legislature in 1883 to develop the so-called Croton watershed. One of the most important pieces of work it originated was the Jerome Park reservoir. Only one-half of this has been finished, but this was at an expenditure of within a million dollars of what it was originally estimated the whole work would cost. The other half has been lying idle for four years, much to the disgust of the public-spirited citizens of the Bronx and the neighboring property owners.

It was estimated at a meeting of the Sinking Fund Commission a short time ago, at which the question of the unused property belonging to the city was taken up, that if this acreage was sold by the city to-day it would bring in the neighborhood of $5,000,000. Something is likely to be done with this valuable property now.

The engineer of the commission originally estimated that both basins of the reservoir would cost $6,800,000. Bids were advertised for and the contract was awarded to John B. McDonald in August, 1895, at $5,400,000. In 1900 he asked for an extra allowance of $200,000 on account of the passage of the eight-hour law, and got it after a long fight. When the work was finally abandoned after the completion of the west basin, the reservoir had cost the city $5,900,000.

They Each Draw $5,000 a Year.

When the agitation in favor of the abolition of the commission as a useless body first started the plan for the Paterson reservoir was originated. It has been brought up several times and pressed before the Legislature recently. The citizen members of the commission draw $5,000 a year, and when their work is completed they pass out of existence automatically.

In removing the old members the Mayor says:

"They have been doing trivial things or seeking to stir up things to do, which latter they are industriously doing now in order to make pretense that their work is unfinished."

In appointing the new men he says clearly that he expects them to finish up the work now before the commission at the earliest possible moment. Here is his letter to the appointees:

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR.
Feb. 15, 1910.

Sirs: I hereby appoint you Aqueduct Commissioners under Chapter 490 of the Laws of 1883 and the acts amendatory thereof. I have fully explained to you my purpose in appointing you, namely, to have you close up the affairs of the Aqueduct Commission forthwith, and report that its work has been completed, thereby ending its existence and your own official term in accordance with the statute which provides in sum and substance that such commission shall cease to exist on the completion of its work.

The work which the commission was created to do by the said act of 1883, i. e., of collecting and impounding water in Westchester and Putnam Counties, known as the Croton water supply, was substantially completed a good many years ago, and there has been no excuse since that time for the Commissioners not so reporting, and ending their official existence. They have been doing trivial things ever since, or seeking to stir up things to do, which latter they are industriously doing now, in order to make pretense that their work is unfinished.

Meanwhile they have been costing the city the useless expense of about $300,000 annually for high office rents, their own salaries, and those of their entourage of engineers, secretaries, &c. Such expense was even $224,273 last year.

W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

To J. Noble Hayes, Ernest Harvier, Michael Furst, and Jeremiah T. Mahoney, Esqs.

His Right of Removal.

There was some question yesterday whether the Mayor could remove the commission except on charges, it having been created by the Legislature. He declared, however, that on consultation with the Corporation Counsel and his special legal adviser he was advised that he could do so in the first six months of his term. His letter to the old commissioners was brief. It read:

Office of the Mayor, Feb. 15, 1910.

Sirs: I hereby remove you as Aqueduct Commissioners, appointed and acting under Chapter 490 of the Laws of 1883, and the acts amendatory thereof.

W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

To John F. Cowan, William H. Ten Eyck, John J. Ryan, and John P. Windolph, Esqs.

Three of the deposed Commissioners had served since 1898. Mr. Cowan was appointed in 1905. He was formerly Tammany leader of the Thirtieth Assembly District, and since being deposed by Percy Nagle has fought consistently to regain control. Mr. Ten Eyck is the Republican leader of the Thirty-second District in the Bronx. He was at one time Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Republican County Committee, being succeeded by William Halpin. Mr. Ryan has tried several times to wrest the Tammany leadership of the Twenty-sixth District from State Senator Frawley. Mr. Windolph was the Republican leader of the old Eleventh District, now the Ninth.

All the new Commissioners are lawyers. Mr. Hayes was once counsel for the Law's Delay Commission. The Presidency of the new Municipal Civil Service Commission was offered to him by the Mayor, but he declined the appointment.

Mr. Furst is a Brooklyn man. He was at one time an Assistant Corporation Counsel, and was recently characterized by the Mayor as "an ideal condemnation Commissioner."

Mr. Mahoney is the youngest member of the commission, being only 35. He is an all-round athlete and the youngest Governor of the New York Athletic Club ever elected. He is a Tammany Democrat and served under Controller Metz as head of the Law and Adjustment Division of the Department of Finance.

Mr. Harvier was the organizer and leader of the Democratic Union, one of the many independent Gaynor organizations during the campaign. The Secretary of the commission is Harry W. Walker, who looks on himself as the official representative of William Jennings Bryan in this city.

Ansonia's Children to Celebrate.

An old-fashioned good time is promised for the children in the Ansonia, Broadday and Seventy-fourth Street, for Washington's Birthday, Feb. 22. Each of the youngsters has the privilege of inviting friends, and arrangements have been made by the management of the hotel to entertain about 400 children. There will be dancing, music, and singing, a Punch and Judy show, and refreshments of various kinds.

NAMES COMMISSION FOR FAIR.

Delegates to American Exposition in Berlin Are Selected.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The State Department has appointed an Honorary Commissioner General and four Honorary Commissioners to the American Exposition to be held in Berlin, Germany, from May until July of this year. William C. Brumber of Milwaukee is appointed Honorary Commissioner General. He is one of the proprietors of the Germania Abend Post.

Herman A. Metz, until recently Controller of the City of New York; John Bail Osborne, Chief of the Bureau of Trade Relations in the State Department and an authority on economic subjects; Irwin M. Laughlin, Secretary of the United States Embassy at Berlin, and Hugh Gordon Miller, a New York lawyer, have been appointed Honorary Commissioners. These officials serve without compensation.

The purpose of the exposition is to bring German merchants and consumers generally in closer touch with American manufacturers, and it is expected that the American exhibit will be a large and comprehensive one. The exhibition will be held under the patronage of Prince Henry of Prussia.

THE KNEISEL QUARTET.

Music by Brahms, Beethoven, and Schubert Played.

The programme of the fifth concert of the Kneisel Quartet, given last evening, seemed to exercise a peculiar spell upon the audience, which found everything in it delightful and gave uncommonly demonstrative evidence of its pleasure. There were Brahms's string quintet, Op. 111; a serenade by Beethoven for flute, violin, and viola, Op. 25, and Schubert's D minor quartet.

Brahms's quintet has been played before by Mr. Kneisel at these concerts, but not frequently nor lately. Schubert's quartet is one of the most frequently recurring numbers of his repertory, as it is of most string quartets that are devoted to masterpieces of the quartet literature. Beethoven's serenade was probably a stranger to most that heard it last evening.

It is a fascinating little work of the most untroubled gayety; it is most obviously a product of that mood of Beethoven's which he himself described as "unbuttoned." It is in his earlier style—the date of its publication would put it at about the period of the first piano sonatas and the first symphony. It is not in the least "important," as painters say of their work, but its quality of spontaneous bubbling gayety is something a little different from that which is most characteristic of Beethoven, even in his lighter moods. It is something that made the audience receive the performance with smiles, as they gave it their heartiest applause. A delightful tonal quality is obtained by the blending of the two stringed instruments with the flute, and there is much ingenuity in the division of the thematic material among them. The flute part was played with much skill and finish by Mr. Georges Barrère.

Brahms surely wrote nothing that has more of the "fire of Spring" burning through it than the first movement of the quintet, Op. 111, and the other three movements of the work stand but little below it in freshness and masculine vigor of inspiration, opulent beauty, and richness of sound, and the splendid eloquence with which Brahms has developed his thronging ideas. It was played in a spirit that quite matched that of the work itself, with Mr Kavarik at the second viola, and the players seemed kindled to a new enthusiasm in this work. The audience felt the communicating flame and was deeply stirred by it. Of similar quality was the performance of Schubert's posthumous quartet, a work that holds its abounding vitality, apparently untouched by the passing of years.

TAX ON FREE SEATS RESTORED

Frohman Theatres to Resume Plan in Aid of Actors' Fund.

The 10 cents tax on free theatre tickets for the benefit of the Actors' Fund of America is to be started again in Charles Frohman's theatres, beginning on March 1. Some years ago such a tax was levied at most of the houses in New York and throughout the country, but the custom was gradually allowed to die. Mr. Frohman cabled yesterday that the plan would be resumed in all of the theatres under his control, and directed Alf Hayman to ask every manager in the country to adopt the same scheme. A tax of this sort, levied at all of the theatres in the country, would bring in about $100,000 by the end of the present season, it is said. This money will be used toward the fund needed for the projected building of the allied arts, told of by Daniel Frohman a few days ago.

Plans for the Actors' Fund Fair are still progressing rapidly. Yesterday morning at the Lyceum Theatre there was a meeting of women of the stage and of society to discuss their share in the work. Mrs. Ida C. Nahm, manager of the women's department of the fair, presided, and Daniel Frohman, President of the fund, and Charles Burnham, general manager of the fair, spoke. Mrs. Nahm took charge of the heads of the various committees already established. The head of each committee will select her own assistants.

BROOKLYN WON'T BE OPEN.

Deputy Reynolds Assures Clergymen That Rumors That It Will Be Are False.

Brooklyn clergymen and others, who had been disturbed by rumors that "wide open" excise conditions were to be permitted to prevail in that borough visited Deputy Police Commissioner Reynolds at the local Police Headquarters yesterday afternoon, and were assured by him that there was absolutely no truth in the reports. Mr. Reynolds told his callers that he was as much in favor of the enforcement of the excise laws as they were, and he promised to aid them in their efforts for a "dry" Sabbath.

The visitors were members of the Brooklyn Excise League. They included the Rev. Dr. J. J. MacDonald of the Presbyterian Church of Our Father, the Rev. Dr. Joel B. Slocum of the Greenwood Baptist Church, the Rev. Dr. S. Edward Young of the Bedford Presbyterian Church, Thomas L. McClintock, Superintendent of the Parkhurst Society, and H. Norton Miles. The league has been active in securing evidence against saloon keepers who violate the law. Mr. Reynolds's callers seemed satisfied with the result of their call upon him. There will be a meeting of the league on Feb. 28, at which excise conditions in Brooklyn will be discussed.

In Aid of East Side Settlement.

Three evening entertainments are to be given for the benefit of the East Side House Settlement, Seventy-sixth Street, East River, at Mrs. Daniel Lamont's, 2 West Fifty-third Street. The first will take place this evening. It will be by Bayard Dominick, Jr., entitled "With Big Game in Africa," and will be illustrated. On Thursday evening, March 3, Mr. Ernest Thompson Seton will give "A Message from the Indians," and on Thursday, March 10, Dr. George F. Kunz will speak on "Precious Stones, How Found and Cut; Their Sentiments and History," illustrated by stereopticon views.

CITY BREVITIES.

A meeting of the Woman's State Republican Association, Mrs. William Grant Brown, President, will be held at the Waldorf next Wednesday afternoon in the interest of good government in State and municipal affairs.

Ogden Mills was elected a member of the Board of Managers of the Home for Incurables, at 182d Street and Third Avenue, yesterday to fill the vacancy caused by the death of his father, D. O. Mills.

Miss Edith May Caldwell of Milgrove, Ohio, and Robert J. Bagues, an art dealer, of 41 Rue Spontini, Paris, were married yesterday in the City Clerk's office, at the City Hall, by Alderman White.

Harry M. Goldberg, a real estate operator, will be obliged to pay his wife, Jessie J. Goldberg, $60 weekly alimony pending the trial of her action for separation, and to pay $500 counsel fee to her attorney, Abraham Levy, according to a decision by Justice Gerard in the Supreme Court yesterday.

Justice Platzek in the Supreme Court yesterday denied from the bench the application made by Bernard J. O'Gorman, who until Jan. 5 last was Chief Inspector of Buildings, for a stay preventing Alfred Ludwig, the recent appointee of Mayor Gaynor, from attending to the duties of that office. O'Gorman contended that he was protected from removal by the civil service regulations.

UNION PACIFIC UNDER INQUIRY

Traffic Manager Stubbs a Witness Here in Government's Suit to Dissolve the Merger.

HOLD OF SOUTHERN PACIFIC

This Line, He Says, Is California's Baby, and People Are Sentimental About It—Competition Feeble.

Hearings in the Government suit for the dissolution of the Union Pacific merger, instituted by Attorney General Bonaparte in January of last year, were resumed in New York yesterday, with Traffic Manager J. C. Stubbs under examination.

There have been previous hearings in various parts of the country, and in the chambers of Judge Sylvester G. Williams of Denver, the special examiner, in the new Custom House, yesterday, there was a large attendance of representative lawyers. Frank B. Kellogg and C. A. Severance, who have handled most of the railroad suits growing out of the activities of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, represented the Government. The railroads were represented by P. F. Dunne of San Francisco and N. H. Loomis of Omaha.

The Union Pacific's traffic manager told of the difficulties of competing with the Isthmian route and the Cape Horn all-water route when the transcontinental lines were first established, and described the "yearly contract" freight rates made with the coast merchants as one of the first effective means found to induce them to turn to the railroads from sea transportation.

These contracts were made with merchants individually, and remained in force until 1883 or 1884, when common published rates were first published.

Early competition with the Atchison to San Francisco was referred to, but Mr. Stubbs said that from the date of his beginning as a railroad man, in 1870, the making of through rates was practically left in the hands of the Pacific Coast lines.

At no time since 1881, he said, were rates made without the consent of the Central Pacific, the Southern Pacific, and the Atchison. He said that no rate could be made from the Missouri to the coast without the consent of the Southern Pacific or the Atchison. He explained that the completion of the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern had had no appreciable affect on San Francisco rates, and he devoted considerable time to explaining that the longer haul from Eastern points to Seattle and Puget Sound points made it impossible for the roads terminating at them to compete with the Union Pacific to San Francisco.

No matter how freight might be taken from Omaha to Portland to be transported by water to San Francisco, it would have to cover one-third more distance, he said. Under ordinary conditions, he said, it would take more time to ship from Omaha to Portland than from Omaha to San Francisco. He also went into the increased cost of handling freight by the Portland route, which, he said, made the disabilities of the route such that it was a real "no thoroughfare."

He did not think the possibilities of the rail and water routes to San Francisco via Portland comparable with that via New Orleans and the "Sunset Route," and said that the success of the latter was due largely to the fact that it had the immense business of New York to draw on. He said that the high regard of the people of California for the Southern Pacific made a sentimental reason against the water route.

"The Southern Pacific," said the Traffic Manager, "is California's baby. It pets that baby more than any one else, and it spanks it, too, sometimes."

Mr. Stubbs produced figures to show that the New York freight shipped over the Sunset Route had declined from 70 per cent. of the whole in 1881 to 39 per cent. in 1901. It is the Government's contention that only a small portion of this falling off is due to legitimate competition.

Under cross-examination by Mr. Severance Mr. Stubbs admitted that all Asiatic business moved from the Missouri River to Portland would be over its own lines, while that going to San Francisco would only move over Union Pacific lines as far as Ogden, Utah.

Mr. Severance questioned the witness closely as to the methods of the transcontinental systems in making rates at meetings where all interests were represented. "Isn't it a fact," he asked, "that outside of the friction at times at these meetings competition is reduced to the question of service, solicitation, promptness in settling claims, &c.?"

"They are elements, and important ones," replied the witness after some hesitation, "but whether they are all I wouldn't say."

BATES INVITES SUFFRAGISTS.

Assemblyman Asks Them to His Home to Hear Their Arguments.

Assemblyman Lindon Bates, Jr., of the Twenty-ninth Assembly District, has invited the members of the Woman Suffrage Party in his district to a meeting at his house on Friday evening that he may hear what the women have to say about their cause. Assemblyman Toombs, who presents the Woman Suffrage bill at Albany, will be present with other representatives and Assemblymen. Mrs. F. Dalziel, Chairman of the district, will be in charge of the meeting.

The different Assembly districts which have been organized by the women eventually will each have its suffrage club, and two have already been formed. One is in the Fifteenth Assembly District, where Mrs. Frederick Nathan is the leader and President of the club, with Miss Grace Farelly, Secretary, and Mrs. William Grant Brown Treasurer. There are men and women members, and the first meeting will be held March 1 in Rabbi Wise's Free Synagogue, Eighty-first Street, between Amsterdam and Columbus Avenues. A second club has been formed in the Nineteenth Assembly District, with Miss Alice Davis, district leader, President. It will hold its first meeting this afternoon at Whittier Hall.

On Sunday evening, March 6, Mrs. Emily M. Bishop will give "Who's Who in the Senate; Our Great National Drama," a monologue in which different United States Senators are impersonated from studies made by Mrs. Bishop during sessions of Congress. It is for the benefit of the Manhattan Branch of the Woman Suffrage Party.

GEN. WOOD IS RECOVERING.

Rallies After Second Operation—Gen. Howe Takes His Place Temporarily.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Because of the continued illness of Major Gen. Leonard Wood, the President has directed that Brig. Gen. Walter Howe, recently promoted, be assigned to the temporary command of the Department of the East at Governors Island, N. Y.

Friends of Gen. Wood state that the operation recently performed on the General's head at a hospital in Baltimore seems to be entirely successful, and that the General is making good progress toward complete recovery.

It is stated that when Gen. Wood was in Havana during the Cuban occupation by the American forces he accidentally struck his head against a chandelier over his desk, causing a depression of the skull, which had the effect of producing something akin to partial paralysis. Not long after the accident an operation was performed and a piece of the skull removed. This operation was not entirely successful, so a second one was performed.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 15.—At the hospital here where Major Gen. Wood is a patient it was said to-night that the General was getting along so well that he would be able to get up in a few days. It was added that the operation had been successful in its purpose and would afford permanent relief.

HONOR DAMROSCH'S MEMORY.

Composer's Two Sons Conduct Concert by People's Choral Union.

The People's Choral Union gave a concert in memoriam for Leopold Damrosch, whose death occurred twenty-five years ago yesterday, last night in Carnegie Hall. Leopold Damrosch was an important figure in New York musical life for many years, and it was fitting that he should be honored in some such way. Last evening the different forces which presented the programme were conducted by his two sons and his son-in-law, David Mannes, played a violin solo.

The programme was entirely selected from the compositions of Leopold Damrosch and included his "Festival Overture," played by the New York Symphony Orchestra under the direction of Walter Damrosch; his romance for the violin, played by David Mannes with orchestral accompaniment, and a performance of "Ruth and Naomi."

In the presentation of this "Scriptural idyl," as its composer has designated it, the People's Choral Union was assisted by Mrs. Mihr-Hardy, Miss Janet Spencer, Mrs. Edith Chapman Goold, Marcus Kellermann, and Berrick von Norden. Frederick G. Shattuck played the organ. The audience was of good size.

TARDY RECOGNITION FOR NILE EXPLORER

Geographers Present a Medal After 36 Years to Col. Chaille-Long.

HE WAS WITH GEN. GORDON

Contributed to Science by His Work Toward Finding the Source of the Nile.

Recognition was granted last night by the American Geographical Society at its meeting in the Engineering Building, West Thirty-ninth Street, to Col. Charles Chaille-Long, the Charles P. Daly gold medal being given to him for his work in ascertaining the source of the Nile thirty-six years ago. In his speech of acceptance the explorer spoke of the great, though unacknowledged, part which Americans have played in the recent history of the land of the Pharaohs.

In 1874 Col. Chaille-Long was serving on the staff of Gen. Gordon at Khartoum. He was one of a number of Federal and Confederate veterans who had gone to Egypt at the close of the civil war on a military mission. He was detached to serve with Gordon and was sent to make his way to Uganda along the Nile to carry the influence of the Khédive further south. In fulfilling his mission he connected the discoveries of the two British explorers, Speke and Sir Samuel Baker.

The former had explored Victoria Nyanza, the great central lake of Africa. Sir Samuel had worked his way up the lower reaches of the Victoria Nile in the neighborhood of Albert Nyanza, but it remained for the American officer to make the journey in canoes with two Egyptian soldiers, two native servants, and the usual train of carriers as his only companions, to show that the river which flowed from Victoria Nyanza was the same as fell into Albert Nyanza.

Gen. Gordon recognized the important service he had rendered to geographical knowledge and declared him one of the men who had solved the riddle of ages—the source of the Nile. But the Royal Geographical Society of England and the sister society of France long refused to admit his claim.

It is only since 1907 that the British authorities have given a tardy half acceptance of it. The Royal Geographical Society then agreed that in maps on a large scale it would record the enlargement of the Nile which Chaille-Long discovered and named Lake Ibrahim, and which since has been officially called by the English Lake Choga, as Lake Ibrahim in brackets.

In accepting from the American Geographical Society the Daly Medal, which was handed to him by Archer M. Huntington, President of the society, Col. Chaille-Long spoke of the part Americans have played in Egypt, saying:

"On this occasion it is fitting to make honorable mention of the American military mission to Egypt. It had no historian and its achievements have been methodically ignored.

"It was semi-official, inspired by Gen. Sherman, and was composed of Federal and Confederate officers, ten of the former being actually detached on a year's leave of absence from the United States Army. Its purpose was first political, then scientific. It was proposed to overturn the 'unutterable Turk' and place on his throne perhaps the progressive Ismail Khédive. Foiled in this by foreign intervention, it was employed in scientific objects.

"It was an American who designated Tel-el-kebir as a defense against a threatened Turkish invasion, an American who made the preliminary hydrographic studies at Assouan in 1870, which inspired the dam at Assouan a generation later; an American who, charged with the coast defenses of Egypt, constructed a counterpoise disappearing battery, which has been adopted by the United States Government; American who made a treaty with Uganda adding that country to Egypt, and navigating the unknown Victoria Nile, discovered Lake Ibrahim.

"Americans finally of the United States Navy and Marine Corps saved Alexandria, saved thousands of lives, among them the Khédive and family, and saved the City of Alexandria from entire destruction."

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Lowest Prices for Standard Goods in Greater New York

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(*Continued*)
O'Neill Building—Second Floor.

Damask Table Cloths with Napkins to match, made of pure East Indian Ramie—that curious new plant out of which the world is now expecting to get an unusual amount of comfort and satisfaction. It is as absorbent as linen, as cool, more resistent—capable of being woven into rich damasks. Whether it will take the place of linen altogether remains to be seen.

So the sale continues during the coming week, with a new item added.

1,500 Hemmed Damask Table Cloths of Pure Irish Linen
67x67 inches, at $1.38 each.
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1,200 dozs. of extra heavy Towels Worth 25c to 30c, at 21c each
Hemmed or hemstitched, full size and perfect.

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"S. & H." STAMPS FREE

To all persons, whether or not purchasers, applying at the Premium Room, fifth floor, today, will be given free as many sets of ten "S. & H." complimentary stamps as they may require for books unfilled; but only one set of ten stamps of any one date, and only 160 free stamps will be good in any one book. Owing to the liberal offering of free stamps, patrons will find it advantageous to start filling at one time as many books as will be required to secure the premium they desire.

Who Wouldn't Pay $1.60 for Shoes That He Knew Were Worth $3, $3.50 or $4?

Certainly No Thrifty Man Who Has the Money and the Time to Get Here

THERE can be no doubt about the values. The shoes are of the "Merit" make—same styles exactly that are selling in the "Merit" shoe stores today at $3, $3.50 and $4. Some of them are their regular $5 grade. Our price today for nearly three thousand pairs of men's "Merit" shoes and Oxfords will be $1.60

Perfect goods—not a scratch or an "out" about them. The styles are simply the best there are; duplicates of the highest-grade custom lasts for this season. The picture shows one style—there are a dozen others as good.

All sizes in every style of Oxfords—some sizes missing in some styles of the High Shoes.

The wisest men will be those who buy the most—especially of the Oxfords. The men who don't buy here today at $1.60 will pay an average of at least $3.50 for shoes not one whit better, sixty days from now.

In the same great shoe sale are Women's Shoes worth $1.50 and $2 at 98c. Think of that! All sizes and good styles. Shoes for boys and girls at the same price (98c) that are worth a half-dollar to a full dollar more. Also Women's Shoes of a famous make that is advertised the country over at $4 and $5, at $1.85.

It's a great sale—as big at thing as we have ever done in this line. (Sieg's: Cooper Co. Shoe Store, Second Floor, Rear.)

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Under this perfect system of mechanical protection no human hand has power to move a switch save the operator at the levers in the switch tower.
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L.V.

THINKS MATTEAWAN HOLDS SANE MEN

Medical Superintendent Certain, However, That Thaw Is Not Among the Half Dozen.

HE WOULD LIBERATE THEM

Convinced That an Injustice Is Being Done and Wants Greater Scope of Authority.

In Matteawan State Hospital there are at present about half a dozen convicts confined practically for life who in the opinion of Dr. Robert B. Lamb, the Medical Superintendent, are not sufficiently unbalanced to make it certain that they could not be safely set free.

By the terms of the law Dr. Lamb is unable to bring their cases before the courts for further consideration. He admitted yesterday that their unfortunate position is a matter of considerable worry to him. He first called attention to these patients in his last annual report. In this he says:

In the last three or four years there have come to this hospital half a dozen or more cases that are far removed from any well-developed type of insanity. Their crimes have been notable. Commitment in each case has been from the court direct, and after careful inquiry has been made.

A skillful psychiatrist might have examined any of these men on the day of his admission here and found no symptoms of actual mental disease. He might have made continued examinations at any time during their stay at the hospital. His results would have been equally negative; that is if these examinations were done without a thorough history of the case. Yet no man of intelligence could review the life history of the patients and their crimes and say finally that the criminal act was other than the product of a mind far removed from the usual balance.

In nearly all these cases the medical examiners who determined the mental unsoundness resulting in their commitment here were highly skilled and thoroughly reputable. Were the same cases to be brought to the attention of the same examiners with no history obtainable, the conclusion reached would probably be diametrically opposed to their actual findings.

The question, then, which confronts the medical officer here is, What disposition shall be made of such cases? In the eye of the law they are lunatics. The court has made inquiry, and has determined this fact. Commitment here has followed. The hospital physicians detect no actual lunacy; yet no provisions exist whereby your Superintendent may inform the court of this opinion. If he would return the case to court for disposition he must certify to recovery.

Question of Recovery.

In my opinion it is quite impossible for a recovery to take place in so short a time. A thorough study of the medical history of these cases shows structural weakness and defect rather than definite conditions of disease. Assuming this deduction to be correct, this query asserts itself: Can a real recovery ever take place? It is my opinion that it cannot.

This position, taken after much deliberation, should be either strengthened or destroyed. One of two conditions should pertain. The right to inform the court of my opinion should be given to me—whether the man is sane or insane—or the court itself from time to time should make supplementary inquiry relative to this man. It made the original inquiry when the patient stood before it charged with crime. It is not powerless to do so later.

Even a limited parole may be advisable, and the court has power to so order. No such discretion is given to your Superintendent. Even though he has seen no sign of actual mental disorder, he must, if he would secure a court action, certify that the recovery is complete, the assumption being that an actual change has taken place—something which, in fact, is not so.

An easy solution of this question is not readily discernible. Yet the time seems ripe for some modification of statutes not fair to either patient, court, or hospital administration.

A TIMES reporter saw Dr. Lamb yesterday at Matteawan, and asked him to give a fuller explanation of these cases. He said:

"How would you like to be in my place, with serious doubts of the justice or necessity of keeping a man shut up for life, with his relatives continually importuning me to do something and yet with my hands tied by law? However carefully I examine these men I cannot find from my own observation that they are insane; yet I know that their medical history shows a serious condition of affairs. I certainly cannot certify to the courts that they are recovered, for I have seen no change in them, and so I cannot consult with the Judges as to the best disposition of their cases."

Dr. Lamb gave several instances of the sort of patient he meant. A young man of 18 killed his mother without the smallest provocation on her part. The court committed him to Matteawan, where he seems to be normal. But at his trial an insanity commission of unusual merit, taking into consideration his history, ruled that he was insane.

They founded their opinion on the fact that from the age of puberty the young man had seemed to go backward mentally. He could not apply himself to study. He lost several clerical places through sheer incapacity to do common tasks. He was prone to sudden impulses. Thus he decided in such haste to go from New York to see an aunt in Indianapolis whom he had never met that he bought a railroad ticket in spite of his narrow circumstances, instead of getting the pass that would have been his for the asking. His return was equally impulsive.

The Finding Justified.

"These actions sound trivial enough," said Dr. Lamb, "but a series of them certainly justified the experts in declaring the boy abnormal and irresponsible."

Another case was that of an insurance clerk who was charged with murdering his child by chloroform. His only reason for it was that he was a defaulter and thought to evade disgrace and punishment by putting his whole family and himself out of the way. A third instance was that of a clergyman who had committed arson. Some time ago he applied for a writ of habeas corpus and was allowed his liberty—on the understanding that he should return to Europe. However, he is back again now, and, Dr. Lamb understands, is doing well as a business man in New York.

"Now," explained the Superintendent, "I don't believe that any of these men was insane in the strict medical sense of the term. That is, they were not subject to any progressive deterioration. Perhaps they would not have responded to the usual physical tests which make us suspect mental disorder, through some abnormality of the eyes or knee jerks. I would rather say that they were mentally deformed.

"Just as you see physically deformed persons, so there are, I believe, mental cripples—men who lack the moral sense. Really, they may be classed as imbeciles of a high order. We cannot say that they are suffering from any of the recognized forms of insanity, yet they are certainly abnormal and irresponsible."

"Does Harry Thaw come in this class?" asked the reporter.

"Certainly not," answered Dr. Lamb. "I have diagnosed his form of insanity paranoia. It is curious how paranoiacs gradually pile up during their stay here evidence that they are typical paranoiacs."

Then Dr. Lamb took up the difficulty of knowing what to do with such patients. He admitted himself puzzled. At one moment he said he did not believe that they ought to be in Matteawan at all; the next he pointed out the difficulties of sending them as convicts to an ordinary prison, of handing them over to their relatives, or letting them loose on the world.

"It's certainly no good sending them to prison," he declared. "Our statistics show that a man sent to us will in all probability stay here longer than he would be confined in prison. That means that even if prison could do one of these cases any good, it would be under confinement for a shorter period than here. But, as a matter of fact, any one who has had any knowledge of prisons knows that the man who goes there is ruined.

Even Thaw Improves.

"Putting aside the doubt whether these men are really insane, there is no doubt that they will improve under our care. Everybody does. The regular hours, the plain, good food, and the discipline make them healthy. Even Thaw, complaining as he does of the food and regulations here, gains weight with us, and as soon as he goes to one of the county jails, where he can eat what he likes and do as he likes, he invariably loses weight."

"Would you let these high-grade imbeciles out?" asked the reporter.

"I would not for a considerable length of time. Under healthy conditions some of the evil tendencies to which they have succumbed will lose their force with advancing years. There is actually less risk of a man committing murder the older he grows. I would certainly keep them here till they were on toward middle life and had gained some mental poise. Then, it seems to me, that it is a fair question whether they should not be allowed one more chance to see if they could not make their way among their fellow-men."

The Matteawan authorities are hampered in one particular in dealing with such patients. They have not, as a rule, any copy of the evidence on which the men were committed. They must form their opinion from their own observations of each case with no knowledge except what they can dig up of its history, as the formal order of commitment simply states of what crime each man has been convicted. Thus, when Dr. Lamb applied to the court stenographers for a copy of the minutes dealing with the Thaw case he was informed that they would cost him $500, and he had for a long time to get along without them.

In his report the Superintendent states that these particular "high-grade imbecile" cases have appeared at Matteawan in the last three or four years. In explanation of this he said yesterday:

"Though I have been twenty years in practice I have only come across this particular class of patients recently. I would not say, however, that this implies any increase of imbecility, but only greater care on the part of the courts. In the same way I doubt the truth of the statements with regard to the general increase in lunacy. The larger figures recorded of late years are due to the general classification now of senility as insanity and the placing in asylums of many persons who were formerly looked after in the workhouses.

"There is no doubt that the courts now are much better informed on mental disorders, and send to us many persons who would have gone to Sing Sing a few years ago. I remember when I was at Dannemora how in one day we received from Sing Sing six convicts, all of whom were suffering from paresis and all of whom were dead within two years. One of these men had been convicted of larceny, his offense being the taking of a bolt of silk from a Fifth Avenue store in which he was employed and handing it to a stranger outside. He would never be convicted now. Many crimes, I believe, are symptoms of lunacy and should be treated as such."

In speaking of the appeal to the courts which he would welcome as lightening the burden of responsibility in respect to the "high-grade imbeciles" Dr. Lamb also touched on the question of the applications for writs of habeas corpus, on which many of his charges try to obtain their freedom.

"I am not at all opposed to any of my patients making one application to the courts," he said. "It brings the question of their sanity up for a thorough sifting, but I think a lunatic should be adjudged sane with quite as much care as a man is declared a lunatic. But when a man makes application after application I should like to see his right restricted, so that the Judges would not be obliged to afford him another hearing unless his application were substantiated by at least one sane person. Moreover, he should be tried by a Judge and not by a jury. Juries have no sense of responsibility such as a Judge has. I hope the constitutionality of a hearing by a Judge alone has been established by the Thaw case."

CHARGES FRAUD IN MINE SUIT.

But Van Wormer Says Miss Beam Wants Her $36,000 Because of Jealousy

Miss Carrie S. Beam, a wealthy woman of Paterson, N. J., received from Justice Gerard in the Supreme Court yesterday a permanent injunction pending trial of her action against R. Lee Van Wormer for an accounting. The injunction restrains Van Wormer from checking out $7,702 which he has deposited in the National Copper Bank, which was made a party to the injunction.

Miss Beam alleges that Van Wormer defrauded her of $36,000 in mining ventures, while he contends that the ventures were a success until Miss Beam, because of her jealousy for one of his employes, a Miss May Arlington, whom he was to wed, started the suit.

Miss Beam recites in her complaint that she gave Van Wormer $6,000 on March 11, 1906, and $30,000 additional on May 18, in pursuance of an agreement by which he was to buy and develop mining properties in Nevada and Colorado, she to be an equal partner. She went out to Marysville, Cal., last Summer to examine the properties, and found, she alleges, that the land was of little value, and that he had bought an automobile, and erected a moving picture theatre, which he allowed to be managed by his friends. Among these, Miss Beam alleges, was May Arlington.

Van Wormer, she says, told her he had "actually walked over gold," and that there was enough of it within easy reach to "make the wish of Midas a practical reality." These statements, she says, she found to be false, and consequently wants a receiver and an accounting.

Van Wormer, in his answer, admits getting the money from Miss Beam. He says he obtained an option on 1,400 acres of land and erected a pumping plant on one of the tributaries of the Sacramento River, extracting sand which averaged $1 per cubic yard in gold, with a capacity of forty cubic yards an hour. The plant was operating at this rate when Miss Beam tied it up with a California injunction.

GUARDIAN FOR PERIN.

His Mother Chosen Commissioner of His Person and Estate.

Ella Keck Perin of Baltimore, mother of Lawrence Perin, recently adjudged incompetent and committed to the Bloomingdale Asylum for the Insane, was appointed commissioner of his person and property and guardian of his child, Lawrence Perin, Jr., yesterday, by Justice Platzek in the Supreme Court.

Under the terms of the order she may have him placed in any institution of her own choosing or may have him under private guard. She will file a bond for $10,000. It appears from the papers filed with the decree that most of Lawrence Perin's remaining $10,000 was eaten up by the lunacy proceedings against him.

The petitioner Oliver Perin, his brother, will receive $6,343 in all, $3,687 for expert alienists, $1,156 for disbursements, and $1,500 counsel fee.

WOMEN MUST DECLARE CIGARS.

Loeb's New Rule Won't Permit Them to Bring Them in for Friends.

Collector Loeb will soon issue a new set of customs regulations for the Port of New York which he hopes will facilitate the passing of passenger baggage on the piers and gain for it the reputation of being the best managed port in the United States.

Hitherto men and women have been allowed to bring in free of duty 300 cigarettes or fifty cigars apart from their $100 allowance per head without having to state specifically for whom they were. In future all passengers will have to declare their cigarettes or cigars to be solely for their own use, both men and women. The users must also be more than 18 years old.

Passengers are also notified that offering to bribe a customs official is a criminal offense. All persons committing such acts are liable to be criminally prosecuted. Any incivility on the part of the inspectors examining baggage is to be reported to the Deputy Collector in charge of the steamship pier. Women traveling alone are to receive special attention in expedition if they state the fact that they are alone on their declaration.

Foreigners and Americans who have been residing abroad and can prove the fact to the official on the pier, will be allowed to bring in all their personal apparel free, and in addition their household effects, pictures, and statuary, without the stipulation that they must prove one year's residence abroad, as has been the rule.

The Sauce with a TEMPTING Flavor

Waw-Waw

SAUCE

Delicious—Appetizing

(At the same time see your digestion improve)

Supplied to the Houses of Lords and Commons, England.

St. James Importing Co., Sole Agts.

BAD BRIDGE TIE-UP; 200,000 IN THE CRUSH

Switchman's Mistake Derails a Car and Blocks Traffic from Brooklyn for Three Hours.

RISK DEATH BY THIRD RAIL

Passengers Escape Through the Windows Onto the Tracks—Blaze in One Car Quickly Put Out.

A switchman at the Manhattan end of the Brooklyn Bridge threw a switch a minute too soon as a Lexington Avenue elevated express train, loaded with early morning workers, was pulling into the terminal shortly after 6 o'clock, resulting in the worst tieup of traffic the bridge has had in years.

No elevated trains crossed the structure between 6:17 and 9 o'clock, and 200,000 persons fought for standing room at the Brooklyn terminal and the station platforms in the downtown section of Brooklyn for hours before the tangle was straightened out.

The express, crowded to capacity, came in from the Cypress Hills section, and struck the switch at the Manhattan terminal just as the towerman had thrown it to allow the train to run in at the pocket at the north side. The first truck of the first car had just cleared the switch when the switchman, for some unknown reason, threw the switch again, so that the second car started into the south end platform. The consequent "split" forced the second car off the track entirely, and came near hurling it headlong on to the promenade below. A couple of iron posts supporting a railing saved it from toppling over.

A section of the third rail was ripped off, and for a time it looked as if a serious accident was going to result. When the excitement was over, however, no one was found to have been hurt. The side of the first car scraped against the end of the cement platform, and there was a splintering of wood and crashing of glass.

When the second car toppled over several men broke the windows on the upturned side and climbed out on to the platform. The women remained inside until assisted through the end doors. Policemen and employes, who were hurriedly summoned, placed ladders against the structure and helped the women to the roadway and the promenade.

Another lucky circumstance which helped to save the wreck from being a serious one, was that the coupling between the first and second car held. Otherwise the iron supports might have given away and the car allowed to pitch several feet below.

When the wreckage fell upon the third rail there was a sizzling of fire. The flames leaped to the second car, and soon a tiny flame crept up one side. By that time, however, an army of employes had arrived, and a few buckets of sand put out the incipient blaze. Passengers in the four other cars which remained on the track were hurled from their seats or knocked down, and for a short while there was a stampede.

From the three rear coaches passengers leaped to the tracks, braving the third rail and a Fifth Avenue train, which was coming down the incline. The motorman of the second train saw the danger in time, and brought his train to a quick stop.

One woman passenger remained behind in the rear car when the others had escaped. She screamed that she would not leave until she had recovered a purse which she had lost. Policeman Crowley crawled into the car and searched under the seats for the missing pocket book, but it was nowhere in sight. The woman finally left, but when she reached the roadway, after descending the ladder, she fainted.

The accident tied up all elevated traffic on the north side of the bridge. Trains were stalled all the way across at a distance of a few feet from one another. When the news reached the Brooklyn terminal the utmost disorder prevailed. People swarmed down the stairs to the street in order to board trolley cars, but there were not enough to afford any appreciable relief. A shuttle train was started on the south track, but it, too, proved of little value in reducing the size of the crowd.

Thousands gave up the idea of riding at all, and started to walk. Soon the promenade was a moving mass of people. This crowd took things good-naturedly—until it got to the Manhattan side. There it discovered that the police, fearful that the overhanging car might topple into the promenade at any moment, were turning the pedestrians back. A howl went up, and several men "rushed" the police line. Some got by and others scrambled over the deadly third rail and climbed down the ladders to the roadways. The women, however, turned back meekly to Brooklyn. Wagon drivers did a thriving business for a time. They charged a nickel a head and many made several trips.

At the foot of the Brooklyn stairways iron turnstiles allowed only one at a time to get out. Here the congestion became the greatest. Trains and trolleys loaded with passengers extended back through Fulton and Washington Streets to City Hall. Passengers coming on on the Fulton and Myrtle Avenue lines complained that no one had been sent back to tell them of the blockade, and they had no chance to take the Subway.

No transfers were given to passengers from the Fulton Avenue lines while but two men handed out transfers to the thousands who came from the Myrtle Avenue route. The result was that many passengers got aboard trolley cars without transfers, and when the conductors tried to collect extra fares there were frequent fights. The police took the viewpoint of the passengers and made no arrests.

There were several minor collisions between trolley cars, but no one was injured. One passenger was pushed under a trolley car at the bridge terminal, but he was rescued in the nick of time.

By 9 o'clock the wrecking crew managed to clear away the wreckage and right the half-overturned car. The power which had been cut off was again turned on, but it was nearly noon before conditions were again normal.

BRIDE-TO-BE BURNED.

Injured with Her Parents and Another Family in Tenement Fire.

Six persons were injured in a fire that burned out part of the third floor of the tenement house at 65 Jefferson Street early yesterday morning. The tenement is situated directly opposite the Beth Israel Hospital.

The fire started in the apartment of the Hamptman family, whose daughter, Annie, is soon to be married. She is now in the Beth Israel Hospital, suffering from burns. Israel and Molly Hamptman, the father and mother of the girl, are also in the hospital, badly burned. It was said there yesterday that all the injured will be able to leave the hospital in a day or two.

The fire spread to another apartment, occupied by the family of Abraham Carlleck. He and his two daughters, Rose and Mary, were slightly burned, but not seriously enough to require hospital treatment. The firemen and the police from the Madison Street Station were promptly on the scene, and soon had the fire under control. The damage is estimated at about $2,000.

New Defendant in Clarkson Will Case.

Permission was obtained yesterday from Justice Platzek in the Supreme Court by William Hoyt as administrator of the estate of Dolly Payne Hoyt to add the name of Warren R. Payne, a nephew of the deceased, to a list of defendants in an action brought by him to have the will of Annie E. Clarkson declared invalid and to void the general release of her claims to the Clarkson estate made by Mrs. Hoyt shortly before her death.

CUBA PAYS OFF $6,000,000.

Reports Liquidation of Half the Debt Left by American Governor.

HAVANA, Feb. 15.—Señor Pasalodos, secretary to President Gomez, gave out a statement to-night of the financial operations during the first year of the present administration. The statement shows that at the end of American intervention, Jan. 28, 1909, the Government found only $2,500,000 in the Treasury to meet obligations of $12,000,000. Since that time all expenses have been paid, although the present budget shows an increase of $6,000,000, due to exterior debts and the establishment of new offices and departments created by the Government of Intervention which became effective upon the re-establishment of the Cuban Government.

Notwithstanding this, $6,000,000 has been paid of the $12,000,000 owed by the Government, with a remaining balance of $2,500,000. The new budget for the coming fiscal year amounts to $29,620,581, which, compared with the estimated receipts, shows a surplus of $5,159,148.

It is also shown that after deducting expenses incurred by the establishment of new offices and the first instalment due on the $35,000,000 loan, the present budget is lower by $700,000 than the one in force during the last year of President Palma's Administration.

MRS. A. C. SPRECKELS DEAD.

Widow of Claus Spreckels Passes Away in San Francisco Home.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 15.—Mrs. Anna Christian Spreckels, widow of Claus Spreckels, died to-day at her home here, aged 79 years. She leaves four sons, John D., Claus A., Jr., Adolph, and Rudolph, and a daughter, Mrs. John Ferris of Reigate, Surrey, England. She leaves a large fortune.

Simultaneously with the death of Mrs. Spreckels the trust clause in the will of Claus Spreckels was declared invalid today by Superior Judge Coffey, who sustained the demurrer to the petition of Rudolph Spreckels asking for a partial distribution of the estate of his father.

The decision means that John D. Spreckels and Adolph Spreckels will share equally with the other children, Rudolph and Claus Spreckels, Jr., and Mrs. Emma Ferris.

Gerry Society Lost a $5,000 Bequest.

The will of Charlotte A. Van Den Eouvel was filed yesterday. A codicil executed Oct. 12, 1897, revoked a $5,000 bequest to the American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, which was in the will executed Oct. 7, 1896. These other charitable bequests of $5,000 each are allowed to stand: New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, the Messiah Home for Little Children, and Daisy Field's Home and Hospital for Crippled Children. George W. Wickersham is executor of the will.

ON THE ATLANTIC HIGHWAY.

Lady Sybil Grey Among the Arrivals on the Baltic.

Among those sailing to-day for Europe are:

CAMPANIA (Liverpool)—Mrs. Adair, Henry Coventry, Mr. and Mrs. Henry G. Bishop, Mrs. A. B. Chandler, C. C. Foster, Major John Drummond, R. G. Scott, the Rev. John Trainor, Dr. and Mrs. Stephen S. Wise, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Willis, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Nares, D. T. Laidlow, Mrs. George Evans, George Fox, Mrs. H. L. Doyle, Mrs. H. W. McKay, and G. H. Littlefield.

ZEELAND (Antwerp)—James W. Peters, Sister Elisa, W. J. Meyer, Samuel Bown, Sister Arcadia, Mrs. Marie de Rocker, Mr. and Mrs. Achille Gilain, John P. Goldert, and Sister Ridinger.

CEDRIC (Naples)—Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Adams, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Armstrong, E. G. Bailey, Mrs. Thomas H. Barber, Miss Ellen L. Bartlett, Miss Eleanor Blodgett, Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Gorton, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick de P. Foster, Mrs. T. W. Folsom, Mr. and Mrs. F. N. Goddard, Miss Virgina Z. Chester, Dr. Paul B. Cook, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Converse, Mr. and Mrs. F. Deland, Mrs. N. E. Devereux, Miss L. J. Dresel, Miss Eleanor Evans, Mrs. Elbridge G. Keith, Miss Bessie Keith, Dr. Homer E. Safford, William B. Sanders, Mrs. Rowland Seegar, Mr. and Mrs. Richmond Talbot, Mrs. Knox Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Whitney, Eli Whitney, Mrs. Henry C. Wick, Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert M. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. George Landes, the Rev. J. J. Jennings, Father Patrick Ryan, Miss Emily Rogers, Miss Rhodes, Col. E. Whitehead, and A. S. Gouvea, acting Portuguese Consul General in New York.

Some of the arrivals yesterday were:

CARONIA (Naples)—Charles D. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Wilson, Miss M. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Seaman, J. R. Page, H. E. Page, Mrs. A. M. Moore, Logan G. McPherson, Mrs. F. G. Hooper, Miss Lucy W. Dorvin, Mrs. H. Crosby Dervin, Mrs. E. L. Bishop, Mrs. A. R. Estey, Edward R. Emerson, Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Tompkins, Miss H. Tingley, and Dr. T. Klingmann.

BALTIC (Liverpool)—A. R. Auld, Mrs. William Bell, E. C. Campbell, Col. H. D. Borup, George J. Carter, H. G. Cook, W. Butler Duncan, Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Elliot, Col. J. A. Gibbon, Lady Sybil Grey, W. Gretor, Dr. John Gunn, Miss Anna Hamlin, E. Stanley Holland, Miss May Lippincott, Frederick I. Lovell, Lady Aileen Roberts, Mrs. J. C. Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Romain, Mr. and Mrs. Armar D. Sanderson, H. S. Turner, W. S. Wallace, the Hon. and Lady Reginald Ward, William White, K. C., H. B. Young, George Willis, and Howell Woolley.

MINNEHAHA, (London)—Henry George, Louis Post, J. G. Passoe, the Norwegian Vice Consul in New York; Mr. and Mrs. Lewis H. Brown, Alfred C. Pennock, Miss Ruth Underhill, and Felix S. Johnson, United States Consul at Bergen, Norway.

SEA CHARTS ORIGINAL SAYS THEIR MAKER

Information for Compiling Them Not Obtained Second Hand, Declares Hydrographic Official.

OBJECTS TO CHANGING THEM

Because to Let the Weather Bureau Make Them Would Put Them in Jeopardy.

The Hydrographic Office of the navy lost little time in picking holes in the statement of H. L. Heiskell, Chief of the Marine Division of the Weather Bureau, published yesterday in support of the bureau's contention that the pilot charts used by mariners on every sea should be made by that bureau instead of the Hydrographic Office, as at present. Many of Mr. Heiskell's strongest arguments were denied, and there is considerable shifting of credit for the work done. With the matter to come before Congress in a few days, feeling between the two departments is running high.

Replying to Mr. Heiskell's assertion that the data as to currents are compiled by the Coast and Geodetic Survey and the Hydrographic Office, Baine C. Dent of the latter department said:

"This information is not so compiled. The only part therein attributable to the Coast Survey is that of the Gulf Stream south of Hatteras."

Mr. Dent also took sharp issue with Mr. Heiskell on the statement that the magnetic variation lines are collected by the Coast and Geodetic Survey and the Carnegie Institute and furnished the Hydrographic Office.

"The lines of equal variation of the compass on the pilot charts and other charts of the Hydrographic Office," said Mr. Dent, "are deducted by an independent discussion of the whole mass of available magnetic data. The statement that these lines are collected by the Coast and Geodetic Survey and the Carnegie Institute is not correct."

As to the contention of the Weather Bureau that the Hydrographic Office issues weekly notices which contain or could contain notices of all the derelicts, icebergs, drifting buoys, and other obstructions to navigation now entered on the pilot charts, Mr. Dent says:

"It is true that such notices are published weekly by the Hydrographic Office and, furthermore, are sent daily to the branch Hydrographic Offices, but the more dangerous obstructions are also telegraphed, as soon as received, to the nearest wireless telegraph station, to be sent broadcast to passing vessels."

To the Weather Bureau's contention that the same sailing routes shown on the pilot charts are shown on every meteorological ocean chart published by any country of the world, Mr. Dent replies that two other countries have engaged in publishing similar charts—England and Germany.

"Both," he says, "began many years after the United States Hydrographic Office had shown the way."

Mr. Dent spoke also of the transfer in 1904 of ocean meteorological work from the Navy Department to the Agricultural Department, saying:

"Had it been known that such a change was contemplated the hydrographer would have lodged a strong protest pointing out its absolute inadvisability."

Mr. Dent asserted that by such a change as the Weather Bureau would bring about the pilot chart itself would be in jeopardy.

"The Weather Bureau recently issued a series of ocean meteorological charts," said Mr. Dent. "The very base sheets on which they were printed are direct copies of the Hydrographic Office charts."

Hog Prices Now Up to $8.80.

Special to The New York Times.

DALLAS, Texas, Feb. 15.—Breaking of records in hog prices has become a daily habit on the Fort Worth live stock market. Yesterday's price of $8.75 per hundred weight was exceeded to-day when hogs sold for $8.80, the highest ever paid. These hogs were not exceptional. If choice had been offered $8.90 would have been paid. Nine dollar hogs may be reached this week.

Search All in Court for Weapons.

Disturbances in the Supreme Court, yesterday afternoon, caused Justice Giegerich to order a search of some thirty Italian witnesses and spectators for deadly weapons. The suit of two Italians over a matter of $375; which has been on trial for several days, was in progress. Justice Giegerich delivered a lecture on the subject of carrying concealed weapons after the officers had completed their search without uncovering any of the suspected stilettos and revolvers.

YERKES COLLECTION FOR SALE

Pictures and Rugs to be on Exhibition at American Art Galleries.

The famous Charles T. Yerkes collection of pictures it has at last been announced will be offered for sale on the evenings of April 5, 6, 7, and 8 at Mendelssohn Hall. Previous to the sale the pictures will be on exhibition at the American Art Galleries, Madison Square South, for a considerable time and the catalogue will be one of the most beautiful ever issued.

The rugs will also be on exhibition at the galleries, where they will be sold, but the tapestries, sculpture, embroideries, and various household embellishings and furnishings will be sold at the house, 864 Fifth Avenue, corner Sixty-eighth Street, during the week following the picture sale. They will also be on exhibition for a considerable period preceding the sale, the different rooms shown with the furnishings in their entirety, and only depeleted from day to day as the sale continues. Admittance will be by card only.

There will be two volumes to the catalogue, large quartos, the first volume devoted entirely to the pictures. This will be printed entirely on Japanese vellum, with a fine photogravure of each of more than 200 pictures. The second volume of the catalogue will be printed on French Japan, with thirty colored plates of the rugs and a description by John Kimberly Mumford. There will also be photogravures of the sculptures, &c. The subscription price will be $45 for the two volumes, and there will be only a limited number issued.

YIELDS TO STRIKING PUPILS.

President of East Greenwich (R. I.) School, Who Offended Students, Resigns

EAST GREENWICH, R. I., Feb. 15.—The resignation of the Rev. C. A. Stenhouse as President of East Greenwich Academy and the return of a number of students who left their desks recently, to-day terminated the students' strike which followed the dismissal of an instructor by President Stenhouse. Mr. Stenhouse announced to-day that he had sent his resignation to the Board of Trustees of the Methodist Episcopal Corporation controlling the institution, and that he expected to be relieved from duty on April 1.

The return of the students, who were day pupils, having their tuition paid by the town, was a result of a suggestion made by the Town School Committee. It was not announced to-day whether the dismissed instructor would be reinstated.

A. J. Crawford Co.

5th Ave. at 28th St.

25% Reduction on English Furniture, Plate, Porcelains, Bric-a-Brac, etc.,

to dispose of Surplus Stock

Sale This Week Only.

Dr. JOHN H. MEYER'S PURIFYING PLATE POWDER

Is the Ideal Purifier and Cleanser for Artificial teeth; absolutely destroys all forms of mouth bacteria and disease producing germs. A clean Plate fits better, keeps the mouth cool, sweet and wholesome and the general health is benefited.

For Sale by All Leading Druggists.

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS

To obtain desirable positions advertisements for next Sunday's New York Times should be in The Times Building not later than NOON FRIDAY, Feb. 18.

Sunday's New York Times publishes more high-class advertising than any other New York newspaper. All unworthy and doubtful advertising is excluded.

THE NEW YORK TIMES

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

1887 Brill Clothes 1910

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$17 and $12

Now brought within reach by our clearance prices—final—which represent in some cases reductions of one-half, in some a third, in others less. In all cases the VALUES are exceptional.

We will store, free of charge, any purchases made now and not desired until next Fall or Winter.

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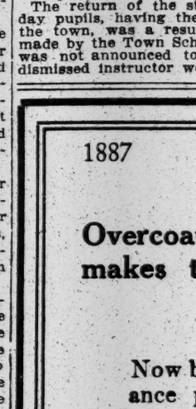
279 BROADWAY, nr. Chambers St. 125TH STREET, cor. 3d Avenue.

UNION SQUARE, 14th St., nr. B'way. 47 CORTLANDT ST., nr. Greenwich.

Wear "WHIRLWIND"



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A New Novel by MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

AUTHOR OF

The Circular Staircase

The Man in Lower Ten

The book from which the play "SEVEN DAYS" was made.

"New York will laugh at it for months."—*Tribune.*

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"Lively; clean and amusing."—*Herald.*

"Never a dull second."—*Journal of Commerce.*

"Laughing hit of the year."—*Evening World.*

"Catches on like a house afire."—*Eve. Sun.*

"Constant laughter."—*Post.*

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"More than usual merit."—*Press.*

"Loud laughter. Great joy."—*American.*

The Book Has All the Fun in the Play, and Ten Times More.

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BLOCK after block of city houses look just alike. Is your home like the others inside? Have it different, individual, in perfect taste. We can advise you correctly.

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Used at meals prevents Dyspepsia and relieves Gout and Indigestion.

Ask your Physician

VICHY CELESTINS

ASKS $25,000 BALM FOR WRONG ARREST

Sequel to a Theft of Silverware from a "Millionaire Morgan," Not J. Pierpont.

A JEWELER'S COMPLAINT

Arrested for Receiving Stolen Goods When He Says He Sought to Restore Loot to the Owner.

The suit of Harry Sartoris for $25,000 damages for false arrest and imprisonment against George H. Morgan of 6 East Fortieth Street, was begun yesterday before Justice Ford and a jury in the Supreme Court. Sartoris took the stand yesterday in his own behalf. He was represented by ex-Judge Herman Josephs. L. Laflin Kellogg appeared for Mr. Morgan.

Sartoris, who had a jewelry store at Thirty-eighth Street and Broadway, in 1903, was arrested on complaint of Mr. Morgan, to whom he had brought information about silver which had been stolen from the latter's home. He alleges that he acted in every way to bear out his statement that he was taking steps to restore Mr. Morgan's property, and that his subsequent arrest and humiliation were utterly unjustified. Mr. Morgan's defense is that Sartoris was acquainted with the thieves and seeking to persuade him to compound a felony.

One day in March, 1903, Sartoris told the jury, a man named J. Sears came to his store to sell some silverware. He asked Sears where he had obtained it, and Sears said from Arthur W. Perry. Perry, Sears admitted, had stolen the silverware from a "millionaire Morgan." Sartoris said he wanted to obtain the whole of the loot for the owner, and so made an arrangement with Sears to have the rest brought in the following day.

In return for the silverware he gave Sears a check for $75, drawn in such a way that his bank would not honor it. Sears promised to return the next day with the silverware. Sartoris then hunted for J. Pierpont Morgan, from whom he supposed the silverware had been stolen, and learned at the Metropolitan Club that it was George H. Morgan who had been robbed. He went to George Morgan's home, showed him one of the stolen forks and told him to be at the store the next day with the detectives, and the rest of the booty could be recovered. Instead, he testified, Mr. Morgan reported the matter to the police, and swore out a warrant for his arrest. Next day the detectives went to the store and waited for Sears and Perry to put in an appearance.

Their mission was successful, and the police gave out to the newspapers a highly seasoned story of how, after months of clever work on the part of the detectives, the silverware stolen in this mysterious robbery had been recovered. Sartoris was made to appear as a receiver of stolen goods in the police account, which was extensively printed. Magistrate Cornell held Sartoris, but he was released later, because there was no evidence of wrongful intent on his part in anything he had done.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

THOMAS F. MARTIN.—Thomas F. Martin, magazine circulator, 40 East Twenty-third Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $4,838 and no assets. He has only two creditors, the Oriental Bank, $1,794, and John S. McBride, $3,044, both on judgments obtained in 1907.

ESKA SILK COMPANY.—Sinderband & Kelt, who did business as the Eska Silk Company, 10 East Fourteenth Street, have made a settlement with their creditors at 37½ cents on the dollar, payable 25 cents cash and 12½ cents in notes at three years from date, and Judge Holt has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed against them on Dec. 4.

JOSEPH KLAR.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Joseph Klar, dealer in gowns, waists, &c., 629 Sixth Avenue, show liabilities of $19,153, of which $13,769 are secured by mortgages, and assets of $3,942, consisting of stock, $1,100; fixtures, $400, and equity in real estate, $2,442, at 147 9th Street, Brooklyn, valued at $11,000, mortgaged for $9,250, under foreclosure, and a half interest in 865 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, valued at $14,000, mortgaged for $13,076.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Allison, Calvin T., et al.—E. G. Murray, $454.
Ackerson, Edna E.—C. Evers et al., $107.
Blackman, Rose—H. Schneider, $1,129.
Bedell, George W.—Roscoe Lumber Co., $1,253.
Brunswick, Walter, et al.—E. G. Murray, $454.
Baron, Jennie—L. Stern, $1,285.
Rodjian, Peter K., John K., Harry K., and Menjig K.—H. & W. Co., $3,637.
Borgia, Thomas, (not summoned,) et al.—H. Lubetkin, $214.
Conran, Charles S.—Fletcher Paper Co., $455.
Chambliss, William H.—New York Washer Works Co., $161.
Curry, Thomas M.—W. Stringer, $326.
Cohen, Rose M.—Kielsovitch, $808.
Clark, William F.—L. C. Chanler, $198.
Cohen, Morris H.—N. Fisher et al., $134.
Cohen, Leo—M. White, $122.
Clark, Samuel D.—Ivy Court Realty Co., $195.
Corbett, Harvey W., et al.—F. Eifert, $1,352.
De Pascale, Antonio—S. Cotrone, $116.
Dunkelman, Marcus, et al.—A. Kacerow, $2,384.
Delaney, John T.—E. H. Kelly, $10,889.
Elsler, David, et al.—P. Kaskel et al., costs, $103.
Friedberg, Max, et al.—A. Kacerow, $2,384.
Fink, Simon—C. Gallacher, $116.
Fargo, James C., Presidents—S. Yarmy, $2,127.
Fishman, Benjamin, et al.—M. Feltenstein et al., $892.
Fleischner, Albert—N. Fleischner, $629.
Gyurkovics, John—C. Adler, $125.
Gross, Samuel, et al.—P. Kaskel et al., costs, $103.
Hayman, Keenan—Standard Fish Co., $262.
Haas, Wilhelmina or Minna—J. Keith, $894.
Hubert, Conrad—C. Young, $2,339.
Hock, Fredericka, et al.—Pine Moon Realty Co., $1,684.
Haight, William C.—J. N. Carpenter, $1,257.
Herman, Jennie—I. Harris et al., costs, $107.
Hedly, Michael—C. Adler, $120.
Kirk, Eliza—C. Bjorkegren, $1,190.
Kuhns, Lucie—H. J. Erickson, $419.
Kovner, Louis, et al.—M. Feltenstein et al., $892.
Kelster, George—J. E. Faltonte, $490.
Lovell, Edward—Empire Trust Co., $482.
Lowenthal, Wolf—S. Schild, $175.
Lutge, William—F. Hoelscher, $48,139.
Luzeckie, Antony—C. Adler, $122.
Lavens, Erwin—E. P. Rolle, $253.
Marsh, Albert L.—A. Bruen et al., $363.
Meyer, Adolph—Niagara Lithograph Co., $2,128.
Mowbray, William E.—H. De Forest, $152.
McCrary, Pierce R.—W. H. Hart, $143.
McAdam, Sarah B.—C. M. McAdam, $0,076.
Pulvermacher, Annie — Sherman Apartment Hotel Co., possession of property and $76 or $426.
Paradise, Carmine, et al.—H. Lubotkin, $214.
Qualey, John A., et al.—F. Elfert, $1,352.
Rosenberg, Jacob—C. Tuffiasch, $140.
Rosenfeld, William—I. Lipsitz, $340.
Simon, Isidor—A. Krumenaker, $108.
Sloane, George, et al.—E. G. Murray, $454.
Soloman, Morris—M. H. Grossman et al., $183.
Spiess, Max—West Side Bank, $460.
Same—Same, $301.
Spencer, Sylvester A.—N. Bruno, $3,135.
Voss, William H. N.—Dan & Peckner, $133.
Ward, Thomas M.—A. G. Spalding, $118.
Walsh, William T.—City of New York, $379.
Walker, John H.—Same, $379.
Wilson, Max S. A., et al—Pine Moon Realty Co., $1,684.
Weil, Moritz and Alfred, (not summoned)—O. L. Spannhake, $166.
Witherbee, Sidney A.—I. I. Hirschman, $314.
Whitridge, Frederick W., receiver—A. Caputo, $150.
Lillian Blauvelt Opera Co.—City of New York, $108.
Ajax Realty Co.—Same, $108.
Anti-Monopoly Light and Power Co.—Same, $108.
Bazar Du Voyage Co.—Same, $109.
B. & B. Paint Co.—Same, $108.
Auto Lighter Co.—Same, $108.
Admirial Prindte Mining Co.—Same, $108.
Levering & Garrigues Co.—M. J. Storen, $0,637.
Engineering and Combustion Co.—N. Y. Tel. Co., $101.
Bryant Company—L. H. Leopold et al., $138.
H. D. Best Co.—I. Hirshman, $411.
Salo Art Metal Co.—F. Riers, $803.
New York City Ry. Co.—J. Sageblel, $1,360.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

Agid, Samuel—United Electric Light and Power Co., Dec. 31, 1908, $329.
Clough, Arthur D.—Gatti-McQuade Co., Jan. 26, 1910, $120.
Green, John—M. Low et al., June 20, 1909, $444.
Giller, Katie—G. A. Kessler, Jan. 20, 1910, $5,909.
Henderson, Charles A.—G. W. Burns, Dec. 28, 1908, $382.
Merrin, E. & J., Co.—J. O'Brien, Jan. 11, 1910, $2,000.
Stern, Louis—C. A. Edelhoff et al., May 28, 1895, $384.
Same—Same, April 12, 1895, $470.
Same—A. Wimpfheimer, March, 26, 1895, $1,047.
Same—G. F. Victor et al., April 23, 1895, $404.
Same—L. R. Barnard Chemical Co., May 2, 1895, $356.
Wittner-Jaffer Realty Co.—D. C. Rice, Nov. 9, 1909, $157.
Same—Same, Jan. 22, 1900, $5,205.

ON TRIAL FOR DIAMOND THEFT.

Ethics of the Credit System Involved in Jeweler Schickerling's Case.

After more than four years of delay, the case of the People against Conrad Schickerling, a jeweler, now living in Newark, was called before Judge Crain, in General Sessions, yesterday, with Abe Levy as counsel for the defense. The prosecution is conducted by Almuth C. Vandiver, former Assistant District Attorney, who while in office presented the voluminous evidence to the Grand Jury. He was assigned to try the case now, without compensation, by District Attorney Whitman, whose law partner he was before the last election. Mr. Whitman was the Magistrate before whom the preliminary hearings were held.

Schickerling is indicted for grand larceny. Complaint was brought against him in June, 1906, by Gustave A. Edelhoff, junior member of the firm of Edelhoff & Co., diamond merchants at 574 Fifth Avenue. In his deposition Edelhoff says that in January of that year he obtained more than $6,000 worth of diamonds on memorandum from H. E. Oppenheim & Co., 3 Malden Lane, for Schickerling, who wished to compare them with some he had already gathered for a lorgnette chain ordered by Oscar L. Richards, President of the State Bank. He then accuses Schickerling of pawning the diamonds, which he, Edelhoff, was obliged to redeem before they could be returned to their original owner.

It was not until the following Spring that Magistrate Whitman held Schickerling for the Grand Jury. Nine months later four indictments were found against him. A year later, in April, 1909, these were superseded by a single indictment charging the larceny of the diamonds, the pawn ticket and the money alleged to have been raised by that means. Yesterday the case was called for trial, no longer to be postponed, now that the calendar in General Sessions works automatically, independent of the convenience of the District Attorney's office.

By the end of the day ten jurors had been chosen. This hypothetical question, put by counsel for the defense, proved the obstacle for most of those rejected:

"Would you feel any prejudice against a man in financial difficulties who would pawn goods, either his or in his possession, for the purpose of paying his bills?"

Many talesmen confessed to a decided prejudice against a man under such circumstances. The monotony of their examination was enlivened only by the frequent sallies between Mr. Vandiver and Mr. Levy.

WAIL FROM VETERAN'S WIFE.

Please Tell Him the War Is Over, She Asks, and the Court Does.

If you were the wife of a civil war veteran and he should get up in the middle of every night and march around the room beating a snare drum and singing "We'll Rally Round the Flag, Boys," wouldn't it strain your patriotism? That's what a tired woman asked when she appeared yesterday in the Myrtle Avenue Court, Brooklyn.

"Your Honor," said she to Magistrate Naumer, "I had two husbands, both of whom are dead, before this one. He is the first war veteran I ever had. I love my country and admire George M. Cohan, but I think there should be a line drawn somewhere in this Star Spangled Banner business. Why, every night almost he gets up—my husband, I mean—and awakens me with the cry: 'Hark, I hear the rebel yell! To arms, to arms!' Then he gets an old drum, and, placing his Grand Army hat on his head, parades around, beating the drum and singing 'Marching Through Georgia.' Will you please tell him the war is over?"

The husband assured the Magistrate that his wife exaggerated.

"Judge," said he, "I only do that when I'm soused."

"Oh, I see," said the court, "fired with patriotism by rum, you get up in the night and beat your drum."

On his promise to forget the war, he was discharged.

Husband's $300,000 Estate to Mrs. Peabody.

MINEOLA, L. I., Feb. 15.—The will of the late Richard Augustus Peabody of New York and Cedarhurst, L. I., was filed here to-day, disposing of an estate of $300,000. His widow, Mary Miller Peabody, is made executrix, with George W. Miller of Buffalo as executor. The entire estate is left to Mrs. Peabody, and is named as personal. It is thought possible, however, that Mr. Peabody divided real property between his two children, Constance and Richard, who have been prominent in the Long Island social set.

SUBWAY CAR SERVICE FAR BEHIND TRAFFIC

Only 3 Per Cent. Increase in the Last Three Years, Though 75 Per Cent. More Passengers.

HEDLEY ANGERS WILLCOX

His Statement That the Utilities Board Plans to Spend $47,000,000 in Brooklyn Called False.

At the continued hearing in the general inquiry of the Public Service Commission into the train service in the Subway yesterday figures were submitted by B. G. Lewis of the commission's Bureau of Statistics and Accounts, showing that in the last three years the number of passengers carried has increased 73 per cent., while the number of cars operated has increased only a little more than 3 per cent. Similar figures were given for the elevated, showing that in the same period the number of passengers carried increased 7 per cent., and the number of cars operated 4 per cent.

The detailed statement was:

CARS OWNED BY THE INTERBOROUGH.

	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.
Subway	794	794	837	823
Elevated	1,524	1,503	1,591	1,591

REVENUE PASSENGERS CARRIED.

	1906.	1908.	1909.
Subway	137,919,632	200,439,776	238,430,146
Elevated	257,796,754	282,845,864	276,250,196

General Manager Hedley of the Interborough submitted figures more favorable to the company. He declared that the commission's figures were based simply on the number of cars available for service. He said that the number of cars operated in the Subway in 1906 was 17 per cent. greater than in 1905, with a 15 per cent. increase in 1907, a 23 per cent. increase in 1908; but increased only .97 per cent. in 1909. The small increase last year was accounted for by Mr. Hedley by the statement that the company had been unable to obtain the cars which it had ordered.

"It would not make any difference how many cars we had anyway," said Mr. Hedley, "we could not operate them on account of the limitations of the Subway. Only six or seven times in the history of the Subway have we been able to operate all the cars available, and those occasions were on great days such as during the Hudson-Fulton Celebration."

A delegation from the West Side Bronx Association called on the commission yesterday to urge the extension of the west side elevated line from Eighth Avenue across the Harlem River, thence up Jerome Avenue to Kingsbridge. The delegation was headed by Justice John M. Tierney, who informed the commission that he had consulted Mr. Hedley, who said that the company would make the extension if it obtained permission to third track the Second, Third, and Ninth Avenue elevated lines.

Chairman Willcox grew rather wroth at this. "If the Interborough has another proposal to submit why don't they put it before us?" said he. "They did submit a proposal and we rejected it, and stated our reasons therefor very plainly. Then they submitted another proposal, which we also rejected, and I think our reasons given at that time were very clear. As I said at that time, we could not permit the necessities of the city to become the opportunity of franchise grabbers."

"But something surely should be done in the Bronx," said Justice Tierney. "Mr. Hedley tells me that you are preparing to spend $47,000,000 in Brooklyn."

"That is absolutely false," shouted Mr. Willcox, "and will you kindly tell Mr. Hedley so with my compliments."

Chauffeur's Jury Locked Up.

The jury trying the case of John O'Hanlon, the taxicab chauffeur, who, on Oct. 1, ran over and killed Elizabeth Botts of 434 West Seventeenth Street, at Twenty-third Street and Ninth Avenue, could not reach a verdict at 10 o'clock last night, and were locked up by order of Justice Goff after having been out since 11:45 o'clock yesterday morning. O'Hanlon was caught after the accident by a small boy who clung to the back of his cab and rode with him for more than a mile until he saw a policeman.

Tiffanys Suing Mrs. Sully for $6,000.

The suit of Tiffany & Co. against Mrs. Emma F. Sully, wife of Daniel J. Sully, the former "cotton king," was begun in the Supreme Court yesterday before Justice Hendrick and a jury. Mrs. Sully, the Tiffanys assert, owes about $6,000 for silverware and china.

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A member of a New York firm which makes high-grade clothes for men has just returned from a commercial missionary trip to foreign capitals, with the result that he booked orders in London, Paris, Brussels, Vienna, Berlin, and Rome, besides other Continental cities. He says the foreign retailers displayed a surprising avidity for ready-to-wear merchandise bearing the label, "Made in New York."

Heretofore, says this merchant, tradition has had it that the well-dressed man living in Europe was compelled to adhere to models featured by prominent British tailors. But the illusion has been so successfully dispelled that leading custom tailors are almost to an individual united in expressing the opinion that more artistic and distinctive technique is shown in the construction of men's apparel here than abroad. Superiority in the lines conforming to effect proper fit, as well as in respect to the general character of workmanship employed, it is said by dependable authorities on correct attire, distinguishes both American made to measure and store clothes.

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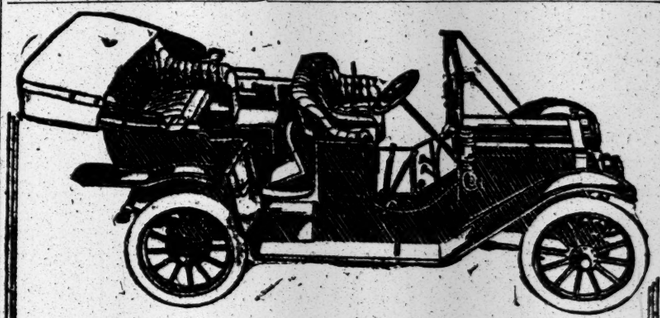
VIVIAN GOULD IN BALLET.

George J. Gould's Daughter to be Dancer in Lakewood Vaudeville Show.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., Feb. 15.—The principal amusement for those here on Washington's Birthday will be the vaudeville show by the Ocean County Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, of which Mrs. Jasper Lynch, one of the leaders of the villa colony, is the President. Miss Vivian Gould, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George J. Gould, will be one of the ballet dancers, and Mrs. Gould will be one of the sponsors of the affair. Many are expected from New York, Philadelphia, and the cities of New Jersey for this affair.

A large and beautiful valentine party was given yesterday afternoon at the Laurel House by Mrs. William Jamison.



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Next Sunday's Times.

In the Pictorial Section, too, there will be the best set of pictures yet printed showing scenes, incidents, and persons in the great bribery and blackmailing scandal at Albany. Still another striking series, which, like the two first mentioned, will fill an entire page, will show the various ways in which ex-President Roosevelt was entertained in Africa.

A flashlight photograph of the now famous dinner at which President Taft and Gov. Hughes spoke will make an interesting feature. A new photograph of Mrs. Asquith, wife of the British Premier, will appear, and there will be an interesting snapshot of Miss Helen Gould.

Pictures of beautiful English women will constitute a pleasing feature, and another will be a series of prominent American society women. A series of Dog Show pictures, somewhat out of the ordinary, will be given. There will be a page of pictures of opera stars, taken at their homes and on the stage, and attractive pictures of the dancers who are to appear at the Plaza to-morrow at the benefit for the Preparatory Trade School.

The Magazine Section

will include, among other articles of importance, one by Gen. von der Boeck, the eminent German military authority, on the new situation in the Far East, apropos of the assassination of Prince Ito.

The private newspaper (with a circulation of one copy only) which is prepared by the Russian police for the Czar's eye has come into the possession of Vladimir Bourtseff, and George Kennan will reveal in The Sunday Times some of the astonishing stories told in it.

Prof. W. I. Thomas, the well-known sociologist of the University of Chicago, whose views on women have attracted such wide attention, will contribute an interesting article on woman's sphere.

The Plain Truth about ALCOHOLISM

The abnormal taste for liquor can be entirely overcome and destroyed without the slightest publicity, without detention from business or loss of time, without a single unpleasant feature; and at only a reasonable cost.

But it cannot be done on the old-fashioned principle of "will power," etc. Physicians have long since recognized Alcoholism as a disease requiring medical treatment to overcome the morbid craving for a stimulant.

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Beautiful Women

in American and English society portrayed in the Pictorial Section of next Sunday's New York Times. Also vivid representations of scenes from operas and current plays, and pictures of great singers at home.

Universal interest will be felt in the graphic illustrations of Theodore Roosevelt's progress in Africa and his reception by Uganda's sable monarch.

The Legislative scandal at Albany will find pictorial representation, and Hy. Mayer will satirize some happenings in the passing show.

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 16, 1910.

THE TARIFF AND GOLD.

There is a strong effort being made to persuade the American people that the high cost of living is not due in any great degree in this country to the excessive tariff taxes on competition, but is part of a general rise in prices throughout the world, caused by the marked increase in the output of gold. In a very clear and cogent article in last Sunday's TIMES Mr. JOHN JAMES ROONEY showed very plainly that the rise in the cost of the necessaries of life is very much greater in this country than in other countries, and that in the case of many of these necessaries extremely high taxes had been imposed for the express purpose of enhancing prices, and had only too well served their purpose.

Taking SAUERBECK'S figures for London, the central market of the world, and Bradstreet's figures for New York, he showed an advance in London, from 1896 to 1900, of 23 per cent., and in New York of 44 per cent.; from 1900 to 1907, the advance in London was 6½ per cent., and in New York 11 per cent., and later figures tell the same story. The rise in the United States has been, broadly, nearly twice as great as in the world's market, London. Obviously it cannot be said that America is but feeling its proportional effect of a general rise. It is in reality bearing something like a double burden. It is not contended by any rational man that the operation of our oppressive tariff barrier to trade is the sole influence that makes our burden heavier, but since we are the only great country in the world that has raised that barrier to such a height, and since in our case it was done avowedly to give our industries higher prices for their product, it is foolish to try to fool the people by ascribing our troubles to worldwide causes.

Moreover, the actual effect upon prices of an increase in the product of gold is a very obscure matter, as to which economists and financiers differ widely and as to which the most prudent express themselves with a good deal of reserve. In the first place it is impossible to trace any distinct parallelism between the movement of prices and that of the gold output. As a general proposition, few would dispute that an increase in the chief and most nearly stable currency metal of the world would tend toward higher prices. But that tendency may be offset or interfered with in so many ways that it becomes quite impracticable to trace it. We give below a little table which illustrates this difficulty in a very striking fashion. It shows the average prices according to SAUERBECK'S index number at five different periods between 1870 and 1907, and at the same periods the world's annual production of gold:

Year.	Average Prices.	Gold Product.
1870	96	$92,000,000
1873	111	$96,000,000
1896	61	202,000,000
1900	75	254,000,000
1907	80	404,000,000

Here we see a heavy rise in prices in a few years with no material change in the production of gold. We see prices dropping nearly one-half while the gold product doubles, and prices rising again only one-third while the gold product again doubles. This is by no means conclusive proof that gold production does not tend to raise prices, but it is quite conclusive proof that it is extremely difficult to trace the effect of that tendency.

One of the reasons for this difficulty is the very great volume of gold that has accumulated, to which even larger additions contribute but a small percentage. According to the official statistics of our Government the heaping up of gold since the discovery of America has gone on as shown in the brief table subjoined:

Periods.	Gold produced.
1493 to 1800	$2,370,000,000
1800 to 1850	2,190,000,000
1850 to 1880	2,329,000,000
1880 to 1895	1,987,000,000
1895 to 1909	4,147,000,000
Total	$13,023,000,000

The total gold product in three centuries before the nineteenth century was equaled in the first sixty years of that century; the product of those sixty years was again equaled in the next twenty years; and it was nearly trebled in the next thirty years. Yet the estimated addition in the most productive year was hardly more than 3 per cent. of the total previous accumulation.

There are other causes that obscure the exact effect of increased gold production. The extent and variety of the commodities exchanged in the daily trade of the world have enormously increased, and the ordinary work of gold as a medium of exchange is thus made greater. If nothing offset this, more gold would be needed. But the great extension of the use of credit in practically negotiable form tends again to lighten the work necessarily performed by gold and to lessen its exchange value. The whole question, it will be seen, is extremely intricate and difficult. But one thing remains clear: At the present juncture, whatever effect on prices throughout the world may be exerted by increased gold product, it does not explain the far greater rise in prices in our own country, while that greater rise is in part explained by a tariff enacted confessedly to cause it.

BRITISH VS. NEWPORT DIVORCE.

According to the divorce decree in favor of an officer of the Oxfordshire Light Infantry, signed Monday by the President of the Divorce Court in London, his American wife is a bigamist. Her divorce from the English Army officer, obtained in Rhode Island in 1907 on the ground of non-support, is pronounced invalid by the London Judge, so that issue by her subsequent marriage would be deprived of the rights of inheritance in Great Britain. An English authority on divorce, writing recently in The Yale Law Review, remarks:

> It ought to be more generally understood than it is that the English courts can, and do, whenever American divorces come before them, take fresh evidence in the courts there to determine whether or not the plaintiff had in fact a bona fide domicile in the State where the divorce was granted. The mere recital in the American decree that the plaintiff was so domiciled is not enough. The English courts determine that question for themselves independently.

In the case just decided there was not merely the question of domicile. It appears, however, that the plaintiff in the Newport case had avowed a permanent residence in London, had returned to this country alone, adopted Newport as her residence, and six months later filed her suit in the Superior Court of Rhode Island. She pleaded non-support, although she was enjoying an income of $50,000 a year and her husband's pittance was $2,500. Whether this point was considered in determining the bona fides of her residence is not stated in the cable dispatches; at all events, it aided the court's decision. The famous case of Earl RUSSELL, who was found guilty of bigamy by the House of Lords after procuring a divorce from his first wife in Nevada, was determined simply upon the fact that he had "gone there for the short time necessary to meet the requirements of that State, which say that he must 'reside' there."

The effect of the new British decision should be salutary. The rule according to which it was affirmed is the identical rule laid down by the United States Supreme Court in the case of HADDOCK vs. HADDOCK, whereby one State refused to recognize a divorce obtained in another State, because dissatisfied with the genuineness of the domicile claimed by the plaintiff.

THE WHOLE TRUTH.

It was left to a Democrat, LEWIS STUYVESANT CHANLER, formerly Lieutenant Governor and now a member of the Assembly from Dutchess County, to point out to the Republicans of the Legislature the path of wisdom and of safety. His resolution demanding "a full and complete investigation" of the charges against the integrity of members of the Assembly was introduced on Monday evening. The present Senate investigation will, at most, determine the guilt or innocence of two or three men. The inquiry should be much broader, much more sweeping, and complete. Senator WAINWRIGHT yesterday introduced a joint resolution providing for an inquiry of that nature. It may be that this resolution had been under consideration among the Republican leaders before Mr. CHANLER spoke. But, at any rate, his resolution made Republican action imperatively necessary.

Senator WAINWRIGHT'S resolution is not limited to one day, to one year, or to one or to a few Senators or members. It demands the ascertainment of the facts

> in relation to any fund or funds contributed from any other source or used in any manner for the purpose of corruptly or otherwise influencing the action of the members of the Legislature upon any subject during the year in question, or prior or succeeding years, or whether any such funds now exist or have been recently contributed or employed for any such purpose, or whether there has been at any time any corrupt or improper action with respect to any legislative matter on the part of any person now or heretofore a member of the Legislature, or any attempt corruptly to influence the action of any such person.

This language, it will be perceived, calls for the whole truth. A committee in good faith executing this mandate would get at the whole truth so far as it is ascertainable. It leaves no room for that device which the law calls the "negative pregnant," a device by which a Senator or Assemblyman accused of having received a bribe on the 23d day of April may deny that he took a bribe on the 23d day of April, while leaving the taking of a bribe upon some other day open to doubt or inference. The Lieutenant Governor and the Speaker are to appoint the members of this joint committee. We hope they will be duly impressed with the responsibility of naming men who will act in the spirit of the resolution.

When the Star Route frauds were under investigation President Garfield declared that they must "cut the [illegible] every day there is great danger to the bone." Incisions made by the surgeons upon that occasion, however, were hardly more than exploratory, and did not reach the bone. During the investigation of the Whisky Ring President GRANT said, "Let no guilty man escape." Unfortunately, some of the biggest culprits did escape. It would have been better for the Republican Party had they been punished. It will be bad, it will be very bad, indeed, for the Republican Party in the State of New York if the guilty are permitted to escape. In that category, according to general belief, will be found the names of men no longer at Albany, no longer in public life. There will, we fear, be found the names of men still at Albany, and still in public life. Wherever they are, and whoever they may be, an investigation such as the Wainwright resolution demands will bring upon them the penalty of exposure, which, perhaps, is the only penalty it is now possible to inflict. If the Republican leaders are not so fatuous as to suppose that their party can thrive and keep its hold upon power with this concealed record of corruption and public debauchery, the Wainwright Committee will be directed by them to get at the truth, and the whole truth.

THE CRIMINAL FATHERS.

Now comes a member of the New England Historical and Genealogical Society hight STARK, with a book specially compiled and written to make pious members of the patriotic organizations of this country "sit up." PATRICK HENRY, who said "Give me liberty or give me death," was a bankrupt and leader of the "poor whites" against the planter aristocracy of Virginia. Mr. STARK asserts. BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, philosopher, scientist, inventor, patriot, and founder, robbed the mails. JOHN ADAMS, signer of the Declaration, joined the Revolution for its "great opportunity of advancement" to him personally. SAMUEL ADAMS was a defaulter, and JOHN HANCOCK was a defaulter and a smuggler.

Verily, the evil that men do lives after them. There are always persons like Mr. STARK who take diabolical delight in its perpetuation. In these cases of the "criminal" fathers of the Republic the good they did was not interred with their bones—but that is not the fault of Mr. STARK. Cavillers might say that such charges are of high crimes and misdemeanors born chiefly of factional bitterness, not tried out save in the courts of contemporary public opinion. But it is only factional opinion that Mr. STARK now seeks. He wants to pose as an iconoclast. Let him pose. FRANKLIN, ADAMS, HANCOCK, and PATRICK HENRY while in the flesh endured these same assaults. They still live.

THE OHIO CAMPAIGN.

There never was another political jest like that of sending Trust Buster ELLIS to campaign against Gov. HARMON in Ohio. The fun of the thing lies in the tremendous solemnity with which it is done, and in the comparative records of the two men. To appreciate the joke it is necessary to have a memory capable of recalling the events of day before yesterday. Either Mr. TAFT must think that there are few such persons, or else he must believe with BARNUM that Americans like to be humbugged.

Mr. ELLIS, it must be borne in mind, became the Administration trust buster upon his record in the State which he is now to contest. It was his wonderful success in prosecuting the monsters under the law of Ohio which qualified him as prosecutor under the laws of the United States, and he now returns to Ohio representing still another sort of law, representing the change of base by those who are sending him to Ohio. In Ohio Mr. ELLIS put his men before a jury of their neighbors, but the men who are sending him to manage in Ohio for them are proposing to put all the corporations in the country on trial before a single department official in Washington before they can have as a privilege that right to trade throughout the Union which ought to be their right without anybody's permission, unless they have done something to forfeit it. Mr. ELLIS'S earlier manner was thoroughly American, and successful. Trust villains were sentenced to jail by the score, and now he is returning to Ohio on behalf of an Administration which doubtless has done its best, but which has never sent a single big rascal to prison, and which is preparing to make all corporations prove their innocence as a preliminary to getting a certificate of commercial morality.

The curious thing about Mr. ELLIS'S success is that there was no local demand for more of it. Under the Federal law all trust officers are guilty, although none of them have yet gone to jail. Under the Ohio law also the larger part of the commercial population were presumptively as guilty as those who were convicted, but there was no demand that Mr. ELLIS should not weary of well doing. On the contrary, he seemed more frightened than those whom he prosecuted. So great a sensation was caused when he swung open the jail doors that he came to New York to allay the anxiety. His manner was not different from that of Mr. TAFT or Mr. ROOSEVELT under similar conditions. He was not going to run amuck. He did not want to send everybody to jail. Extremes like that tended to produce extreme revulsion. We should beware of ultra radicals. The best speech Mr. ROOSEVELT ever made was that one in which he denounced the muckrakers. When reform blows the horn and beats the drum and rings the bell at our front door every day there is great danger that public exhaustion may cause a plea for peace at any price.

It will be seen that Mr. ELLIS is just the man to represent in Ohio the Administration which is against every trust, but which will not run amuck, and which will amend the Sherman law to-day, and will not amend it to-morrow, and proposes to put a feather bed beneath the window through which the Supreme Court—perhaps—will throw every wealthy malefactor. The eminent fitness of Mr. ELLIS to represent the Administration is instantly apparent. No less evident is the fitness of Mr. HARMON to be the popular candidate of the people who want every trust smashed except those owned and personally conducted by themselves individually. Mr. HARMON is of the Cleveland type. To him there were no Republican rascals or Democratic rascals, but vice was vice. Being of that opinion, he naturally advised Mr. ROOSEVELT that guilt was always personal, and Mr. ROOSEVELT fled as fast as either Mr. ELLIS or Mr. TAFT or Mr. BONAPARTE. Never was there a law which so many eminent persons have favored, and have shrunk from enforcement thereof. Mr. ELLIS and Mr. HARMON are just the men to place this issue before the people of Ohio, who have a law with working teeth, and who are now to witness a campaign in favor of a Federal law of another variety.

GREATEST OF ALL MARATHONS.

A more thrilling and electrifying contest it would be almost impossible to conceive than the great international race between the Americans and the British, starting within a few months for the south pole, the last objective on the face of the earth. The race itself, the background of it, and the sportsmanlike manner in which it is to be conducted, seize and hold the imagination. It is to be between the two great branches of the Anglo-Saxons, the attitude of each being, "Here's good luck to both sides; may the best men win."

The English expedition, leaving home in August, will embark directly for King Edward Land from New Zealand in December, while the Americans will leave New York in the Roosevelt, PEARY'S north pole ship, in September, touching civilization for the last time in their southward course at Punta Arenas, in the Strait of Magellan, also in December. They will enter the circumpolar territory at Graham Land, at almost the opposite side of the earth from their rivals. Thus both will land about the same time and the great trek for the grail will begin at practically the same moment.

Apparently the English have important advantages. They are to be led by a man who has already won fame in antarctic exploration, and are to follow Lieut. SHACKLETON'S beaten trail to within 111 miles of the pole. The Americans are to attack the pole from an unknown base, impossible of selection until they are actually on the ground. They must have a new leader, for PEARY, though organizing the expedition and directing its equipment, is not to go. But the leader, whoever he may be, will have BARTLETT and some others of those who conquered the ice pack with PEARY. That is saying much.

Well may PEARY say, "My, what a race!" It is not inconceivable that, groping about in a blizzard such as Lieut. SHACKLETON found so frequent in that region, they should actually meet at the very pole itself. Truly, it will be a great Marathon.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Education for All Defended.

In its annual report to the Legislature the State Commission of Prisons made what sounded like a rather plausible argument in favor of relaxing the truancy law in such a way as to give Magistrates discretion in the matter of compelling parents to send their children to school. In support of this plea the commission cited pathetic cases of widowed mothers, struggling to maintain a home, who either were unable to give their children the sort of clothing they would need if they went to school or were obliged to keep the older children at home taking care of the younger in order that the mothers might go out and earn the money required for food.

To apply for public aid would pauperize these families, and in the commission's opinion is worse than allowing a few children to grow up illiterate. That is one view of the truancy law, and it is the one that would naturally be taken by officials to whose attention all such cases come, but Commissioner DRAPER of the State Education Department, while admitting the occasional hardship worked under this law, as under every other of wide application, insists, and we think correctly, that these cases are relatively very few and that no excuse for depriving children of an elementary education can be allowed without opening the door to widespread abuses of the most serious kind.

This is more than plausible—it is obviously true. For every one widowed mother who really cannot send all her children to school unless she gets outside help of some sort there would be thousands of parents who from avarice or from indifference to the value of "book learning" would ruthlessly condemn their offspring to lifelong ignorance if on any pretense they could obtain permission to keep them out of school and set them to work. Much as have public school methods been criticised of late, there is yet no question that a certain degree of education is necessary to make good citizens. Illiteracy is both disgraceful and dangerous, and, well grounded as is the fear of charity and its pauperizing influence, it must sometimes be risked lest worse evils befall the individual and the community. Not quite all homes are worth preserving, and it is not always advisable to keep a family or the remnants of one together at any cost to its members.

Questions Hard to Answer.

Attention is called by The Philadelphia Inquirer to what at least seems to have been an absurdly difficult examination paper recently set before pupils of 14 and 15 in an Allentown school, with the result that every one of them failed to pass. The questions were on general history, and among others they included these:

> Discuss the antiquity of man.
> Give a detailed account of the Aryan race.
> Give an account of science among the Egyptians.
> Where did the Phoenicians establish colonies? And why?
> How does science establish the location of the home of the first parents?
> Discuss the important customs of the Babylonians.

The rest of the paper was of the same quality. Of course boys and girls of the age mentioned could make nothing of such questions unless they had been subjected to a special training—or cramming—on matters to them of practically no importance, value, or interest. One should be glad rather than sorry that the Allentown children all failed, since, if they had "passed" their success would have been proof that they had devoted a vast amount of time that should have been used for other purposes to learning things they did not need to know.

So often, however, have examination papers been ridiculed or denounced with little reason or none at all, that we are disposed to await further information about this set before assuming that the examiners who devised the questions for the Allentown school mentally stand somewhere between maniacs and imbeciles. Probably they have some sort of an explanation to make; possibly they can say and prove that they are not guilty as charged. Investigations of like accusations against civil service examiners have often spoiled equally exciting stories.

Venerable Eggs Imported.

As nobody would export eggs to this country or import them into it except with the intention of selling them at least a little under the prices commanded by eggs of home production, nobody who has not been making a ruthless use of the local cold-storage facilities will be at all disturbed by the fact that many huge cases of eggs have recently reached this city from abroad. They come, it seems, from Hull, but were originally collected at some unknown, or at least unrevealed, date, in Austria, France, and Germany.

Unfortunately for the importers, but fortunately for other people, these eggs have arrived on a rapidly falling market, and there is some question whether, after freight charges, commissions, and duties have been paid, there will be any profits left for the consignors. That is, on the whole, a pity, perhaps, for if foreign eggs did keep coming in here, after a while more people would attain a realizing sense of the wild absurdity of our tariff, especially as applied to food products, and would reach the conclusion that it was time to stop such nonsense.

That we pay these duties, not only on the inconsequential imports, but upon everything we raise here, ought to be known by all consumers, but very few of them, apparently, do know it, and they howl in vain—as yet—against the monstrous abuse. In the back counties, however, there is just now an ominous disquietude, and it may be that if prices keep going up long enough something will soon happen to the privileged classes created by a protection which is the very reverse of protective for those in the larger classes not privileged.

"THE NIGHT COURT."

Lurana W. Sheldon's Verses Arouse Interest in Social Problem.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I thank Miss Sheldon for her words in THE TIMES on "The Night Court"? Though I have never seen it myself, the facts are known to me through attendance at charity and other conferences, and she has put into burning words what every one who thinks must feel. I believe her verses will go far toward rousing more active measures in behalf of these poor sisters of ours and awaken some more interest to the possibility of stemming the current that swells the tide of these unfortunates. M. S.

New York, Feb. 14, 1910.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"The Night Court" poem is really a gem. It is based on Truth, with a big, big "T," and will make the philanthropists reflect deeply and wonder at the folly of sending millions of money and thousands of missionaries thousands of miles to convert the happy heathen, while here in our civilized cities we have numerous unfortunate wretches who hopelessly await the grasp of some helping hand to rescue them from the pit of perdition. T. C.

New York, Feb. 14, 1910.

WOULD MARK BUTTER.

Oleomargarine Manufacturers' Plan to Prevent Substitution.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

We have noted with interest the articles on "The Poor Man's Butter," appearing in your paper, and would say that manufacturers of oleomargarine, one and all, will welcome the day when their product will be sold without fraud or deception and without tax.

If the Dairy Trust is so anxious to protect the consumer from this "butter substitute" why not identify butter by a stamp and brand, stating the character of the product, which will fully protect the consumer against a dealer substituting oleomargarine for butter. In other words, identify butter to the consumer by providing for its sale in original identified packages, stating the name of the producer, the date of its make, and wnether creamery, centralized factory, or renovated butter.

JOHN F. JELKE,
President John F. Jelke Company.
Chicago, Feb. 13, 1910.

Preservation of City Hall Park.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Step by step City Hall Park has been encroached upon with buildings—the Post Office, the brownstone deformity, and the old Court House in the rear. If the present buildings were removed and a setting of trees provided, the architectural proportions of City Hall would be preserved as originally intended. Any new building would not only detract from the harmony of the City Hall, but its own architectural effect would be marred by its close proximity.

The reasons which prevented the erection of the new city building in City Hall Park apply with equal effect to the Court House. If the great City of New York is too poor to buy property for its Court House, maybe some of its wealthy citizens, like Andrew Carnegie, might come to the rescue and prevent this latest proposed spoliation of City Hall Park.

New York, Feb. 13, 1910. ARCHITECT.

Wants Light on Suffrage.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a mere man, ignorant and seeking light, may I inquire through the medium of THE TIMES why the women who are militant don't get out a campaign document under the title "Why Women Should Vote"? This should be a plain statement—being in the form of questions and answers than otherwise, intelligible to the least intelligent laymen—of all the reasons of their demands for suffrage. Perhaps they have already issued such a document; I beg their pardon if I have been too hasty in offering any suggestion to those who know so much more so much better than I do, but if they have, why in thunder don't they scatter it broadcast, so those who run away may read? I'm from Missouri, but I am willing to deny it if I am sufficiently urged. A. MAN.

New York, Feb. 14, 1910.

CAUSES OF HIGH PRICES.

Thinks Reason Increase of Population Greater Than Increase of Products.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It does not require a Congressional investigation to discover the causes for "increased cost of living," as they speak for themselves. The population of the United States has increased 25 per cent. in the last ten years, and the following is the increase in the quantity of foodstuffs during the same period:

Corn, 20 per cent.; wheat, 20 per cent; oats, 10 per cent.; barley, 100 per cent.; rye, 15 per cent.; sheep, 40 per cent.; cattle, 2 per cent.; horses, 1 per cent.; butter, 350 per cent.; milk, 350 per cent.

The production of foodstuffs has not kept pace with the increase in population; that is the basic cause for the increased cost of living.

The second cause is that the earning power of the people during the same period has increased 25 per cent., which means a greater demand from them for foodstuffs and a greater number who are willing to pay higher prices, having the wherewith so to do.

The third cause is that all beef and poultry are controlled absolutely by the packers, who finding that the quantity does not keep pace with the increasing population and that the people have more money to spend, force prices up to the utmost limit that the people are willing to pay.

The fourth cause is cold storage. Destroy cold storage and the third cause would fall with it. Cold storage as practiced in the United States is unnecessary, harmful to the stomachs of the people, and injurious to their pockets. Cold storage is unknown in Europe, and if Europe can get along without it the United States can. The packers and cold storage exploit the appetites of the Nation for the benefit of the packers' pockets.

"Leaving the farm" for the "lure of the city" is caused by universal education making the younger generation above their business. "Back to the farm," if it ever happens, which is doubtful, will never happen until the empty stomachs of the people force them there.

Possibly chemistry may produce a substitute for natural foodstuffs, but until "back to the farm" becomes a reality or chemistry produces a substitute foodstuffs must increase in price.

Increased gold consumption has nothing to do with "increased prices," and the tariff has very little. STEWART BROWNE.

New York, Feb. 13, 1910.

"HELP" PROBLEM.

David Copperfield's Remark May Be One Answer.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read with interest the complaints and explanations of the untrustworthiness of domestic servants. It appears from the experiences of some of your correspondents that this class of people is recruited exclusively from the criminal population. THE TIMES explains the condition by reference to the menial character of the service—an explanation that doesn't explain.

It is true that certain people have nothing but trouble with their "help"; but then it is equally, if not so conspicuously, true that others, and no worthier, get and retain good servants without serious difficulty. In my opinion, the explanation is a psychological one. It may be an inherent inability on the part of the perpetually dissatisfied employer to judge applicants for a situation. A mental color blindness might conceivably make black sheep appear white, whereby the afflicted employer would be always disappointed in the moral color of his servants. Or he may be able to select them wisely but unable to preserve them undefiled. In this connection, David Copperfield's cogitations upon household piracy may be recalled, the gist of them being in his remark to Dora:

> "I begin to be afraid that the fault is not entirely on one side, but that these people all turn out ill because we don't turn out very well ourselves."

JULIAN C. SMALLWOOD.

Philadelphia, Feb. 14, 1910.

Overheated Rooms.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The difficulty, to my mind, between Mr. Joel Benton and the "fresh air cranks" is represented by overheating. No one is fonder of fresh air than I am, and since an attack of pneumonia about a year ago I find it a necessity to my comfort; my heart action seems threatened by a superheated atmosphere. But I am susceptible to cold, especially cold in the head, and to me a draught is abhorrent.

Most of the so-called "closeness" of our public conveyances and our homes is not closeness at all in the sense of vitiated air, but overheat. I get into a car and find the seat beneath me a veritable griddle, on which I am forced to squirm in torture, with a feeling that I am laying pipes for a cold by simply sitting there. This infliction prompts the impatient or radical minded person to throw open a window, and then comes the dreadful draught!

The remedy is plain. Let us reform our ideas of the degree of heat that is necessary for our comfort or welfare, and be content with a reasonable mean of, say, 68 minus, instead of 72 plus. This would go further toward smoothing differences of opinion on "fresh air" than all the argument that can be advanced, and nobody would be really a sufferer in consequence. J. W. E.

New York, Feb. 15, 1910.

Another Confederate Half Dollar.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have just seen from your issue of Feb. 8 that one of the Confederate half dollars was exhibited at a meeting of the Numismatic Club on Feb. 7. Your article also stated that there were only four of these coins issued, and that the other three had disappeared.

I have one of these coins that has been very carefully examined by Mr. Beckwith, the curator of coins and metals of the United States National Museum, Washington, D. C., and pronounced by him to be one of the four Confederate half dollars.

JOSEPH HYDE PRATT, State Geologist.
Chapel Hill, N. C., Feb. 14, 1910.

The South Pole Expeditions.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There are just two men in America who can nail the Stars and Stripes to the other end of the earth—Peary and Bartlett. The former will not go, so let us send Capt. Bartlett.

England has the advantage of going over a well-known route to within 111 miles of the pole, while the American expedition will have a thousand miles of unknown difficulties to overcome. Let Commander Peary arrange the details and send Bartlett into the "field," and the Stars and Stripes will be floating at the south pole when Capt. Scott gets there.

New York, Feb. 14, 1910. A. S. F.

Cheaper Beef in Canada.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I spent last Summer in Canada, and since my return have compared the price of a porterhouse steak of 18 cents there and 28 cents here. A farmer in my presence begged a butcher to buy his beef that he had for sale, but the butcher stated that he had so many applications that it would be some little time before he could take it. These are simply straws showing how much the States would be benefited if Canadian food products were allowed to enter without being taxed.

New York, Feb. 12, 1910. J. S.

HER SACRIFICE.

He went to see her every night,
And blew his wages in
On candy, flowers, and auto rides,
Her maiden heart to win;
But though his adoration waxed,
His love remained untold,
Till Lent began, when suddenly
His timid soul grew bold.

But even as he bent the knee
To breathe his burning vow,
She spoke in silver tones—"It is
The Lenten season now,
Renunciation we are taught,
Pray do not think I flout you,
But I must make a sacrifice,
So I will do without you."

MINNA IRVING.

GET YOUR OWN AURA IF YOU'D BE HAPPY

Also Regulate Your Vibrations and Beauty, Riches, and Health Are Yours.

'WARE THE HIGHEST PLANE

If You Soar to the Violet and White Vibrations There's Trouble in Store.

There are several hundred persons in New York who since yesterday afternoon have become transcendantly beautiful, have riches, a superabundance of health or—if they are modest—a good business position. That is what Mrs. Julia Seton Sears promised them yesterday afternoon at a New Thought matinée at the Belasco Theatre. There was a large audience, filling the parquet and the greater part of the balcony as well as the boxes.

It was a free matinée, only a collection being taken up, at which Dr. Sears modestly asked for a quarter a head to pay expenses. But the matinée was cheap at any price with the blessings promised through new thought, deep breathing, and concentration.

They concentrated at the close of the meeting, while each one asked his or her heart's desire. If it had been in a church it would have been silent prayer. In new thought you get to know your own aura, regulate your vibration, concentrate, and trouble ceases.

"Wish for anything you want," said Dr. Sears; "no matter how impossible it may seem, and you will have it; if not just now, at least some time. Now, shut your eyes," she went on, "still! Stiller! Stiller!" and the audience went off into a concentrated, deep-breathing silence. The men closed their eyes, some of the women placed their handkerchiefs over theirs, and still others their gloved hands.

A man and a woman musician on the stage looked as if they had turned into stone, and Dr. Sears, in her long white gown, standing in the centre of the stage with clasped hands, was motionless. Only a little girl in the balcony, who had come to be baptized in new thought at an early age and was perhaps too small to have an aura of her own, nestled frivolously in her seat and rustled a paper.

The silence lasted so long that it would have been alarming if it had not been announced that the meeting must close at 4:30 P. M. At last Dr. Sears solemnly raised her head and announced:

"We have perfect health. We have perpetual opulence. We have divine realization."

Then all eyes were opened and every one stopped concentrating, happily thinking of all the good things that were coming to them, and went to shake hands with Dr. Sears, who stood in a box and gave encouragement and good wishes.

"The trouble with the world" is that the people are only as high as their consciousness," Dr. Sears said, "and while the old thoughts were good enough for the Old World they are not good enough for this, and if you don't have what you wish now it is your own fault. Nowadays you can get up without trouble into the higher cosmic intellectual plane, and from that standpoint you can throw off the limitations of the stricken life. That means you will not be poor, you need but be ugly, beauty is at your command if it is your desire, and health is a necessity which every one can have. If you are not feeling well then your vibrations are at a low ebb and must be increased.

"If you shut your eyes," said Dr. Sears, "and then see a dark red color you may know that your vibrations are too slow, and you must increase them. If people could only know their own auras and colors there would be little difficulty. But by concentration and deep breathing you can produce the vibrations that are needed. Think of music and God to increase them, and, if you can't control your thoughts, by deep breathing you can force yourself to the higher plane. When you are tired and worn out it is because you have been vibrating along one line. You recognize that when weary with work at the office you are rested by seeing a friend or going to the theatre.

"You could not live in the highest state of vibration, the violet and white—that would tear you to pieces. When your vibrations are too high reduce them by thinking of the earth and trees and flowers.

"We are sick because we do not know how to be well. Everything comes from within; disease or health is according to our state of consciousness. And the whole world wants to know the secret of supply. That, too, depends upon your own consciousness.

"If you are on the bread line, then that is your line of consciousness; if you are a ragpicker, then that is your line of consciousness. You may think in pennies, in quarters, in dollars, and whichever way you think that will be the state of consciousness and the state of your purse. If you are poverty stricken it is because you have thought on the level of the poverty picture. Everywhere we find around us the measure of ourselves. If you are sorry for the poor and cannot go into their homes there is a subtle power which we can project."

The audience clapped when Dr. Sears told of a man on the verge of suicide who came to a meeting, had his plane of consciousness raised, used his last cent to buy a postal, and received an answer and a good paying place immediately.

FAVORS IN CIVIL SERVICE.

Mayor Hears Political Favorites Were Appointed and Orders Inquiry.

Mayor Gaynor announced yesterday that he would direct the heads of all city departments to investigate the passing over of names on the civil service eligible lists in the making of appointments.

The matter was first reported to the Mayor by Fire Commissioner Waldo, who discovered on the old eligible lists in his office several men who had been passed over several times. He also found that opposite the names of the men who had been advanced were written the names of various district leaders, both Tammany and Republican. In a number of such cases the Commissioner appointed the men who had been slighted.

The Mayor is determined to put a stop to this practice and will send instructions to all the departmental heads.

HONOR GIRLS AT VASSAR.

Several Students from New York Are on the List.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Feb. 15.—The names of the honor girls at Vassar College were announced to-day. Some of them are:

Caroline Seely Cummins, Warwick, N. Y.; Quaesita Cromwell Drake, Atlantic City, N. J.; Helen Cornelia Dwight, Roselle, N. J.; Sarah Huicks, Andover, Mass.; Helen Weeks Landon, Bordentown, N. J.; Mabel Emily Lawson, Yonkers, N. Y.; Ruth Evelyn Marceau, Wollaston, Mass.; Alma Nilsen, New York City; Lillian Rauth, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Elizabeth Spies, Montclair, N. J.; Edith Isabel Taft, Brooklyn, N. Y., and Emilie Sophie Vogel, Kingsbridge, N. Y.

Honorable mention:

Eunice Harriet Avery, Springfield, Mass.; Josephine Hoyt Brotherton, Redding, Conn.; Charlotte Katharine Gannett, Rochester, N. Y., and Mabel Bird Palliser, Brooklyn, N. Y.

C. H. Clark Made a Fellow of Yale.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 15.—It was announced to-night that Charles Hopkins Clark, editor of The Hartford Courant, had been elected a fellow of Yale University by the successors of the original Trustees. Mr. Clark will take the place made vacant by the death of the Rev. Dr. Richards, pastor of the Brick Presbyterian Church of New York. Mr. Clark was graduated from Yale in 1871. He is a Director and Treasurer of the public library, the Athenaeum and Watkinson Library in Hartford. He has been President of the Hartford Yale Alumni Association and is now its representative on the Alumni Advisory Board.

Cornell Sympathy for Goldwin Smith.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Feb. 15.—The Faculty of Cornell University has expressed its sympathy to Dr. Goldwin Smith, who had a bad fall and was injured in his home, the Grange, in Toronto, Feb. 4. For a time his friends were alarmed.

DEBUTANTES ACT IN "CAPTAIN JINKS"

Junior League Gives Spirited Performance of Fitch's Comedy for College Settlements.

RUSSIAN DANCE A FEATURE

Miss Beatrice Flagg the Madame Trentoni of Play and Miss Muriel Kelley the Premier Danseuse.

The season's débutantes, their families, and their friends were out in force yesterday afternoon and evening for the performance in the large ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria by the Junior League of Clyde Fitch's fantastic comedy, "Captain Jinks of the Horse Marines."

This is the most ambitious attempt thus far made by débutantes, and they are to be congratulated on the result of their labors, for it was a creditable amateur performance. Miss Ethel Barrymore, the original Mme. Trentoni, who sat in one of the boxes, applauded the performance and after it was over went behind the curtain to congratulate Miss Flagg and the other amateurs. The play was greatly enlivened by the dancing. The ballet and the Russian dance were well done. Miss Muriel Kelley was the premier danseuse of the ballet, and in the Russian dance Miss Vera Bloodgood and Miss Muriel Kelley were the stars and won prolonged applause.

Miss Beatrice Flagg was a fetching Mme. Trentoni and Herbert Adams made a dashing Captain Jinks, and the rest of the cast did their work well.

The league had a larger audience than has ever been present at a league performance, as previously the entertainments have been given in too small quarters, and while the large ballroom was not filled at the afternoon performance, the evening drew a much larger crowd.

The costumes of the early seventies, the period in which the play is laid, were certainly far from beautiful, according to our present day ideas, and that Mme. Trentoni was handsome in spite of it spoke volumes for the good looks of the star.

The ballet costumes, with their tulle skirts garlanded with pink roses were really charming, and the odd costumes of the Russian dancers were attractive.

The cast of "Captain Jinks" was as follows:

Capt. Robert Carrolton Jinks.Herbert L. Adams
Charles La Martine.....Howland S. Davis
Augustus Bleeker Van Vorkenburg.....Roderick Buchanan
Prof. Belliarti.....Edward Shippen, 2d
The Herald Reporter.....Charles Townsend
The Tribune Reporter.....Gardiner Perry
The Times Reporter.....Louis Noel
The Sun Reporter.....Charles Kunz
A Newsboy.....Edward Verplanck
An Official Detective.....Eugene D. Smith
Sailor.....J. Horton Ijams
Two Sailors.....William Remsen and Henry Atherton
A Policeman.....Peter Olney
Mrs. Greenborough.....Miss Mabel Hinton
Mrs. Jinks.....Miss Elizabeth Gardiner
Mrs. Stonington.....Miss Anna Eastman
Mrs. Merriam.....Miss Anna Street
Mary, (Mme. Trentoni's Maid).....Miss Lillian Endicott
First Ballet Lady, (Miss Petitoes).....Miss Margery Shannon
Second Ballet Lady.....Miss Laura Webb
Third Ballet Lady.....Miss Munroe Smith
Fourth Ballet lady, (Fraulein Hochspitz).....Miss Kathryn Motley
Fifth Ballet Lady.....Miss Hilda Holmes
Sixth Ballet Lady, (Mrs. Maggitt).....Miss Gertrude Pardee
Seventh Ballet Lady.....Miss Lisa Stillman
Eighth Ballet Lady.....Miss Katharine Crane
Ninth Ballet Lady.....Miss Viola Townsend
Miss Maggitt.....Miss Adelle Brown
Servant in Hotel.....Miss Marie Seton
Mme. Trentoni, (Aurelia Johnson).....Miss Beatrice Flagg

The Russian dance, instead of being the curtain raiser as originally planned, was the finale of the entertainment, and those taking part in it were soloists, Miss Vera Bloodgood and Miss Muriel Kelley. The other dancers were the Misses Katherine Noble, Gertrude Munroe-Smith, Katharine Crane, Gerard Geraldine Gray, Isabelle Hoyt, Dolly Madison La Montagne, Marguerite Schley, Ruth Adams, Laura Webb, Hilda Holmes, Gertrude Pardee, Kathryn Motley, Lisa Stillman, and Miss Helen Henderson.

Between $3,000 and $4,000 were raised for the benefit of the college settlements.

The patronesses, all of whom had boxes or seats, were Mrs. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Edward D. Adams, Mrs. John E. Alexandre, Mrs. Francis R. Appleton, Mrs. J. T. Atterbury, Mrs. Hildreth K. Bloodgood, Mrs. G. Hunter Brown, Mrs. Edward L. Burrill, Mrs. Winthrop Burr, Miss Chapin, Mrs. C. H. Coster, Mrs. Lindley Hoffman Chapin, Mrs. Samuel A. Clark, Mrs. D. Crawford Clark, Mrs. J. Henry Dick, Miss Duryee, Mrs. Douglas Elliman, Mrs. Robert Endicott, Miss Eastman, Mrs. John Herndon French, Mrs. Seth Barton French, Mrs. Anderson Fowler, Mrs. E. Hayward Ferry, Mrs. Fisher, Mrs. Harold Godwin, Mrs. Henry S. Glover, Mrs. Sanford Henderson, Mrs. Henry R. Hoyt, Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James, Mrs. Greenville Kane, Mrs. Van Rensselaer Kennedy, Mrs. Goodhue Livingston, Mrs. Robert Livingston, Mrs. Clarence Blair Mitchell, Mrs. Levi P. Morton, Mrs. Henry Parish, Mrs. Barclay Parsons, Mrs. John E. Parsons, Mrs. Frederick Pearson, Miss Pell, Mrs. George Perkins, Mrs. Frederic de Peyster, Mrs. M. Taylor Pyne, Mrs. J. Montfort Schley, Mrs. Charles Scribner, Mrs. Alfred Seton, Mrs. William Douglas Sloane, Mrs. James Speyer, Mrs. Charles Steele, Mrs. William A. Street, Mrs. T. Suffern Tailer, Mrs. Henry M. Tilford, Mrs. J. Allen Townsend, Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Robert Varnum, Mrs. Barger Wallach, Mrs. F. Egerton Webb, Mrs. Frank Webb, Mrs. William S. Webb, Mrs. Otis L. Williams, and Mrs. George Wyeth.

The Executive Committee for this season was Miss Laura Livingston, President; Miss Louise Monroe, Secretary; Miss Frieda Pierson, Treasurer; Miss Anna Street, Assistant Treasurer.

CONCERT FOR DIET KITCHEN.

Miss Farrar, Mr. Scotti, and Margulies Trio the Artists.

For the benefit of the New York Diet Kitchen Association a concert was held in the grand ballroom of the Hotel Astor yesterday afternoon. Miss Geraldine Farrar, Mr. Scotti, and the Margulies Trio were the artists.

The Margulies Trio first played "Molta allegro agitato" and "Scherzo-Leggiero Vivace," by Mendelssohn. Leo Schulz, their 'cellist, followed with "Le Cygne," by Saint-Saëns, and "Rondeau," by Dvorak.

Mr. Scotti, who was next on the programme, sang Leoncavallo's "Prologue Pagliacci," and was followed by Mr. Lichtenberg of the trio, who played three violin solos, "Souvenir" by Dedla, "Humoresque" by Dvorak, and "Romanza Andalousa" by Sarasate.

Miss Farrar sang "Liebesfeier" by Weingartner; "Verborgenheit" by Wolff, and "Zeitung" by R. Strauss. After Miss Farrar the Margulies Trio played "Arensky," and last on the programme Miss Farrar and Mr. Scotti sang "Le Nozze di Figaro," by Mozart. Both were much applauded. Philip Sawyer and Maestro Panara were the accompanists.

Among the patronesses present were Mrs. Gifford Cochran, Mrs. Lewis L. Delafield, Mrs. George Legg, Mrs. Edward Van Volkenburgh, Mrs. Daniel J. Sully, Mrs. James Speyer, Mrs. Alfred Duane Pell, Mrs. Frank L. Montague, Mrs. Philip Lydig, Mrs. Robert Fulton Cutting, Mrs. Everett Colby, Mrs. Cornelius N. Bliss, Mrs. William H. Beadleston, Mrs. Alexander C. Humphreys, Mrs. Benjamin Isaacs, Mrs. Oliver J. Wells, Mrs. Samuel Sloan, Mrs. Howard Carroll, Mrs. Wilson Nelson Cromwell, Mrs. William M. Kingsley, Mrs. H. George Hays, and Mrs. David H. Gregg.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Peter Moller, Miss Adelina Moller, and Edwin Clarence Moller, who have been this Winter at the Gotham, left yesterday for Ormonde Beach, Fla., where they will remain until late in the Spring.

Mrs. Harry Symes Lehr entertained last evening with a small dinner at her residence, 20 West Fifty-sixth Street.

Miss Marie Louis Logan and Henri Calley St. Paul Sincay of Angleur, Belgium, took out their marriage license yesterday at the City Hall. Miss Logan gave her age as 21 and the bridegroom as 26. The marriage will be held next Wednesday.

Mrs. Edward Lyman Short gave a theatre party last evening for her daughter, Miss Anna Livingston Short, taking her guests, who numbered thirty, to the Liberty Theatre to see "The Arcadians." The play was followed by a supper at Sherry's.

Miss Antoinette Heckscher is the guest of Mrs. Samuel Price Wetherell on her houseboat Havana. Mrs. August Heckscher will join Mrs. Heckscher in the South the latter part of this week. Miss Heckscher will meet them at Savannah, and the three will visit St. Augustine, Palm Beach, and other Southern resorts, returning here the last of March.

The Lotos Club will give a dinner this evening at the clubhouse, 110 West Fifty-seventh Street for Dr. William Wallace Walker.

Yesterday afternoon Mrs. Ida Husted Harper gave an informal lecture at the residence of Mrs. M. Orme Wilson. This was one of a series on the leading topics of the day. Politics in Great Britain, the political situation in the United States, and other topics will be treated. The lectures will take place weekly during Lent at the residences of well-known society women.

At the residence of Mrs. Henry Villard, 145 West Fifty-eighth Street, on Friday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, Mrs. Harper will give a lecture on "The Evolution of the Woman Suffrage Movement." This is one of the lectures she gave last Winter at Mrs. Mackay's residence.

GUESTS IN FRENCH COSTUMES.

Society D'Ecole Des Beaux Arts Gives a Play and Dance.

The Société d'Ecole des Beaux Arts gave its annual dinner and dance last night in the building of the Academy of Fine Arts, West Fifty-seventh Street. The dinner was held in the rooms of the Architectural League and was served to 150 guests, who came in various costumes, all representative of French provinces. There were some eighteen or twenty tables, all decorated with the French colors.

The dance was preceded by an amusing play, the "Revue de l'An 1909," the scene for which was the Fulton Monument and Water Gate. The cast of characters included Father Knickerbocker, whose part was taken by Kenneth Murchison; the Spirit of Art, by Donn Barber, and Hendrick Hudson, by Henry Hornbostel. Mr. Glacier gave a representation of Robert Fulton, and Mr. Ware was an excellent likeness of Signora Eusapia Paladino.

Perhaps the sensation of the evening was George Chappell as Mary Garden in "Thais," and Albert Gottlieb in the rôle of Lieut. Commander Robert E. Peary was also greeted with applause. Harvey Corbett, not to be outdone, endeavored to give a characterization of Dr. Frederick Cook, and Austin W. Lord tried to look like the north pole.

The other part representations were Mme. Paladino's manager, by Mr. Boyd; Harry Lauder, by John Reid; George B. Rost, by F. Livingston Pell; Thomas Hastings, by Mr. Metcalf; King O'Laf I. of Denmark, by Mr. Lackland, and Maurice Renaud Athanael, by Howard Greenley. Then there was a host of Dutch sailors, English marines, Italian gondoliers, Eskimos, great Danes, and Highlanders.

The farce lasted until after midnight, when the dance began. Among those who invited guests were Howard Greenley, Kenneth Murchison, George Chappel, Whitney Warren, Cass Gilbert, W. W. Bosworth, Oswald C. Hering, F. H. Bosworth, Jr., John Carrere, Grosvenor Atterbury, John Humphreys, J. Stewart Barney, and T. M. Hastings.

Mrs. Cary T. Hutchinson Entertains.

Mrs. Cary T. Hutchinson entertained last evening with a dinner at her residence in East Sixtieth Street for Miss Elizabeth Berton and her fiancé, Snowden Q. Fahnestock. The young people, who numbered thirty, were at one long table decorated with apple blossoms. The Hungarian orchestra played during the dinner and afterward.

Among those present were the Misses Eleanor Alexander, Angelica Brown, Frances Alexander, Maude Gwynne Shepherd, Annie Graham, Madelon Borland, Muriel Kingsland, Elizabeth Lattimer, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander D. B. Pratt, and Maurice Roche, Phoenix Ingraham, Theodore Dixon, Courtlandt Dixon, Gordon Carroll, Chalmers Wood, Orme Wilson, and Mr. Plummer and Mr. Hoffman. Mr. Bertron, Miss Bertron's father, was also present. Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., Miss Eleanor Alexander's fiancé, was unable to be present.

Miss Muriel Gould to Wed E. P. York.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Judson Gould announce the engagement of their second daughter, Miss Muriel E. Gould, to Edward Palmer York, an architect and a member of the firm of York & Sawyer. Mr. York was graduated from Cornell in 1899, and is a member of the Lardgley, St. Nicholas, and Republican Clubs, and of the Sons of the Revolution.

Miss Gould, who made her début several years ago, is a sister of Miss Ethel A. Gould and Carl F. and Aubrey V. W. Gould.

No date has been set for the wedding.

ROBERTS—HIBBARD.

Mr. and Mrs. Omri Ford Hibbard of 20 Monroe Place, Brooklyn, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Justine Edwards Hibbard, to Malcolm Roberts, a son of Mrs. M. E. Roberts of New York. No date has been set for the wedding.

Lady Sybil Grey Arrives.

Lady Sybil Grey, daughter of Earl Grey, the Governor General of Canada, arrived here yesterday on the White Star liner Baltic, accompanied by Lady Aileen Roberts, daughter of Field Marshal Lord Roberts, who visits this country for the first time. They were entertained at dinner last night at the Hotel Belmont by former United States Ambassador Joseph E. Choate and will remain in this city for a few days to see their friends before going to Montreal.

Maxine Elliott's Special Matinee.

Maxine Elliott announces that she will give a special matinée of "The Inferior Sex" at Daly's Theatre on March 3 in honor of her brother-in-law, Forbes-Robertson. Frank Stayton, author of the comedy, sailed from England yesterday to see his play in this country, and he also will be present at the matinée.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The Columbia Theatre has established a steel safe at the stage entrance into which all the members of the companies playing there will be requested to drop at least 10 cents a week. The money will be divided among the various newspaper charities next Summer. The management of the theatre, the Columbia Amusement Company, has agreed to double the aggregate amount of the contributions at the end of the season.

Elise Mannering Hackett, Mary Mannering's little daughter, and Gertrude Short, the child who plays Kiddie in "A Man's World," gave a skating party at St. Nicholas Rink yesterday afternoon, at which Miss Mannering was the principal guest. The members of Miss Mannering's company and about twenty children friends of Elise and Gertrude were also present.

John Butler Yeats, father of William Butler Yeats, the Irish poet, and himself a portrait artist of note, is in New York on his first visit to America. He will attend the performance of Mabel Taliaferro in his son's play, "The Land of Heart's Desire," at the Grand Opera House next week.

Sothern and Marlowe will give two more extra performances during their engagement at the Academy of Music. The first will occur Thursday afternoon of next week, when the play will be "Romeo and Juliet," and the second on the Thursday following, when "Twelfth Night" will be played.

Maude Turner Gordon and Sallie Bergman of the "Alias Jimmy Valentine" company will occupy seats on the speakers' platform at the Woman's Forum next Friday morning, when Mrs. J. Allen Foster will make an address on "Society and the Criminal."

Claire Romaine, the English music hall singer and male impersonator, arrived yesterday on the Baltic to fulfill a vaudeville engagement here.

Charles Frohman announced yesterday that he has arranged to take the Illinois Theatre, Chicago, and the Colonial Theatre, Boston, next season, for his two musical plays, "The Arcadians" and "The Dollar Princess." He expects to keep these places on all season. He also stated yesterday that the first London performance of "Peter Pan" by "The Classic" will take place on Feb. 27.

NEW DICKENS LETTERS DISCOVERED HERE

Bibliophile Society, Which Had Sought Them Vainly in London, Will Publish Them.

SHELLEY LETTERS ALSO

Prof. Trent Urges the Society to Publish Complete Editions of Authors Like Coleridge and Lamb.

One of the most interesting features of the Bibliophile Society's annual dinner at the Hotel Astor last night was the announcement by H. H. Harper of the early publication by the society of a series of newly discovered Charles Dickens letters. Mr. Harper's statement was received with enthusiastic applause.

The letters, Mr. Harper said, included some of the great novelist's love notes, besides a considerable number to friends bearing closely on his family life and affairs of the heart. The Publication Committee of the society had sought them for a long time, he said, looking for them chiefly in London, but had had the good fortune to find them in this city. The edition, which will be circulated among the society's members only, will, it is understood, be issued some time this year. The letters are now in the possession of H. B. Smith of this city.

Mr. Harper also stated that the society had recently purchased in London for $2,000 two rare Shelley letters, never published, which would throw much light on the poet's life. These letters are now being transcribed, he said, and would prove the most interesting items relating to Shelley brought out in a long time.

Mr. Harper reported that $20,000 was now available in the society's treasury for the publication of books and the purchase of rare manuscripts.

Following this, a new line of work for the society was suggested by Prof. William Peterfield Trent of Columbia. It was probably little known, he said, that no complete or adequate edition of Samuel Taylor Coleridge's works existed.

"If Coleridge had been a thirteenth century monk who had written a lot of homilies," said Prof. Trent, "or an Elizabethan dramatist, his works would have been fully published many years ago and societies in his honor organized, but as he happened to be a great—one of the greatest—English authors of modern times, only abridged copies of his writings can be obtained.

He suggested that the society undertake the publication of complete editions of such authors as Coleridge, Lamb, and others, whom the regular publishers had neglected, advocating the extension of the privilege to purchase such editions to several of the great libraries of the country, so that all the works of these authors might be within reach of scholars all over the country.

Prof. Trent's proposal received the indorsement of John C. Tomlinson, the toastmaster, and was warmly applauded. Among the other speakers were Adrian H. Joline and Supreme Court Justice Charles W. Dayton. The guests included Theodore N. Vail, President of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company; William N. Schmitzer, ex-Controller Metz, W. W. Bicknell, and John Duveen.

"WIENER WALTZER" GIVEN.

Ballet Follows "Alessandro Stradella" at German Press Club Benefit.

The German Press Club gave its annual benefit performance at the Metropolitan Opera House last evening. "Alessandro Stradella" was sung by the usual cast, including Miss Gluck and Messrs. Slezak, Mühlmann, Poritz, and Reiss.

Flotow's opera was followed by a performance of the complete ballet of "Wiener Waltzer," of which only one scene has heretofore been given during this season at this theatre. The first scene takes place in the inn of a suburb of old Vienna in 1790, the second scene, that which has been given before, occurs in the Apollosaal, and gains its chief effect through the dancing of Rita Sacchetto, and its finale, in which some sixteen of the prettiest coryphees dance to Strauss's "Roses from the South" waltzes; the last scene takes place in the Prater, a public garden of Vienna, in 1860. This last scene with its merry-go-round, was applauded with gusto last evening.

MISS GARDEN TO SING 'LOUISE'

Manhattan Company to Present Opera Next Wednesday—Other Bills.

"Louise" will be added to the current repertoire of the Manhattan Opera House next week. It will be sung on Wednesday evening and Saturday afternoon, with Miss Garden, Mme. Doria, and Messrs. Dalmorès and Gilibert.

On Saturday evening of next week "Le Jongleur de Notre Dame" will be sung at popular prices, and for the first time New Yorkers will have the opportunity of hearing the work sung with a tenor in the leading rôle, as it was written by the composer. David Devries will sing the part of Jean on this occasion. Mr. Dufrasne will sing the part of Boniface and Mr. Huberdeau the rôle of the Prior. "Rigoletto" will be Monday evening's bill. In the cast will be Mme. Tetrazzini and Messrs. Renaud, McCormack, and Gilibert. On Friday evening Mme. Tetrazzini and Messrs. McCormack and Sammarco appear in "Lucia."

Two extra performances will be given on Tuesday, which is Washington's Birthday. In the afternoon "Elektra" will be sung by Mmes. Mazarin, Doria, and Baron, and Messrs. Huberdeau and Devries; in the evening "Les Contes d'Hoffmann" will be given with Mmes. Cavalieri and Trentini and Messrs. Devries, Renaud, and Gilibert.

GUSTAV BOCK DEAD.

Well-Known Cuban Cigar Manufacturer Dies of Pneumonia, Aged 74.

Gustav Bock, the well-known Cuban cigar manufacturer, died yesterday of pneumonia at his home in Havana, in his seventy-fourth year. He was born in Hamburg, Germany, and went to Cuba as a lad and obtained employment with a cigarmaker, and later went into business for himself. He was the first to pack cigars of fine quality twenty-five in a box instead of fifty, and sold them in this country under value to work up his business.

In 1868 he joined with T. de P. Alvarez in forming to firm of Henry Clay, Bock & Co., of which he was managing Director, and was also President of the Havana Tobacco Company.

During the insurrection in Cuba, which resulted in the Spanish-American war, Mr. Bock's interests were with the Spanish Government. The amount of tobacco decreased in the District of Pinar del Rio until Mr. Bock took 1,500 of his hands and transferred them to the Isle of Pines, where they were not molested by the insurgents, but the soil was not so productive of the grade of tobacco the Bock company was using.

When the war was declared between the United States and Spain, Mr. Bock was in Europe and tried to get back to Havana, but the way was barred. On being held up at Key West he declared himself to be a German subject, and managed to get a permit to go through the blockading fleet on the steamship Poltaria, but the Cubans held him up again, declaring that he was a Spaniard and not a German.

They also said that Mr. Bock was a Colonel in a Spanish volunteer regiment and called for his arrest as a spy. So he did not go to Havana, but remained at Key West. He finally reached there from Mexico through the influence of the United States and found that his business interests had been injured in his absence. Gen. Blanco had taken 1,000 oxen from the Bock plantations for the Spanish troops, which he believed he could have saved had he been on the island at the time.

After the Spanish war he consolidated his firm with an English syndicate, and afterward retired from business.

JACOB TER KUILE DEAD.

General Passenger Agent for Fabre Line Since 1862.

Jacob Ter Kuile, one of the best-known steamship officials in this city, died yesterday at the Riverlawn Sanitarium, at Paterson, N. J., after a long illness.

Mr. Ter Kuile was born at Enschede, Netherlands, on April 12, 1853, and came to the United States in 1872. He represented in America at various periods the Beaver Line, Bordeaux Line, British Line, Fabre Line, and was identified with many similar industries. He was the General Passenger Agent since 1882 for the Fabre Line.

He belonged to several clubs in New York, notably the Holland Club, Netherlands, Chamber of Commerce, Maritime Exchange, and many other organizations.

MATTHIAS H. ARNOT DEAD.

Leading Financier of Elmira, N. Y., and Reported to be Worth $50,000,000.

Matthias Hollenbeck Arnot, a leading financier of the Southern tier of New York, for many years President of the Chemung Canal Trust Company, died at his home in Elmira yesterday in his seventy-eighth year. He was descended from one of the pioneer families of Western New York, and was graduated from Yale in 1856, where he was a classmate of Justice Brewer and Senator Chauncey M. Depew.

Mr. Arnot figured prominently in the controversy between Theodore Roosevelt when he was Governor of New York and Z. R. Brockway, the Superintendent of the State Reformatory, over the alleged severity of the punishment meted out in that institution. He took sides with Mr. Brockway in the dispute. Mr. Arnot was reputed to be worth $50,000,000.

He is survived by a sister, Mrs. Fanny Arnot Haven, widow of George Griswold Haven of New York; two nieces, three grandnieces, and one grandnephew, John Arnot Rathbone of Elmira.

JOHN MACALLAN SWAN DEAD.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—John Macallan Swan, R. A., died here to-day.

John Macallan Swan was born in 1847, and studied painting at the Worcester School of Art and in Paris under Gérôme, Bastien-Lapage, and Dagnan-Bouveret, and sculpture under Fremiet. He was a noted animal painter, and won many medals for his works.

Mrs. S. K. Waterman.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Feb. 15.—Mrs. S. K. Waterman, a leader among the militant suffragettes of America, died here to-day of pneumonia, contracted while lobbying in behalf of an anti-cigarette bill before the Legislature in Columbus. Mrs. Waterman was known as an ardent Republican stump speaker, was several times a candidate for office, and had spoken often in New York, Chicago, and other cities in behalf of woman's suffrage.

Peter Francis Curran.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—Peter Francis Curran,—unsuccessful Labor candidate for the Jarrow Division of Durham at the last election, died to-day. Curran was a member of the recent Parliament, having been elected as an Independent Labor candidate in 1907. He was born in Glasgow in 1880, and for the last ten years had been President of the General Federation of Trades Unions.

Stanley T. Pullen.

PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 15.—Stanley T. Pullen, a former member of the New York Stock Exchange, who was at one time a partner in business with the late Edmund Clarence Stedman, died at his home here to-day, aged 67 years. Since 1896, when he was stricken with total blindness, he had lived in retirement. He was in business in New York from 1886 to 1896.

Obituary Notes.

ERNEST SEGNIN, a real estate dealer, died of typhoid fever at his home, 824 Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn, on Monday. He was born in Austria in 1852, and founded Segnin Park, near Hempstead, L. I.

ALBERT H. BLAKE, a retired commission merchant, died on Saturday at his home, 136 Forebell Avenue, Brooklyn. He was 50 years of age.

JOSEPH S. WILKINSON, formerly a Deputy Sheriff of Queens County, died of cancer of the throat at his home, 1,846 Pacific Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday. He was 63 years old.

WILLIAM J. COLLINS, a retired real estate broker, died on Sunday of rheumatism at his home, 436 Quincy Street, Brooklyn. He was 47 years old, and leaves a widow and four sons.

WILLIAM W. FLAGLER, an executive clerk in the general offices of the Erie Railroad Company, died at his home, 439 West Fifty-seventh Street, of Bright's disease on Sunday. He was born in 1852, and was graduated from Princeton College in 1871. He worked for the Erie since that time. He leaves a widow, two sons, and three daughters.

JOSEPH FAULKNER, for forty years manager of the Burr Printing House at 18 Jacob Street, Manhattan, died at his home, 1,102 Pacific Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday, of a complication of diseases. He was born in 1839 and leaves two daughters and one son.

WILLIAM C. FORMAN, a composer on The New York Sun, died on Sunday at his home, 49 West Twelfth Street. He was 61 years old.

Miss MARY OLIVIA NUTTING died on Sunday at South Hadley, Mass., aged 80 years. For more than thirty years she was Librarian of Mount Holyoke College, and was one of the oldest members of its Faculty. She attended the Vermont State Normal School, from which she was graduated, and afterward traveled extensively abroad. Among her writings are "Life of William the Silent and the Netherland War," "The Days of Prince Maurice," "Steps in the Upward Way," and "Our Summer at Hillside Farm." Her pen name was Mary Parrett.

EDWARD S. AVERILL, for fifteen years General Superintendent of the United States Express Company, died at his home in Chicago yesterday. In 1908 he organized and became general manager of the Continental Express Company.

Dr. WALTER T. STEADMAN of 424 Clinton Avenue, West Hoboken, died on Sunday at Christ Hospital, Jersey City, in his thirty-seventh year. He is survived by his widow.

Col. WILLIAM H. LOVE, Secretary of the Board of Trade of Baltimore, Md., died in that city of apoplexy on Monday. Col. Love was recognized as an authority on the geology and history of Maryland. Recently he gave a valuable collection of Indian relics to the Woman's College of Baltimore. He leaves a son, A. J. Love of this city, and a daughter.

EMMA E. HAGERMAN, 59 years old, died at her home, 68 Vanderbilt Avenue, Brooklyn, on Monday. She had been a school teacher for about thirty-five years. She was born in Newport, R. I., and came to this city, where she studied in the public schools. She was graduated from the Normal School, and taught school in Poughkeepsie for two years. Since then she has taught in this city.

THOMAS HAMLIN CURTIS of New Haven, Conn., died in Portland, Ore., on Sunday. He was a graduate of Yale in the class of 1887. Since graduation he had been doing railroad engineering work in Portland.

JOHN DOWDLE, who was widely known in Democratic political circles throughout New York State, died in Oswego, N. Y., yesterday. He was 67 years old and had occupied many county and city offices.

LOUIS BEVIER VAN GAASBEEK, for many years engaged in newspaper work in Kingston, N. Y., and practicing law in New York City for the last fifteen years, died in Kingston yesterday. He was 59 years old, and a member of the Holland Society of New York.

WILLIAM FRANCIS MOLLER, Vice President of the United States Coal and Oil Company, died at his home near Boston yesterday. He was 68 years of age and leaves a widow. Mr. Molien, who was born in New York City, in his early life maintained a brokerage business there and was active in New York politics, serving in the Assembly from 1878 to 1882. He went to Boston fifteen years ago.

JAMES A. BOLAND, an amateur baseball player of Newark, N. J., died there Monday night from heart disease. He was 32 years old.

JOHN M. TENIS, carriage maker, died in his Newark, N. J., home Monday from heart disease. He was 70 years old, and was a native of East Madison, N. J.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

DORAN.—Feb. 14, Danbury, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. James F. Doran, a son.
HYATT.—Feb. 13, Danbury, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hyatt, a son.
PHELPS.—Feb. 12, Simsbury, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Phelps, a son.

Married.

BAERE—RINDSKOPF.—Feb. 14, Leontine Rindskopf to Jack Baere.
MIHOCKO—TEHAN.—Feb. 7, Helen Tehan to Paul Mihocko.
WIRTH—SIMONS.—Feb. 11, Aleine Simons to John W. Wirth.

Brooklyn.

DOWNS—MATTHEWS.—Feb. 10, Sara E. Matthews to Isaac V. Downs.
HALSEY—SMITH.—Mabel P. Smith to Malcolm Halsey.
LESTER—LEVY.—Feb. 14, Lottye Levy to Martin V. Lester.

New Jersey.

CONE—FRANKLIN.—Feb. 12, Red Bank, Helen M. Franklin to William G. Cone.
HALL—PAULI.—Feb. 8, Summit, Felice Pauli to William C. Hall.
SMOCK—ARCHER.—Feb. 12, Red Bank, Winifred Archer to William Smock.

New York State.

LASKO—REHO.—Feb. 6, Poughkeepsie, Elizabeth Reho to Peter Lasko.
MATTHEWS—MILLER.—Feb. 9, Poughkeepsie, Helen K. Miller to Samuel G. Matthews.

Died.

ACKER.—On Monday, Feb. 14, 1910, Lucie Cotheal, wife of Henry E. Acker. Funeral services from late residence at Perth Amboy, N. J., 11 A. M., Wednesday, Feb. 16, 1910.

ARNOT.—At his residence in Elmira, N. Y., on Tuesday, Feb. 15, Matthias Arnot, aged 77. Funeral service at 328 Lake St., Elmira, on Thursday, Feb. 17, at 3:15 P. M.

BRUSH.—On Tuesday, the 15th inst., Harriet A. Brush, widow of the late John J. Brush. Funeral services from the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. Wilford Allen, 117 West 12th St., Thursday, 17th inst., 7:30 P. M. Interment in Sleepy Hollow.

CRAWFORD.—At Tremont, New York City, on Feb. 15, Charles Crawford, aged 75 years. Funeral at his late residence, 4,094 Park Av., on Thursday, Feb. 17, at 2:30 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

GERSON.—On Tuesday, 15th inst., in the 86th year of his age, Julius Gerson, beloved father of Minnie and Virginia Gerson, and Alice Gerson Chase. Funeral at the Church of the Incarnation, Madison Av. and 35th St., on Thursday, Feb. 17, at 11 A. M.

GRIFFIN.—At Quogue, L. I., Feb. 14, 1910, Henrietta R., wife of Marcus E. Griffin. Funeral at her late residence, Friday, Feb. 18, at 1 P. M.

JOHNSTON.—On Monday, Feb. 14, 1910, Joseph Sherman, son of Joseph A. and Virginia Sherman Johnston, aged 1 year 11 months. Funeral services at residence, Elm St., Westfield, N. J., Thursday, 17th, 2:30 P. M.

KIERNAN.—On Feb. 14, 1910, at Flushing, L. I., Mary Kiernan. Funeral Thursday, Feb. 17, at her home, Newport, R. I.

LEVERICH.—Suddenly, on Monday, Feb. 14, Eliza J., daughter of the late James Hervey and Sarah Webb Leverich. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services from her late residence, 201 West 79th St., on Thursday, the 17th inst., at 2 P. M. Interment at Newtown, L. I. New Orleans papers please copy.

MILLER.—Feb. 13, George A. Miller. Funeral from THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St.

MILLER.—At her residence in Concord, Mass., on Feb. 12, Louise Miller, formerly of New York City. Funeral at Concord. Private.

OWSTON.—Suddenly, on Monday, Feb. 14, 1910, Captain Charles William Owston, in his 71st year. Funeral services at his late residence, Curtis Place, Roosevelt Park, Maplewood, N. J., Thursday, Feb. 17, at 2 o'clock, upon arrival at Maplewood Station of train leaving Hoboken 1:05 P. M. Carriages in waiting.

PECK.—On Tuesday, Feb. 15, 1910, at Hotel Lorraine, 2 East 45th St., Mary Peck, widow of Edmund Peck, in the 88th year of her age. Funeral private.

SCHLEY.—On Sunday, Feb. 13, Elizabeth Baker, wife of Grant B. Schley. Funeral private.

TAIT.—Monday, Feb. 14, 1910, John R. Tait. Services at his late residence, 57 Mount Hope Place, Bronx, Wednesday, 8 P. M. Interment at Kensico Cemetery, with which he was identified for a number of years.

THOMAS.—On Feb. 13, Mary T. Thomas, widow of T. Gaillard Thomas, M. D., and daughter of the late John H. Willard. Funeral at 24 East 58th St., on Wednesday, Feb. 16, at 9 A. M. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

THOMPSON.—Catharine Crosby, wife of Harrison Thompson, at Pompton Plains, N. J., Monday afternoon, Feb. 14, 1910. Funeral from 13 Sproat St., Middletown, N. Y., Wednesday, Feb. 16, 1910, at 2 o'clock P. M.

VAN WAGENEN.—At Bloomfield, N. J., Feb. 15, 1910, Daniel, husband of Harriet Emma Van Wagenen, aged 72 years. Funeral services at his late home, 195 Jerome Place, on Thursday evening, at 8 P. M. Relatives and friends are kindly invited. Carriages will meet train D, L. & W. R. R. leaving New York at 6:50 and 7:20 P. M.

WARDNER.—On Tuesday, Feb. 15, at Windsor, Vt., Caroline Paine, daughter of the late Jason and Harriet (Converse) Steele, and widow of Henry Wardner.

WICKHAM.—Feb. 13, John, husband of the late Rose Wickham, aged 53 years. Funeral from THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d. (CAMPBELL BUILDING,) Wednesday afternoon, 2 o'clock. Savannah (Ga.) and Council Bluffs (Iowa) papers copy.

BECK.—Alexander, 165 East 121st St., Feb. 13, aged 39. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.
BELL.—Ethel D., 7 St. Luke's Place, Feb. 12.
BRIGGS.—Charles, 108 Bank St., Feb. 14, aged 12.
COHEN.—Isidor, 3,609 Broadway, Feb. 14. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
DARRAGH.—Elizabeth, 200 Bush St., Bronx, Feb. 14. Funeral private.
FEGEN.—Della, 200 West 125th St., Feb. 14.
FLAGLER.—William W., 439 West 57th St., Feb. 13. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.
FORMAN.—William, 49 West 12th St., Feb. Funeral at his home, 1,846 Pacific Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday. He was 63 years old.
GORDON.—Mary, 118 East 51st St., Feb. 12.
HARJERS.—John W., 4,636 Garden Place, Feb. 14, aged 86. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
HELMES.—Peter, 500 West 35th St., Feb. 14, aged 46. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.
HIRSHFIELD.—Philip, 43 East 131st St., Feb. 14, aged 70.
JARDINE.—Elizabeth R., 223 West 37th St., Feb. 13.
KECK.—Mary E. S., 2 Gramercy Park West, Feb. 14. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
KIERNAN.—Bridget, 171 West 64th St., Feb. 13. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.
KUSCH.—Max, Feb. 12. Funeral, 332 East 80th St.
McCARTHY.—John J., 245 East 108th St., Feb. 13. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.
McDERMOTT.—James W., 442 West 58th St., Feb. 13.
McKENNA.—Frank, 332 East 67th St., Feb. 13. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
MENTGES.—Anna L., 745 East 160th St., Feb. 14. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.
O'BRIEN.—Mark J., 214 West 71st St., Feb. 14.
OSE.—William, 417 9th Av., Feb. 13, aged 46.
ROYS.—Frederick T., 350 West 140th St.,

POLO ASSOCIATION ANNUAL MEETING

English Team Will Compete in New Open Championship Tournament.

LONG SCHEDULE ADOPTED

The twenty-first anniversary of the Polo Association was celebrated last night with a banquet at the Riding Club, 7 East Fifty-eighth Street, which was attended by many of the most prominent polo players in the East. Twenty-five clubs were represented, and the occasion was fittingly celebrated by a remarkable tribute to H. L. Herbert, Chairman of the association, who presided. Mr. Herbert, who has held his present position since the formation of the Polo Association, requested that he be relieved of his duties this year. His letter of resignation was sent to every club in the association, but was returned marked "Rejected." In view of the universal desire on the part of the members Mr. Herbert withdrew his resignation and agreed to continue as Chairman. The announcement, which was made at the banquet, was loudly applauded.

The annual meeting, which was held before the banquet, resulted in the reelection of the old committee, with the exception of O. W. Bird of the Meadow Brook Club, who was succeeded by Harry Payne Whitney, Captain of the team which won the International Cup in England last year.

In addition to the senior and junior championship cups presented by William A. Astor and Samuel D. Warren, respectively, a third cup will be competed for this year. This trophy, which will be presented to the association by J. B. Thomas, Jr., of the New Haven Polo Club, will be known as the Open Championship Cup, and will be played for this year on the grounds of the Point Judith Club.

It was announced that an English polo team would visit this country this year, but as it will not be eligible for the senior and junior American championships, it will compete in the tournament for the open championship, in addition to the competition for the International Cup won by the American polo players last year.

In order to popularize the sport the Polo Association organized a circuit of tournaments for Southern and Western clubs, for which team and individual cups will be offered. This is a new departure and the schedule will be arranged so as to enable these clubs to play in the championships. The only change made in the rules was in the number and length of the periods. In future all games will consist of eight periods of seven and one-half minutes each instead of ten periods of six minutes each.

The Senior, Junior, and Open championships were awarded to the Point Judith Country Club of Narragansett Pier, R. I., and will continue for four weeks beginning July 25. This club has recently taken on a new lease of life and will spend $25,000 in improvements. The club has secured the services of F. A. Pill, the famous English player, to act as manager.

The tournament season opens at Washington, May 7, and closes at Dedham Sept. 10, making a continuous circuit of tournaments extending over four months.

The election of officers resulted as follows:

H. L. Herbert, Chairman; W. A. Hazard, Secretary and Treasurer. Committee—R. L. Agassiz, Myopia Hunt Club; August Belmont, Meadow Brook Club; Capt. John C. Groome, Philadelphia Country Club; W. A. Hazard, Rockaway Hunting Club; Harry Payne Whitney, Meadow Brook Club; Joshua Crane, Dedham Polo Club; Charles Wheeler, Bryn Mawr Polo Club, and W. W. Keith, Onwensia Club, Lake Forest, Ill.

The clubs represented by delegates were as follows:

Buffalo Country Club, Seward Cary; Bryn Mawr Polo Club, George McFadden; Country Club of Westchester, T. H. Allen; Dedham Polo Club, Joshua Crane; Devon Polo Club, William T. Hunter; Great Neck Polo Club, J. P. Grace; Meadow Brook Club, H. P. Whitney; Myopia Hunt Club, Dudley P. Rogers; New Haven Country Club, J. B. Thomas; Peapach Valley Polo Club, Charles Pfizer; Philadelphia Country Club, W. H. T. Huhn; Port Chester Polo Club, Dudley Millbank; Point Judith Polo Club, William A. Hazard; Rockaway Hunting Club, John E. Coudin; Rumson Polo Club, W. Strothers Jones; Saratoga Polo Club, August Belmont; Southampton Horse Association, H. P. Robbins; Squadron A Polo Club, H. H. Childs; Westchester Polo Club, Reginald C. Vanderbilt; First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry, J. Frank McFadden.

The schedule for the season follows:

Washington Polo Club, May 7-14.
Country Club of Westchester, May 16-21.
Squadron "A," N. G. N. Y., May 23-28.
Devon Polo Club, June 27-July 2.
Great Neck Polo Club, May 30-June 4.
Philadelphia Country Club, June 4-11.
Bryn Mawr Polo Club, June 13-18.
Meadow Brook Club, June 20-July 1.
Rockaway Hunting Club, July 2-16.
Rumson Polo Club, July 18-25.
Southampton Horse Association, July 25-30.
Point Judith Polo Club, championship, July 23-Aug. 20.
Saratoga Polo Club, Aug. 8-13.
Westchester Polo Club, Aug. 22-27.
Buffalo Country Club, Aug. 29-Sept. 3.
Dedham Polo Club, Sept. 5-10.

COLUMBIA BEATS YALE.

New Yorkers Better Goal Shooters in Basket Ball Game.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 15.—Columbia kept its season's slate clean in basket ball by beating Yale here to-night, 17 to 11. Superior steadiness in tossing goals from fouls gave the visitors the victory. They piled up a 10 to 4 lead the first half, when Yale scored two baskets from the floor to only one for Columbia, but tossed eight goals out of ten tries from fouls, while Yale was able to toss only one out of nine attempts.

The play was fast and even during the second half. Each side made six points. Columbia scoring two goals from the floor and two from fouls out of four tries. Yale negotiated three baskets from the floor. Goodwin and S. Murfey of Yale were compelled to retire from the game because five fouls were called on each. Columbia, stalled during the second half to check a Yale rally, but her lead was never in doubt. Capt. Kiendl's all-round work for Columbia was the feature of the game. The line-up:

Yale.	Position.	Columbia.
Goodwin, Drew	Left forward	Mahone
Drew, Hyde	Right forward	Kiendl
Finnessy	Centre	Alexander
C. Murfey		
S. Murfey	Left guard	Benson
Eames	Right guard	Lee

Goals from floor—Kiendl, Mahone, (2.) Goodwin, Hyde, Finnessy, (2.) S. Murfey. Goals from fouls—Kiendl, (11.) Goodwin. Fouls called—On Yale, 15; on Columbia, 10. Goals missed—Yale, 9; Columbia, 4. Referee—M. Hare, Worcester. Umpire—Mr. Thorpe, New York.

TIGERS DOWN OLD PENN.

Large Crowd Sees Princeton Win Basket Ball Game, 31 to 20.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Feb. 15.—Displaying unusual form, the Princeton University basket ball team defeated Pennsylvania here to-night before a large crowd of spectators by the score of 31 to 20. During the whole of the game Pennsylvania managed to shoot only three field goals to the Tigers' twelve. The remainder of the Pennsylvania team's points were made by goals shot from fouls by Saxe, who displayed great accuracy in this department. White, who was closely followed by Heath, starred for Princeton, while Saxe played a clever game for Pennsylvania. The line-up:

Princeton.	Position.	Pennsylvania.
White	Forward	Marks, Kennedy, Pawnal
Heath	Forward	Saxe
Hughes	Centre	Walton, Marks, Blinkman
Warner	Guard	Sommer, Walton
Veeder	Guard	Speer

Field goals—White, (4.) Heath, (3.) Hughes, (3.) Saxe, (2.) Veeder, Warner, Kennedy. Fouls called—Princeton, 22; Pennsylvania, 11. Goals from fouls—Saxe, (14.) Veeder, (7.)

Manhattan's Basket Ball Trip.

Manhattan College basket ball team will play Potsdam Normal School to-night at the De la Salle Institute as a farewell game before they start on their Northern trip, when they will play the Germans at Buffalo on the 19th, the Niagaras at Buffalo on the 21st, St. Lawrence at Canton on the 22d, Potsdam Normal at Potsdam on the 23d, Ogdensburg at Ogdensburg on the 24th, and the R. P. I. at Troy on the 25th.

High School Athletic Plans.

The regular monthly meeting of the High School Games Committee was held yesterday afternoon at the Board of Education Building. The reports of several committees were read, but the football subject was not touched upon at all. One of the main points of contention at the meeting was the physical examination of the students of the public schools before they are allowed to compete in an athletic event. The present plan, it was contended by many, that of examining every student under the supervision of a physician, was gone into extensively, and the opinion of the benefits derived as against the disadvantage was argued at length by the supporters of the system. No definite conclusion was reached in the matter.

It was decided that the High Schools swimming championship be held at the College of the City of New York on March 4, and the relay championships will be a part of the games of the Thirteenth Regiment. The Baseball Committee decided that the championship of the city should be decided by the best two out of three games, and there will be a championship tournament between Brooklyn and Queens on the one side and Manhattan, Bronx, and Richmond on the other. A committee was also appointed to take up the arrangements of the outdoor championships and the novice games. Stuyvesant was again awarded the championship of the basket ball series with a clean record of victories. Newtown High School, which made its first appearance in the championships this season, was second to Stuyvesant.

Bath Beach A. C. Stag.

The first entertainment of the newly formed Bath Beach Athletic Club was held at the Belmont Hotel, Bay Twenty-second Street and Bath Avenue, last night. The club intended to run a boxing show, but this was called off and a vaudeville show was substituted. The officers of the club are M. A. Bettman, President; W. G. Flay, Secretary, and Thomas Goldman, Treasurer. The club will hold boxing shows at its future entertainments.

Yale Plays Dartmouth To-night.

A hockey match that promises considerable interest will be played to-night at St. Nicholas Rink, when the Yale seven lines up against Dartmouth. The game will be a fitting prelude to the Yale-Harvard match, which is scheduled for the latter part of the week. The Yale-Dartmouth game was originally scheduled for the Boston rink, but owing to the non-completion of the building was transferred to New York.

Champion Swimmers in Races.

The features of the annual swimming races of the New York Athletic Club on Saturday night will be the American polo game, the first appearance of Harold Smyrk, amateur champion of England, and Champion Daniels will be on the mark with six other crack local swimmers in the 500-yard Metropolitan A. A. U. championship. The other events on the card, all open, are the 100-yard handicap, (limit 15 seconds,) 75 yards, and fancy diving handicap.

Point System Plan Deferred.

At a meeting of the Student Board of Representative at Columbia University yesterday the matter of the adoption of a point system was brought up. The board seemed to be in favor of limiting the number of offices that an undergraduate could hold during a term, but it could come to no satisfactory agreement as to the value at which each office should be rated. Final action was postponed until the end of the week.

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15c. each.

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Especially at $20 or more.

Have you seen our Saddler Sewn Glove?

The glove with the smart broad cut fingers.

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Black calf, double thickness throughout, each thickness separately waterproofed. $5.50.

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HOTEL STERLING CAFE OPENS.

Another Addition to New York's Remarkable Array of Bohemian Resorts.

Enlarged and magnificently improved by extension through to Seventh Avenue, the new restaurant of the Hotel Sterling, Fiftieth Street and Seventh Avenue, will open for business to-night. In its present form the old patrons of the cafe will hardly know it, for the additions and betterments are so numerous that the whole appearance of the place is changed.

Located in the centre of the "Great White Way," adjacent to a Subway station and easily available for all parts of town, the restaurant is surely going to be a factor in the Bohemian life of the city as well as a popular place of refreshment for the general public who fancy the best of eatables and drinkables, served faultlessly and with promptness.

Every possible nicety of service will be extended; the linens and silver are of the finest, and the surroundings are all that the most fastidious could desire. The decorations are Egyptian and the lights soft rose color. The walls are mirrors, and two ornate fountains serve to add a detail of luxury to the general impression of beauty and grace. Fully 500 diners can be accommodated, making the capacity by day or night about twice what it used to be. The kitchen is a marvel of adequacy, equipped with four broilers and corresponding devices for prompt handling of orders.

Exquisite music by two orchestras, the celebrated American Operatic Quartet and the famous Cibelli Quartet of Singers and Players, will be rendered twice each evening, and no expense has been spared to add to the comfort of patrons. There are two entrances to the cafe, one on Fiftieth Street and the other on Seventh Avenue. The management prides itself on the fact that the charges are twenty per cent. less than in any first-class restaurant in New York.—Adv.

CLUB OWNERS FAIL TO ADOPT SCHEDULE

National League Deadlocked After Day of Fruitless Discussion.

ANOTHER DONLIN RUMOR

The club owners of the National League met at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday and, after seven hours of deliberation, failed to agree on the scehdule for the coming season. All of the club owners refused to give out any information after the meeting, but it was evident that a serious controversy was on within the secret chamber. President Horace Fogel of the Philadelphia Club was unable to be present, and his proxy was held by Charles H. Ebbets of the Brooklyn Club. At the meeting were August Herrmann of Cincinnati, Charles H. Ebbets of Brooklyn, Barney Dreyfuss of Pittsburg, John Dovey of Boston, John T. Brush of New York, Stanley Robison of St. Louis, and Charles W. Murphy of Chicago.

Owners Dreyfuss, Herrmann, and Dovey of Boston were against the adoption of the long 168-game schedule, and these three votes were enough to check any action by the National League owners. The club owners will meet at 2 o'clock to-day, and at that time, it is promised, the schedule for this season will be adopted.

In an interview given out by Mike Donlin in Rochester a few days ago he stated that he had waited patiently for a year for the management of the Giants to make good, and that to protect his interests it was necessary for him to take up the stage as a profession. He stated in Rochester that he would not play with the Giants this season, but yesterday President John T. Brush said that Donlin had promised him that he would give his decision whether he would play on March 10. Mr. Brush said that he regarded this promise as binding, and expected that Donlin would give a favorable decision to the New York Club at that time.

President Charles W. Murphy of Chicago denied emphatically yesterday that he had made any advances to New York for Sy Seymour. Mr. Murphy said he had suggested no trades for the Chicago team and anticipated no change. There were many rumors around yesterday about trades and deals among the baseball managers, but none of these deals were consummated. The only sale recorded was the sale of Pitcher Findlayson and Outfielder Catterson of Brooklyn to the Lawrence team of the New England League.

Pitcher Andy Coakley, formerly of the Chicago team, announced that he had brought suit in the New York courts for $3,200 against President Charles W. Murphy of Chicago for salary and for a share of the world's series of 1909. Coakley was released to Louisville of the American Association and refused to go there to play. Since then he has played independent ball.

JOHNSON ON KLING CASE.

American League President Will Not Come East to Reinstate Player.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—B. B. Johnson, President of the American League, refused to discuss the report from New York that John Kling, catcher for the Chicago National League Club, is to be reinstated. When Mr. Johnson was told that Garry Herrmann of Cincinnati, Chairman of the National Commission, had said that Kling would be reinstated on payment of a fine, Mr. Johnson said that he had not been consulted in the matter, and knew nothing about it. He refused to say whether he would vote for Kling's reinstatement.

President Johnson stated that he would not go East for any National Commission meeting, but expected that a meeting would be called in Cincinnati in the near future to discuss Kling's case. From his attitude it seems apparent that President Johnson did not favor the reinstatement proposition.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 15.—John Kling said to-day, when shown the statement of Garry Herrmann that he would be reinstated and probably fined $1,000:

"I would have to think about that a long time before coming to a decision. One thousand dollars is a big sum of money.

"Other players," added Kling, "who have been guilty of much worse offenses than that with which I am charged have gotten off with a fine of $50 or less."

BASEBALL NOTES.

President Johnson of the American League is opposed to the proposition to have the two big leagues adopt a rule whereb ythey could draft umpires from the minor leagues.

The American Association held its annual schedule meeting in Chicago yesterday and adopted a programme calling for 168 games.

Infielder Barney Reilly of the Chicago Americans has been engaged by Frank Isbell to play with the Wichita Club.

A mistake made in a bulletin sent out by Secretary Farrell of the National Association of Minor League Clubs is causing trouble in the Three I League. This bulletin announces the release of twelve players purchased by the Danville (Ill.) Club from the Decatur team, whereas it should have read that the players have been reserved. As a consequence several players have signed with other clubs.

Pittsburg has sold Pitcher "Vic" Willis to the St. Louis Cardinals.

"Bug" Holliday, who played in the outfield for the Cincinnati Club from 1889 to 1899, and was later an umpire in the American Association, died yesterday at his home in Cincinnati.

Manager Griffith, Pitcher Spade, and Trainer Martin of the Cincinnati Club left yesterday for Hot Springs. They will be joined to-day by Catchers McLean and Roth and other players.

"Tad" Jones, the former Yale player, will play with a semi-professional club in Cincinnati next Summer.

AMERICANS STICK TO SPIKES.

No Action Taken on Schedule or Agreement Question at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—The first day's session of the annual schedule meeting of the American League proved uneventful. No action was taken on the adoption of the 1910 schedule and the adoption of a new agreement to continue the League was also postponed until to-morrow.

The adoption of a new agreement to replace the one which ends in November of this year was discussed at length, and there appeared to be some difference of opinion as to the length of the proposed new agreement. Some club owners favored a perpetual agreement.

The report of a committee consisting of President B. B. Johnson and President Charles A. Comiskey of Chicago, recommending the use of the present style of spikes on shoes during the coming season, was adopted.

It was decided that the Philadelphia Club should settle on the same receipt basis as the other teams in the future. On account of the former inadequate stands in Philadelphia, that club formerly settled on the basis of 12½ cents for every admission on its home grounds, and received the same on the road. In the future it will settle on the basis of 12½ cents for each twenty-five-cent admission and 25 cents each for all others. This will put all the clubs on the same basis of settlement, both at home and on the road.

The clubs were represented as follows: C. A. Comiskey, Chicago; Robert L. Hedges, St. Louis; Frank J. Navin, Detroit; J. F. Kilfoil and J. W. Summers, Cleveland; Thomas C. Noyes, Washington; Benjamin F. Shibe and Connie Mack, Philadelphia; Frank J. Farrell, New York, and Hugh A. McBreen, Boston.

WEST POINT BASEBALL.

Strang Coaching Eighty Candidates—Long Schedule of Games.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Feb. 15.—In answer to Capt. Haverkam's call eighty candidates for the baseball team reported at the West Point gymnasium to-day. "Sammy" Strang of the Baltimore team, who coached the cadets last year, has been engaged to handle the men this season, and he gave the squads their first work in the cage to-day. All but three men of last year's team are still here, and with the material that the class entering in March will bring the prospects look good.

Joseph P. Aleshire, manager of the team, has arranged a schedule of twenty-two games, which is the largest that has been attempted in some time. The first game with Berkeley Hall College on March 30 is two weeks earlier than the season began last year.

The army was unable to arrange an annual game with Pennsylvania, but Yale and Columbia will play during the last week in April. The Army and Navy game this year will be played at Annapolis May 28, and is the only game the West Point cadets will play away from home. The schedule:

March 30—Berkeley Hall College. April 2—Seton Hall; 6—Manhattan; 9—University of Vermont; 12—Union; 16—Tufts; 20—Lafayette; 23—Wesleyan; 27—Fordham; 30—Columbia. May 4—University of Rochester; 7—University of Virginia; 11—Brown University; 14—Trinity College; 18—Ursinus; 21—Fordham; 25—Lehigh; 28—Navy; 30—Seventh Regiment N. Y. N. G. June 1—Stevens Institute; 4—Bucknell; 8—Colgate.

Here's a Star for the Giants.

Special to The New York Times.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Feb. 15.—William T. Temple of Red Springs, N. C., has signed a contract to play with the New York National League Club the coming season. Temple is an A. and M. College boy, having played with this institution for five years. He is a general utility man, can pitch, catch, and play the outfield with about equal ability. He began as a catcher, but last season played in the outfield and pitched mostly. Just where the New York Club expects to play him is unknown. He is a .300 hitter, and has played star ball in minor league circles.

Constitution for Fordham A. A.

At a recent meeting of the senior class of Fordham University a committee consisting of President John F. Coffey, Harry F. Hammer, John T. Killoran, Matthew C. Griffin, George C. Denneny, and Edward J. Welstead was appointed to draft a constitution for the new Fordham Athletic Association. This step follows the action of the Faculty in turning over athletics to student control. The old constitution met with general disfavor inasmuch as it placed too much power with the alumni. By it they were voted seven members on the Executive Board, sharing an equal vote with the undergraduates.

The new constitution votes one member of the Executive Board to the alumni. The departments of law and medicine will each have a representative on the Executive Board.

The plan of having a graduate manager aroused a long discussion. It was finally voted down. The officers of the athletic association are to be members of the incoming senior class, the election to take place on the first Tuesday of June. The managers of the different Varsity teams are to be chosen from the senior class, and they, together with the officers of the athletic association, will be members of the Board of Directors.

The time for paying the athletic fee expires on Oct. 1. This fee entitles a member to a percentage discount on all season tickets issued by the athletic association.

22d Regiment's Olympic Meet.

If present plans do not go astray, the big Olympic meet under the auspices of the Twenty-second Regiment Engineers, at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory, Sixty-eighth Street and Broadway, on Wednesday evening, Feb. 23, will be a hummer. The meet in every detail will be a copy of the famous Athens Olympiad, the measurements and prizes being practically the same. Entries close to-day with Capt. George H. Hearn, Twenty-second Regiment, Broadway and Sixty-eighth Street. Dieges & Clust, 23 John Street, and J. J. McHugh, P. O. Box 14, Station H, New York.

Jack Ritchie and Mitchen Matched.

For its next stag the Brooklyn A. C. has matched Jack Ritchie and Jim Mitchen in the main event of six rounds. The show takes place on Friday evening in the gymnasium, 374 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn.

Yale Fencers Win Six Bouts.

NEW HAVEN, Feb 15—In a fencing match with the Springfield Training School to-night Yale won six out of nine bouts

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WANDERERS BEST IN AMATEUR HOCKEY

Odie Cleghorn Scores Five Goals Against the St. Nicholas Team.

EQUALS THE LEAGUE RECORD

At the expense of the St. Nicholas hockey seven the Wanderers last night, at the St. Nicholas Rink, spurred on by the loss of the Amateur Hockey League championship to the New York Athletic Club, took their revenge on the weakened Kris Kringle combination, and the final score read 8 goals to 4 in favor of the Wanderers. It was a slaughter without question, but there was an element of good hockey put forth which could not help but please the most exacting devotee of the game. It was not all for the Wanderers either, for the St. Nicholas seven at times displayed a brilliancy that called forth considerable applause from the spectators.

The work of the Wanderers was faultless, and here and there cropped out flashes of play that were truly brilliant. If anw one man deserves the credit of the victory more than another it is Odie Cleghorn. At no time this season has he skated in better form, and the manner in which he carried the puck down the ice for repeated tries at the St. Nicholas goal was marvelous. It almost seemed that he had a string tied to the rubber, so great was the control that he displayed. Five of the tallies caged by the Wanderers in their opponents' net were due to the work of this clever player. This equals the record made by Castleman last year for the greatest number of goals scored by a player in one game.

Four of the points were marked up in the first half, and after Odie had sent in another tally in the second half there were appeals for him to strive for a new record. And he did try, sending the puck a number of times at Feitner for what seemed like sure tallies, but they all failed.

It was due to Feitner, the St. Nicholas goal, that the score was not larger in favor of the Wanderers. He, too, was at his best, and with the play most of the time close to the Santa Claus net he was kept busy turning aside likely shots out of harm's way.

A feature which did much to add to the humor of the situation was the play of Smeaton. He was determined that his name should go down among those who scored against the St. Nicholas team, and he made a number of brilliant runs down the ice in the attempt to accomplish the result. About the middle of the second half he succeeded in his ambition and caged the puck unassisted. The line-up:

St. Nicholas.	Position.	Wanderers.
Feitner	Goal	Ellison
Richards	Point	Smeaton
Leake	Cover point	Dufresne
Gordon	Rover	Harmon
Cornell	Centre	Cleghorn
Winter	Left wing	Bulger
Freeman	Right wing	O. Cleghorn

Goals—First half—First for the Wanderers by O. Cleghorn in 2:15; second for the Wanderers by O. Cleghorn in 2:30; third for the Wanderers by Harmon in 3:17; fourth for the Wanderers by O. Cleghorn in 4:03; fifth for St. Nicholas by Leake in 5:37; sixth for the Wanderers by O. Cleghorn in 8:44; seventh for St. Nicholas by Winter in 20:00. Second half—First for St. Nicholas by Gordon in 6:30; second for the Wanderers by O. Cleghorn in 8:00; third for the Wanderers by S. Cleghorn in 8:10; fourth for St. Nicholas by Gordon in 11:40; fifth for the Wanderers by Smeaton in 12:46. Penalties—Smeaton, two minutes; Gordon two minutes. Referee—W. Russell, Hockey Club. Assistant Referee—Howard Drakeley, President Amateur Hockey League. Goal umpires—Mr. White, New York A. C., and Mr. Britton, Hockey Club. Timekeepers—R. Croker, Wanderers, and F. G. Stuart, Hockey Club. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

WILL MANAGE AUTO RUN.

E. L. Ferguson Appointed by A. A. A. for New York-Boston Contest.

The Contest Board of the American Automobile Association has appointed E. L. Ferguson to supervise the midwinter New York to Boston automobile run in the interests of the contestants. The date of the contest is March 5, the opening day of the Boston Automobile Show. The entrance fee has been fixed at $50 for each car, and the trophy is to be awarded to the car receiving the greatest number of votes.

George C. John, who was among the first to signify his intention to enter the contest, is now in Detroit urging factory officials to put four cars at his disposal—two E-M-F's and two Flanders—and is satisfied that they will make a good showing both in the run and in the count up after the polls are closed.

William B. Hurlburt is arranging with the factory to enter the world's famous Thomas Flyer, which won the New York to Paris race. Mr. Hurlburt expects to enter a second Thomas in the run, and it is probable that the Stearns, Mora, and other cars will be entered. The pace-making car has not been determined upon by the management. This, however, will be decided by a drawing.

Cross and Marto at the Long Acre.

The ten-round fight between Leach Cross and Johnny Marto to-morrow night at the Long Acre Club should be worth seeing. In the preliminary Cross's brother Phil will stack up against George Hoey.

GRAVESEND YACHTSMEN MEET

Elect Officers and Formulate Tentative Schedules for This Year.

The annual meeting of the Yacht Racing Association of Gravesend Bay was held in the Assembly, Brooklyn, last night. It was attended by delegates from the six clubs composing the association—the Atlantic, Bensonhurt, and Brooklyn Yacht Clubs, New York Canoe Club, Marine and Field Club, and Crescent Athletic Club.

Following the reading of the minutes of the last meeting, the delegates proceeded to the election of officers for the ensuing year, and President G. R. Le Sauvage of the Bensonhurst Yacht Club and Secretary-Treasurer Louis Tieman of the New York Canoe Club were unanimously re-elected. H. J. Glelow of the Atlantic Yacht Club was the choice of the delegates for measurer of the association.

It is the intention of the association to promote motor boat racing on Gravesend Bay this Summer, if a practical plan can be formulated for governing such contests. For this reason the names of motor boat owners have been asked for.

Secretary Tieman will write to them requesting that they meet the officers of the Gravesend Bay Association next month and discuss ways and means of promoting motor boat races this Summer.

The delegates proceeded to draw up a tentative racing schedule for next Summer for the sail craft. One was finally formulated after a thorough discussion of the desires of the various clubs, as expressed through their delegates, to retain their fixture dates of last season, and the tentative programme will now be submitted to their constituencies by the several delegates.

The Atlantic Yacht Club will open and close the yachting season on the bay. It is likely that racing will start on May 28 and close on Sept. 17, although Sept. 24 may be included as an open date to take care of any necessary postponement that may occur. Owing to the fact that Decoration Day and the Fourth of July fall on Mondays this year, with Labor Day, of course, on Monday, the schedule this season will be at least two days longer than it was last year.

RICE STIRS UP CREW MEN.

Columbia Coach Adopts New Plan for Rowing Practice.

Coach Rice tried a new scheme with the Columbia oarsmen yesterday, which he hopes will help to bring about the regularity in the daily practice on the machines that he desires. Whereas prior to this time the candidates could row whenever they chose in the afternoon, he has now picked definite eights, and these must row together each day and at an appointed hour. The object of this move is more for the purpose bringing about some system in the daily rowing than to rate the ability of the various eights, and to try and develop more speed by thus working the squads together than could otherwise be obtained.

The showing at practice yesterday was much better than has been the case for weeks, and Coach Rice took this opportunity to select his eights. Enough Varsity men reported to fill four boats. About thirty-five freshmen also reported, and four eights were picked from among the youngsters.

N. Y. A. C. and Irish Teams Matched.

Capt. Halpin of the New York Athletic Club has agreed to send the club's relay team to the mark in a 2,400-yard event with the record-breaking team of the Irish Club at the Fordham meet on Feb. 26. With Gissing on the team, Weferis quartet hope to get revenge for the beating they received at the Pastime meet. Halpin has selected McEntee, Walther, and Gissing, with the fourth man undecided. With Rosenberger, Kiviat, and Robbins carrying the winged fist, the Twenty-second's armory crowd should see a race worth while. Rosenberger has forwarded his entry in the 70-yard. Against him will be pitted the cracks of the metropolitan district.

Hudson Rowing Association's Officers.

At the last annual meeting of the Hudson River Rowing Association the following officers were elected for 1910: President—Richard Sturcke, Waverly Boat Club; Vice President—R. H. Cutting, Atlantic Boat Club; Secretary—N. J. Etzold, Woodcliff Boat Club; Treasurer—Robert A. Stuke. The following clubs comprise the association: Active, Atlantic, Valencia, and Woodcliff Boat Clubs of New Jersey and the Bloomingdale, Hudson, and Waverly Boat Clubs of New York.

Quill No Match for Loughrey.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 15.—Young Loughrey, the Philadelphia welterweight, easily defeated Tommy Quill of Brockton in their twelve-round bout at the Armory A. A. to-night, and won the decision. Loughrey had the better of every round.

SPORTING NEWS IN BRIEF.

James J. Jeffries intends to spend a month on a hunting expedition before he begins training for his fight with Jack Johnson. He will reach San Francisco to-morrow to attend to some business, after which he will go to Los Angeles, where he will engage training quarters.

The American Bowling Congress entries for its tournament at Detroit shows an increase over those received for the Pittsburg competition last year. There are 404 five-men teams, 989 two-men teams, and 2,017 individual entries, from whom fees amounting to $30,035 have been received. Chicago leads outside cities with 62 teams.

Fifty entries have been received by the Illinois A. C. for the national amateur wrestling championships, which are to be held in Chicago on Feb. 25 and 26.

It is probable that Howard Gargan, football coach at Fordham the past two seasons, will be engaged to coach the Rutgers College eleven next Fall.

The New York State Chess Association will hold its annual meeting at the Rice Chess Club next Tuesday evening.

WINANS'S TROTTERS HERE FROM ENGLAND

Eight Horses, Valued at $150,000, to Race on Grand Circuit Tracks.

ALLEN WINTER AMONG THEM

A. C. Pennock, the former Cleveland trainer, who has been racing the trotting string of Louis Winans of London over Continental tracks for several seasons, arrived in this city yesterday on the Atlantic Transport liner Minnehaha with eight trotters, which represent a cash value of at least $150,000.

Among the arrivals are three of America's best bred and famous trotters, which were shipped abroad. They are Allen Winter, winner of the $50,000 Readville handicap in 1908, and which made a record of 2:06½ against time at the old Glenville track, Cleveland; Silko, famous Futurity winner, which John E. Madden sold to Mr. Winans for $50,000 after he had shown a mile better than 2:05 at Lexington in 1904, and Icon, 2:10, for which Mr. Winans paid $10,000. Allen Winter cost Mr. Winans $50,000.

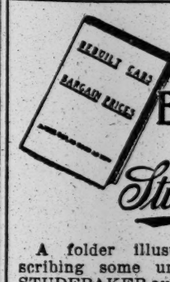
From a racing standpoint the most interesting trotters in the string are Willy and Dora, the biggest winners on the European harness turf and reputed to be the fastest bred "inlanders," as all trotters bred in Europe are called. These two trotters have shown extreme speed in all forms of races and will be pitted against American-bred trotters for competition on the Grand Circuit.

According to reports, this pair cost Mr. Winans nearly $35,000. The string also includes three other "inlanders." They are Bessie Brown, Sallie Spencer, and Bachelor's Maid. The horses will remain in New York for a short rest and then be shipped to Cleveland, where Manager Pennock will train them until the opening of the harness racing season.

This is the first instance in which European-bred trotters were brought to compete with American-bred horses, and the incident will add greatly to the attractiveness of harness racing this year. Mr. Winans's trotters will be heavily staked in big events, including stallion races and handicaps. The horses arrived in splendid condition.

On the same steamer were 110 registered Percheron and Belgian draught horses, consigned to Western breeders, there being 75 stallions, mostly colts, and 35 mares, all intended for breeding. The Minnehaha also brought a consignment of 105 Jersey cows, which are considered the finest and purest lot belonging to that famous breed ever imported to this country. They were purchased for J. B. Haggin by his agents and will be shipped to Kentucky in a few days.

AUTOMOBILES.



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FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ.—181 Nat Cash Register Co v. Amer Cash Register Co. 232—In re Day. 161—Village S S Co v. Standard Oil Co. 164—J Reilly Repair Co v. Smith. 157—Morris & Cumming Co v. Moran Towing Co. 38—In re Schulman. 34—Mutual Transit Co v. U S. 106—U S v. Wadleigh. 167—U S v. Winter. 110—In re Jersey Co. 198—Holman v. Thomas.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hough, J.—July calendar. 110—Vohl v. Pullman Co. 125—Union S & S Co v. int R T Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Adams, J.—Admiralty. 73—Jacobus v. Dredge No. 2. 94—Packard v. Scow Panlight.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J.—Law and equity calendar. 19—Greenhall v. Warendorff.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Clarke, McLaughlin, Scott, Miller, and Dowling, JJ.—Enumerated motions. 163—People v. Gerst. 45—Dopnheym v. Chamberlain & Johnson Dubose Co. 179—Hogan v. Board of Education. 180—Cohen v. Con Gas Co. 181—In re Gerssler. 182—Blumenthal v. Abels. 183—Same v. same. 179—Minrath v. N Y Investment & Imp Co. 37—McBride v. Illinois Nat Bank. 184—Ford v. Stern. 185—Derty v. Mayor. 186—Kopes v. Green. 188—Landoun v. Mitchell. 190—Sewart D'Onofrio. 191—Same v. same. 192—Nestell v. Flanagan. 194—Ohmann v. Star Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Gerard, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—McCall, J.—Motions. General calendar. 4870—Edelson v. Edelson. 4873—Peterson v. Peterson. 4875—Levine v. Levine. 4880—Dondero v. Dondero. 4008—Pieber v. Pieber. 5032—Eichkern v. Eichkern. 5033—Solomon v. Solomon. 5034—Howard v. Howard. 5035—Brown v. Brown. 5036—De Witt v. De Witt. 5037—Winter v. Winter. 5038—Holtz v. Holtz. 5039—Deitelbaum v. Deitelbaum. 5040—Purviance v. Purviance. 5041—Richman v. Richman. 5042—Murray v. Murray. 5043—Corrigan v. Corrigan. 5044—Cornelius v. Cornelius. 5045—Cochran v. Barnum. 5046—Popper v. Popper. 5047—Deary v. Deary. 5048—Zinn v. Zinn. 5049—Gibbs v. Gibbs. 5050—Laurino v. Laurino. 5051—Stez v. Stez. 4389—Stephens v. Stephens.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Platzek, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Hartel v. Hartel. 2—Geoghegan v. Mingle. 3—Bitterman v. Sadowsky. 4—In re Lovell. 5—De Santis v. Joline. 6—Allison v. United Cloak and Suit Co. 7—Helderberg v. Dillman. 8—Grant v. Grant. 9—People v. Schmidt. 10—In re Constable. 11—In re Grote St. 12—United Surety Co v. Kraus. 13—In re Thurston. 14—McCue v. McCue. 15, 16—In re Sparrow. 17—Greene v. Greene. 18—Bruen v. Port Jervis & Davenport. 19, 20—Bletscher v. Peck. 21—Jackson v. Shindler. 22—City of N Y v. Shatzkin. 23—Met Bank v. Nicholas. 24—O'Brien v. A Jaekel & Co. 25—Foley v. Werner. 26—Keating v. Bishop. 27—Joles v. Scranton and Lehigh Coal Co. 28—In re Centre St. 29—Richard v. Brannan. 30—Vollman v. Dachs. 31—Hyman v. Arthur. 32—Wizard Patent Dev Co v. Irving. 33—City of N Y v. Advanced Amuse Co. 34—Central Trust Co v. 28th & 29th St R R Co. 35—Moran v. McLaughlin. 36—In re New St. 37—In re Aronson. 38—N Y Barber Co v. Toporoff. 39—Van Casteel v. Hutchins. 40—Fellowes v. MacGowan. 41—People v. Campisi. 42—Dole v. Mason. 43—Kartouf v. Lally. 44—Rappaport v. Oxfeld. 45—In re Levy. 46—Dunham v. Coutter. 47—In re Waddell. 48—In re McAuliffe. 49—In re Cosgrove. 50—Hammerstein v. Mackay. 51—Herbst v. Herbst. 52—People v. Brown. 53—Scott v. Lowe. 54—Woodward v. Gould. 55, 56—In re Fritsch. 57—Jacobs v. Uhlig. 58—Cohen v. Davis. 59, 60—Buttenwieser v. Goldschlag. 61—In re Export Lumber Co. 62—Skinner v. Behn. 63—Beers v. Jackerson. 64, 65—Lowndes v. Qualey. 66—Musical Leader Pub Co v. Hudson. 67—12th Ward Bank v. St. Joseph's Church. 68—De Durivicic v. O'Rourke Eng Co. 69—Fitch v. Hill Syndicate. 70—Schalkenbach v. Nat Ventilating Co. 71—Policini v. Policini. 72—Rau v. Int R T Co. 73—Joline v. O'Brien. 74—Duffy v. Business Men's Realty Corp. Cana. 75—Carnevale v. Cuneo. 76—Jackson v. Shindler. 77—In re Gottman. 78—Fitzgerald v. Fitzgerald. 79—Dinkin v. Scatena. 80—Mayer v. Mayer. 81—Am Audit Co v. Regan. 82—McGarry v. McGarry.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—(Criminal Term)—Goff, J.—1—Frank E. Webster, alias Frank Bryan.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Greenbaum, J.—6817, 6818—Hochstein v. Vanderveer Crossings. 6730—Gordon v. Oppenheim. 5245—Westheimer v. Jacobowitz. 6801—Fortig v. Sans. 6777—Williams v. Post & Davis Co. 6734—Lindin Realty Co v. F. Mohr & Co. 6247—Barnes v. Johns. 6776—Collins v. Post & Davis Co. 6830—Twombly v. Dinning. 6784—Cohen v. U S Grand Lodge, &c. 6794—Jefferson v. Gillespie. 6819—Scheinkman v. Schellhaus. 6350—Leland v. Weeden.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Page, J.—1098—Muth v. N Y C & H R R R. 112—Maston v. Int R T Co. 1120—Drummond v. Ladd. 1121—Wiegand v. Joline. 1061—Muldoon v. Int R T Co. 1126—Mansfield v. same. 1130—Rashkoff v. Erie R R. 1132—Urban v. N Y & Q Co Ry Co. 110—Coniglio v. Joline. 1071—Schnall v. Nassau Elec R R. 1122—Ferri v. Joline. 795—Webber v. Int R T Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Amend, J.—3512—McNiece v. Press Pub Co. 2871—Lichtman v. Frank. 3073—Rosenthal v. Ginsburg. 3188—Connolly v. Butler. 3247—Abramowitz v. Hart. 3266, 3267—Shy v. Meyer. 2787—Cervat v. Tannes. 2574—Franklin v. City of N Y. 3158—Bailey v. Terry & Tench Co. 3161—Goldstein v. Tribelhorn. 1904—Vesotsky v. Bock. 3268—Morris v. Zimmerman. 3280—Stewart v. Hinckle Iron Co. 3302—Barbato v. Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Co. 3303—Benefatto v. Reiser. 2973—Kessler v. Pettet. 3296—Freeman v. N Y Transp Co. 2801—Bull v. Walsh. 3335—Fish v. Cross, Austin & Ireland Co. 3340—Wells v. Gilbert. 3351—Miceli v. Degnon Const Co. 1545—Euers v. Hermanie. 3037—Del Pino v. Westcott Express Co. 3069—Jellison v. City of N Y. 3105—Novikoff v. Pacific Mail SS Co. 2954—Gotfried v. Rashnowitz. 3124, 3125—Siegel v. Ebbighousen. 3066—Steinblum v. Doe. 3090—Herwitz v. Carlin Const Co. 3096—Kane v. Robert. 3197—Weiss v. Tower. 3199—Watman v. Kahn. 3211—Possant v. N Y Cont Co. 3218—Schenider v. City of N Y. 3220—Baker v. N Y Opthalmic Hospital. 3222—Wetzel v. Drake. 3227—Perlmuter v. Herman Lumber Co. 3260—Fisher v. Lord Elec Co. 3277—Houlahan v. Nassau Newspaper, &c, Co. 3286—Slawson v. Sherry. 3304—O'Donovan v. City of N Y. 3332—Beach v. Alexander. 6698—Jacobs v. Sire. 3044—Amato v. Snare & Triest Co. 3060—Lubleich v. Gattesman. 3070—Fleming v. Smith Co. 3105, 3108—Leitlebaum v. Mann.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV—Giegerich, J.—1592—Met Trust Co v. Payne. 1884—Same v. Truax. 6150—Heine v. Stern. 2648—Carlew v. Strange. 2343—Bedat v. Fullman. 3209—U S Casualty Co v. Jameson. 3701—Weis v. Haudin. 1888—Fleetman v. Galland-Cohn-Hall Co. 1761—Baker v. Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Co. 6584—Tierney v. Fitzpatrick. 599—Carpenter v. Klein. 2753—Ducas v. Ducas. 3537—Binsell v. Vicaro. 2158—Shilling v. Lloyd & Horsman Co. 262—Nichols v. Fidelity & Casualty Co. 2045—Swing v. Wanamaker. 2706—Hutchins v. Butroughs. 2585—Morris v. Reynolds. 1780—McDuffie v. Financier Co. 3967—De Lamar v. Zeto. 4597—Bredford v. Herbert. 3282—Riker v. Griffiths. 3396—Gibson v. Bodenhamer. 6606—14th St Bank v. Gersten. 1468—Slocum v. Ostrander. 11334—Adler v. Lipman. 730—Harris v. Cohn. 1323—Ondyke v. City of N Y. 1443—Dochterman Van and Express Co v. Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Co. 3782—Salewitz v. Pappos. 3798—Burg v. Ehrlich. 3803—Berwind v. Cuba Eastern R R. 3863—Lavitt v. Cory. 2870—Ellis v. Hearn. 928—City of N Y v. Coon. 3622—Reynolds v. Fleischmann Realty Co. 3283—Lings v. Blodgett & Orswell Co. 2678—Atlantic Terra Cotta Co v. John Pierce Co. 3889—Smith v. Alexander. 3808—Kalman v. Ritz Co of Am. 3903—Robinson v. N Y C & H R R R. 3940—Phillips v. Quinlan. 3956—Barrick v. Tichenor & Grand. 3959—Bernstein v. Horwitz. 3960—Hecht v. Barnabey. 3967—Peck v. Collis.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers — Cohalan, S.—Wills for probate: Margaret Green, Henry D. Ferguson, Lippman Katz, Henry Siemann, Gordon Wendell, Solomon Zeiman, Samuel L. Berrian, Henrich Losch, Sarah H. Snow, Fanny Jonson, Annie Murphy, Thomas F. Donohue.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Thomas, S.—Contested will: John Quinn.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Finelite, J.; Part II., La Fetra, J.; Part III., McAvoy, J.; Part V., Green, J.; Part VI., Smith, J.; Part VII., O'Dwyer, C. J.; Part VIII., Lynch, J.—Calendar called in Part III. at 9:45 A. M. 6185—Sullivan v. N Y Edison Co. 6141—Finkelstein v. Levy. 5045—Marx v. B H R R. 5306—Hirsch v. Lehram. 6231—N Y Edison Co v. Harris. 4725—Rosin v. Hamil. 4122—Shorman v. Goldfarb. 6130—Bruno v. Palmbo. 5344—Higgins v. Bde. 6145—Kurshedt v. Ernsheimer. 2356—Mowrey v. House. 6170—Galey v. J. V. Farwell Co. 5497—Galil v. Scatena. 6251—Phillips v. Isaacs. 6252—McCoy v. Fifth Av Coach Co. 6256—Watson v. Grushka. 6208—Farrand v. Whitridge. 6272—Niver v. N Y Taxicab Co. 6172—Jasper v. Bachert. 6004—Polley v. Starkie. 6121—Levine v. Silberstein. 6096—Kiernan v. Joline. 6202—Hanratty v. same. 6244—Bannl v. McCarkell. 6274—O'Connor v. Joline. 6276—Dunn v. Cinnotti. 6281—McGrath v. Lehigh Valley R R. 6284—Mayer v. Weinberger. 6286—Sultzbach v. Kantrowitz. 6246—Surkes v. Burstein. 5709—Jaeck v. Innis. 4996½—Carboy v. Polstein Co. 6159—Hirshberg v. Loblein. 6205—Linder v. Joline. 6236—Realty Supervision Co v. McKown. 3007½—Guesmer v. Collins. 6294—Troup v. Joline. 6295—Miller v. Joline. 6296—Hallenbeck v. Drake. 6207—Heszelberg v. Kracke. 6299—Gearty v. Joline. 6300—McNeilly v. Degnon Cont Co. 6303—Frucht v. Bauer. 6304—Hamill v. Stokes Mfg Co. 6306—Newcomb Mfg Co. v. Nat Mercantile Agency. 6307—Musical Courier Co v. Block. 6308—Marvin v. Central R R of N J. 6311—Auslander v. Beth Harmdrash Hagodol of Harlem. 6315—Schwartz v. Himberg. 6316—Roseman v. Gallagher. 6318—Duffy v. Joline. 6321—Singer v. Ind Order B'rith Abraham. 6324—Saunders v. Simpson. 6325—O'Brien v. Simpson.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Schmuck, J.—Short causes. 1753—Cohen v. Henn. 1766—O'Connell v. O'Brien. 1802, 1803—Empire City Nat Bed Co v. Reid. 1806—Newman v. State Bank. 1795—Bayer v. Roman Bath Co. 1817—Lordi v. People's Surety Co. 1761—Griffiths v. Jacobs. 463—Shepard v. Eilers. 1779—Lesser v. Marcus. 1828—Vogel v. Ardisi. 1470—Curtis v. Weiss. 1762—Smith v. Lester. 1700—Peters v. Belsinger. 1772—Allen v. Newman. 1774—McOwan v. Phipps. 1778—Am Woolen Co v. Moskowitz. 1812—Ondrak v. Home Life Ins Co. 1702—Krug v. Goldsmith. 1790, 1791—Commi Trust Co v. Abern. 1827—Murray v. Gillis. 1829—Casino Hotel Co v. Schers Restaurant Co. 1830—Katz v. Frankel. 1832—Wils v. Hollander. 1834—Mannion v. Scheurer.

Referees Appointed—New York.

CITY COURT—Donnelly, J.—Reiman vs. Oppenheim—Nathan Burkan.

CITY COURT—SMITH, J.—Zeto vs. Wendler—Morris Jacobs.

Receiver Appointed—New York.

CITY COURT—Donnelly, J.—Joseph Rosenzweig vs. Frank Heitzner—Joseph Gallagher.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Stapleton, J.; Part II., Clark, J.; Part III., Garretson, J.; Part IV., Crane, J.; Part V., Kapper, J.; Part VI., Kelly, J.; Part VII., Marean, J.—8154—Matthias Horta, an alleged incompetent. 8156—Esther J Simmons, an alleged incompetent. 9—Cleveland v. Cromwell. 540—Stumpf v. Nassau R R. 6087—Armstrong v. C I & B R R. 2270—Stonhouse v. B H R R. 2275—Russell v. Cornell. 7567—Willets v. Helstad. 1736—Block v. Ruderman. 7597—Pidgeon v. Pidgeon. 7621—Gunderson v. Roebling Const Co. 1164—Levin v. Ring et al. 2281, 2282—Peper v. City of N Y. 2294—Durnagle v. Cranford & McNamee. 2296—Taggart v. City of N Y. 2286—Smith v. same. 2300—Finnegan v. Cranford & McNamee. 2305, 2306—Goldman v. B H R R. 2309—Cannon v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 5971—Edwards v. Rector Gas Lamp Co. 2311—Van Ronk v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2316—Dwyer v. same. 2324, 2325—Widman v. C I & B R R. 2334—Folk v. O'Brien. 2340—Hanna v. Brooklyn Gas Co. 2341—Harten v. Standard Oil Co. 1287—Forsman v. McLeod. 6247—Lafayette Trust Co v. Siegel. 6432—Same v. Buser. 6655—Same v. Ratner. 7718—Block v. Berger. 7470—Godfrey v. Mullstein. 1542—Desmond v. Foundation Co. 2252—Semptimus v. Nassau R R. 6909—Fredel v. Empire Keystone Co. 857—O'Brien v. O'Rourke. 976—Grunfelder v. B H R R. 1878—Tregaskis v. Thompson. 6001—Fritz v. Feller. 8155—Watkins v. Delehunty. 2343—Lorenzo v. Perkins.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call: 3428—Delharge v. Hildebrand. 1799—Anderson v. Gair Co. 2344—Stern v. B H R R. 2345—Vitacenzo v. same. 2348—Tinercin v. same. 2349—Tierney v. City of N Y. 2850—Jaques v. Nassau R R. 2354—Rosenberg v. Eastern Sales Book Co. 2355—Gunlack v. Wolf Co. 2357—Smith v. O'Neill. 2359—Peplowski v. Slocoski. 2360—Slodowicz v. same. 2361—McDonald v. Autenrieth, Jr. 2365—Coney v. B H R R. 2366—Quackenboss v. Bklyn Union Elev R R. 2367—Petersen v. Nassau R R. 2370, 2371—Boyle v. Freytag. 2372—Creamer v. Met Securities Co. 2373—Sweeney v. Reich. 2375—Newman v. B H R R. 2376—Gritz v. City of N Y. 2377—Egan v. B H R R. 2378—Birkett v. City of N Y et al. 2379—Sixt v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2381—Cummings v. Nassau R R. 2382—Lapidus v. Vesta Lumber Co. 2383—Sapadin v. Nimark. 2384—Brown v. N Y City R R. 2385—Herr v. B H R R et al. 2386—Roche v. same. 2387, 2388—Donnelly v. Kister. 2389—Berkowitz v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2391—Purcell v. B H R R. 2392—Polizzi v. Coogan. 2393—Mallier v. N Y City R R. 2394—Crocker v. Nassau R R. 2396, 2397, 2398—Taylor v. South Bklyn R R. 2399—Crisfuli v. Kleinert. 2400—Britt, Sr, v. Nassau R R. 2401—McNaughton v. same. Highest number reached on regular call, 2401.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Blackmar, J.—1185—Whitshaw v. Walter. 2312—Millner v. Willner. 4381—Rosenthal v. Rachlin. 4427—Futtaller v. O'Brien. 4297—Gottuso v. Manhat & B'klyn Real Estate Co. 4499—Ritter v. Ritter. 4502—Cohen v. Cohen. 4502½—Young v. Califano. 4506—Baldwin v. Arow. 4516—Ammon v. Langman. 4280—Kelly v. Buck. 4423—Krause v. Sander. 4168—G Hoyt Co v. Miller. 4561—Rossiter v. Rossiter. 3969—Cohen v. Extension Develop Co. 4429—Rohde v. Reisenberger.

COUNTY COURT—Part II.—Jackson, J.—832—McDonough v. B H R R. 864—Collins v. B'klyn Alcatraz Asphalt Co. 866—Schoenberger v. Nassau Elec R R. 867—Ingram v. Linder. 870—Lynch v. Nassau Elec R R. 873—Tjaden v. B H R R. 1776—Jones v. Hipkins. 374—Butts v. B H R R. 375—Leach v. Schofer. 876—Warshawski v. Nassau Elec R R. 877—Lamoreaux v. B H R R.

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Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Keogh, J.; Part II., Mills, J.—Day calendar. In re Huntington. 259—Ely's v. Healy and others.

Mandy v. Schleicher Co. 214—Mola v. Erie R R Co. 496—Merchick v. Pierce Co. 128—Kennedy v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 55—Reider v. City of Mount Vernon. 187—Cleveland v. B H R R Co. 29—Kavanagh v. N Y C & H R R Co. 223—Purnell v. same. 231—Wright v. Bates. 262—Mastromattito v. N Y Cont Co P T. 271—Ratajazak v. Sup Council Royal Arcanum. 272—Lawrence Park Realty Co v. Allemania Firg Ins Co of Pittsburg. 273—Norelino v. Rehbock. 40—Downing v. N Y Telephone Co and another.

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The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call: 137—Sabine v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 254—Zeltner Brewing Co v. Valendino. 267—Corere v. N Y C & H R R R. 186—Taylor v. African M E Church of N Y. 216—Woch v. Westchester Lighting Co. 246—Vinci v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 248—Kurecz v. Abendroth Bros. 270—Merritt v. Fix. 281—Mertz v. Connecticut Co. 282—Hoffman v. Tolosi and another. 283—Mapes v. N Y, N H & H R R Co. 285—Bedford v. Powell. 286—Welsh v. City of Yonkers. 288—Conners v. Receiver Union Ry Co of N Y City. 289—Gaspero v. Myers. 291—Malorca v. same. 293—Bergin v. Halcyon Park Co. 294—Cleary v. Lese. 295—Cairns v. City of Yonkers. 277—Rogers v. Fuller. Highest number reached, 295.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J.—Day calendar. People v. Leon Weiss.

Queens County.

COUNTY COURT—Police Building, Long Island City—Humphrey, J.—2435—People v. Frank McIntyre. 2593—Same v. Michael Jaznlz. 2661—Same v. Arthur Morris. 2532—Same v. Charles Haas. 2549—Same v. Carmine Lanzona. 2550—Same v. same defendant. 2551—Same v. Giovanni Solzano. 2552—Same v. same defendant. 2535—Same v. Wilbur Craft. 2667—Same v. Frank Herbert.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Putnam, J.—501—O'Connor v. L I R R Co. 103—Bates v. N Y & Queens Co Ry Co. 94—Leonard, as admr, v. L I R R Co. 112—Feradise, an infant, v. City of N Y and N Y & Queens Co Ry Co. 688—Yeager v. N Y & Queens Co Ry Co. 1272—Bjork et al v. Lindquist. 1277—Schmeelcke, as admx, v. N Y & Queens Co Ry Co. 1273—Zucchino et al v. Hamburg-American Steamship Co. People v. Welz. People v. Glaser. Balance of calendar passed until Thursday, Feb. 17.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Metal Ornamentation, Although of Chief Value, Is Not Controlling.

The United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the third circuit has handed down a decision in the protest case of O. G. Hempstead & Sons, in which the contention of the importers for a tariff tax of 35 per cent. on so-called buhl furniture is sustained.

The furniture in question is household or cabinet furniture ornamented with metal in such a manner that the metal ornamentation gives to the furniture the chief value, although as a matter of fact the predominant material in quantity is wood. Under these circumstances the Government exacted duty at the rate of 45 per cent. under the provision in the Dingley tariff for "manufactures in chief value of metal." This latter claim was sustained by the Board of United States General Appraisers, but later the Circuit Court reversed the board and found in favor of the importers.

The Appellate Court now affirms the lower tribunal with the result that the controversy ends, for the time being, at least in favor of the importers. In view of the fact that the language of the household furniture provision in the Tariff act passed last year is somewhat different from that employed in the acts of 1890, 1894, and 1897 there is a possibility that the controversy may be renewed later on. The case just decided came before Judges Gray, Buffington, and Lanning. Judge Lanning writes the decision for the tribunal.

He says in part:

"If the rules adopted by the Board of United States General Appraisers in 1892 be now followed the judgment of the Circuit Court is correct. For the sake of uniformity in the administration of the tariff law we think it should be followed. The construction given to Paragraph 208 by Judge McPherson in the court below was followed by Judge Lacombe in the case of A. J. Woodruff & Co. Lacombe's opinion was affirmed by the Circuit Court of Appeals for the second circuit in an opinion not yet published. Paragraph 208 of the act of 1897 is now supplanted by the clearer provisions of Paragraph 215 of the act of 1909."

Hamilton & Dayton to Spend $8,000,000

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 15.—William Cotter, President of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad announced today that his company has closed contracts for $8,000,000 worth of improvements during 1910. One-fourth of this amount will be used to improve the Cincinnati terminals, $1,000,000 for new yards and wrehehouses in Toledo, $3,000,000 for new rolling stock, including thirty locomotives, and the balance in road betterments.

BANKS IN RIVALRY FOR TERMINAL BONDS

$20,000,000 Issue for Trackage and Buildings in Kansas City Goes to Lee, Higginson & Co.

RAILROADS' JOINT INTEREST

New Terminal Will Be the Finest in the World—Temporary Loans of the Company to be Taken Up.

The Kansas City Terminal Railway, it was learned in Wall Street yesterday, has sold to Lee, Higginson & Co. $20,000,000 of its 4 per cent. first mortgage bonds, thus providing for the continuance of the construction work which will supply practically all of the railways entering Kansas City with joint passenger and freight terminals. More than usual interest is being taken in this bond sale in banking circles because of the fact that the negotiations leading up to the placing of these bonds were marked by unusual competition among banking interests.

The railways which will make use of these joint terminals include the Atchison, the Rock Island, the Alton, the Union Pacific, the Burlington, the Missouri Pacific, the Missouri, Kansas & Texas, the Wabash, and the St. Paul, and other lines entering Kansas City may also be included. The plan last year, when a total issue of $50,000,000 bonds was proposed, was to issue the bonds jointly and severally guaranteed by all the railroads using the terminal, and so far as was learned yesterday this is the form adopted now.

Out of the proceeds of the bond sale provision will presumably be made for the temporary loans which were secured by the company during the troublous times which followed the 1907 disturbances. The fact that the bond issue has not now gone to the interests which made these temporary loans was a matter of comment among bankers yesterday. These loans, it is understood, were obtained from Chicago institutions and from banks in this city.

The Kansas City terminal will, it is said, be one of the finest railroad terminals in the world. Provision has been made for the addition of a large number of tracks. Plans for the building were drawn by Jarvis Hunt of Chicago.

The Kansas City terminal is a development of the Kansas City Belt Railway, whose stock has been acquired by the Kansas City Terminal Railway, which has also acquired the stock of the present Union Depot Company, which is used by several of the roads that will use the new terminal.

OFFER McADOO NOTES.

Harvey Fisk & Co. Open Books for $11,000,000 at Par and Interest.

Harvey Fisk & Sons offer for subscription at par and interest $11,000,000 of Hudson Companies three year 6 per cent. notes secured by the pledged $1,500 par value of Hudson & Manhattan Railroad 4½ per cent. bonds for each $1,000 par value of notes. This offering includes the $5,500,000 of notes recently purchased by the syndicate formed by Harvey Fisk & Sons, and which includes J. P. Morgan & Co.

The proceeds of the notes will provide for all the obligations of the company maturing this year and will supply the funds needed to complete the Hudson tunnel system as originally outlined, including the extension of the tunnel to Sixth Avenue and Thirty-third Street and the completion of the Jersey City line.

The notes are convertible at par into the bonds which secure them taken at 95 and accrued interest at maturity, or at any prior redemption date.

POWDER TRUST EARNS MORE.

Net Gain $1,054,909; an Increase in Surplus.

The annual report of the E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Company for the year ended Dec. 31 last shows gross earnings for the year of $30,805,016 against $28,027,094 in the previous year. Operating expenses were $24,821,737, an increase of $1,723,913 over those of 1908, leaving net earnings at $5,984,159, a gain of $1,054,909.

Total deductions, including interest on bonds and discounts on sales, amounted to $1,115,078 against $858,578 in the previous year, leaving a balance for dividends of $4,889,083. The surplus for the year, after the payment of preferred and common dividends and adjustments, amounted to $1,988,169, against $1,437,885 in the previous year, and left the total surplus at $13,811,909.

In his report President Du Pont says that the economies introduced after the panic are still effective in increasing net profits.

TO DEPOSIT FOUNDRY BONDS.

Committee Organized to Look After the Interest of Creditors.

Holders of the 6 per cent. sinking fund bonds of the Central Foundry Company, which recently went into the hands of a receiver, have organized a committee which will look after the interests of other creditors. J. N. Wallace, President of the Central Trust Company; C. D. Smithers, P. J. Goodhart, and August Heckscher have agreed to act as a committee, and deposits of the bonds and all other claims are invited.

The committee is preparing an agreement which will name the Central Trust Company as depository, and certificates of deposit will be issued against all of the bonds and claims turned into the trust company. Copies of the agreement under which the committee is to act will be obtainable from the trust company Feb. 21.

The Delaware Ratifies 99-Year Lease.

WILMINGTON, Del., Feb. 15.—The stockholders of the Delaware Railroad Company in special session at Dover today decided to lease the road for a ninety-nine-year period to the Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington Railroad Company, for many years its lessee. The Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington is controlled by the Pennsylvania Railroad. The project now goes to the stockholders of the Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington Railroad for action at a special meeting to be held in Wilmington next Monday.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Lieut. Col. C. Carter, Medical Corps, Hot Springs, Ark., Army and Navy Generalship, for observation and treatment.

Capt. F. M. Kessler, Coast Artillery Corps, during quarter ending March 31, not to exceed two visits to Lynn, Mass., to inspect submarine mine material.

Capt. W. F. Hase, Coast Artillery Corps, relieved from assignment to command of Battery Eustis and assigned to command of Battery Anderson, Fort Monroe, Va., in addition to other duties, vice Capt. C. Hall, Coast Artillery Corps, relieved.

The Navy.

Lieut. A. P. Fairfield to the Montana.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Marcellus at Tompkinsville; Michigan at Cuba; California, South Dakota, West Virginia, Colorado, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Galveston, Denver, and Iroquois at San Francisco; Helena at Shanghai; Michigan at Culebra.

Sailed—Des Moines and Leonidas from Port Limon for Bocas Del Toro; Vicksburg from Acapulco for Mare Island; Lamson from Newport to search for Nina; Paducah from New Orleans for Bluefields.

TAKE $3,000,000 SHAWMUT 5S.

Halligarten & Co. Purchasers of First Block Issued for Extension Work.

Halligarten & Co. have arranged to take $3,000,000 of Pittsburg & Shawmut 5 per cent. fifty-year bonds, being part of the $12,000,000 authorized issue. A further issue of $5,000,000 will be made, bringing the outstanding issue up to $8,000,000. The balance will be reserved for use in the extension of the road from Hyde to Freeport, Penn., a distance of 102 miles. A large part of this issue, it is expected, will be placed abroad.

The bonds may be redeemed on any interest date at the option of the company, at 105 and interest, and it is understood that the plans of the management call for such retirement, following the completion of construction work, or as soon thereafter as a reorganization of the Pittsburg, Shawmut & Northern Railroad is perfected.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 15.—Opening prices in the local market were fairly active and strong, but trading was generally confined to specialties, and the loss of wires to the lake district had a tendency to limit the amount of trading. Arizona Commercial, Allouez, Butte Coalition, Indiana, Lake, North Lake, and Utah Consolidated were the features. Utah Consolidated continued under pressure, while the others, after an early display of strength, sold off fractionally, but on the decline the market became very dull. During the afternoon the market was irregular. Quincy moved up to 84 and North Lake declined 2 points, to 17½, later recovering part of its loss. The closing was generally steady.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$7,000	Am. Ag. Chem. 5s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
10,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	91¾	91½	91⅝
3,000	Central Vt. 1st 4s	87	87	87
12,000	C.J. R. & S.Y.5s,1915	101¼	101	101¼
2,000	C.J. R. & S.Y.4s,1940	92	92	92
1,000	Dominion Coal 5s	98	98	98
1,000	Illinois Steel

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American Tobacco 4%s	5.80
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San Antonio Aransas Pass 4%s	4.78
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Price at the Market.

We recommend these bonds to Investors on account of their security, attractive yield, and active market. Full information and detailed description of any of these bonds on request.

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Example No. 12

In 1898 we sold Milwaukee & Lake Winnebago first 6s at 90, a 6.80 basis; they now are a 4¼ basis. They were undisturbed in the Wisconsin Central reorganization.

Recurring Opportunities
We now offer to yield 4.60%, first mortgage underlying main line bonds of a company lately reorganized, but the issue was not disturbed. Earnings are large, independent of the parent company.

Circular L. T. on Request.

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Railroad Bonds (45 Issues)
Our Circular No. 112 describes 45 issues of listed Railroad Bonds. The information given includes the amount of bonds outstanding, the denominations, interest and due dates, high and low prices for 1909, present market prices approximate yield, etc. We classify the bonds as high-grade investments, conservative investments, and semi-speculative investments.

Spencer Trask & Co.
William and Pine Streets
New York

Delaware, Lack. & W. Coal Co. Stock
Southern Lt. & Trac. Co. 5s, 1949
American Lt. & Trac. Co. Securities
Indiana Light. Co. Bonds & Stock
American Gas & Elec. Co. Stocks
Pacific Gas & Elect. Co. Stocks
Consol. Gas Co. of N. J. 1st 5s, 1936
Tri-City Ry. & Lt. Co. Stocks

Lamarche & Coady
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Warren Railroad Company
7% Stock
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Our February Circular containing offerings of securities of about 250 CORPORATIONS is now ready and will be mailed upon request.

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Jefferson Bank
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CHAS. H. CARRUTHERS & CO.
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Display Irregularity—Call Money Rates, 2¾@3 Per Cent.

HESITATION FOLLOWS RISE

Customary Movements of Prices After Disturbances Repeated—Easy Money Proves Helpful to Financing.

In the four stock market sessions preceding yesterday's trading securities advanced without interruption. The average price of the twenty active railroad stocks, usually taken for purposes of comparison, moved forward 3.61 points, and that of ten active industrials similarly employed rose 4.62 points. Technically, therefore, a considerable reaction was in order, but at the close of yesterday's trading the technical requirements of this situation had hardly been fulfilled. Losses predominated in final quotations, but not to any considerable degree, and beyond this was the fact that the losses themselves were with few exceptions confined to negligible fractions. It was rather in its inactivity that the stock market as a whole testified to the extent of the recent rise and recognized the customary necessity for a pause for readjustment. There is nothing difficult to understand in the behavior of the stock market under such circumstances. A recovery so sharp as that recently witnessed is almost invariably due in the main to urgent short covering; as soon as the greater part of the demand from this source has been met a very decided source of support to prices, or, at least, a decided inspiration for continued advances, is removed. On the whole the course of prices and the character of the day's business suggested again the conclusion that the market position for some time to come will be more or less a waiting one, subject to any radical developments in the interval, but finally responsive to the decisions of the Supreme Court in the Tobacco and Standard Oil cases. In this connection interest attached to a Washington dispatch of the day intimating that the court would delay a decision in the Tobacco suit until it had before it the facts in the Standard Oil appeal in order that it might comply with a widespread and very proper desire for an authoritative and final definition of the scope of the anti-trust law as applied to industrial combinations. In the routine news of the day there was excuse for more market irregularity thus developed. Proceedings in the Government's suit against the Union Pacific, the refusal to discontinue which so upset Wall Street a fortnight ago, were resumed in this city, and an unpleasant turn was given to the outlook in the labor situation by the apparent determination of the labor unions in this city to back up the steamfitters' demands and thus entail a strike of 40,000 men. On the other hand reports from trade sources were uniformly favorable, so much so that unless the position of affairs changes decidedly in this respect an early demise of the "declining business" rumor may be expected.

The ease in money markets is proving very helpful to corporations whose financing plans have been long held in abeyance. Instances are supplied by arrangements concluded yesterday through a vote of the stockholders of the Lackawanna Steel Company for a comprehensive scheme of financing for that concern; by the $12,000,000 bond sale of a Pennsylvania coal road; by the Kansas City Terminal financing, and by other incidents of a similar although perhaps less extensive kind.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Consolidated Gas Co. of New York for dividend.
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron Co. for dividend on common.
Whatcom County Railway and Light Co. for dividend on preferred.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

City Investing Co.
Commonwealth Insurance Co.
Electric Bond and Share Co.,
Mexican Mineral Railway.
Pressed Steel Car Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 2¾@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2¾ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 3½ per cent. for sixty days, 3¾ per cent. for ninety days, and 3¾@4 per cent. for four, five, and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4½@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4½@5 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½ per cent. for others.

Private discounts at foreign centres: London, 2 3-16 per cent., unchanged; Paris, 2¾ per cent., off ⅛ per cent.; Berlin, 3 per cent., up ¼ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $406,062,300; balances, $20,621,177; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,029,900.

The local banks have gained $2,202,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was firm, with demand quoted at $4.8610@$4.8620, sixty days at $4.8390@$4.8405, and cables at $4.8630@$4.8640.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.17½ less 5-64@5.17½ less 1-64 for cables, and 5.17½ less 3-32@5.17¼ less 1-16 for sight. Reichsmarks, 95 plus 1-32@95 plus 1-64 for cables; 95 less 1-64@1-32@94¾ for sixty days and sight.

Exchange on New York at Boston was 8c discount; Chicago, 15c discount; St. Louis, 15c premium; New Orleans, commercial, $1 discount; bank, 90c premium; San Francisco, 90c premium; St. Paul, 40c premium; Savannah, buying, 75c discount; selling, 75c premium; Montreal, 31¼c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 3-16d higher in London, at 24d per ounce, and ½c higher in New York, at 52c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 44@48c.

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 15.—Trading was devoid of interest and generally steady. International Trust receded 1 point, to 152. American Bonding lost 1 point, to 76. Colonial Trust was ½ easier, at 27½. United Railways shares were fractionally firmer. Shares, 1,035; bonds, $86,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$14,000	A. C. L. of C., 5-20s. 93	93	93	93
2,000	Balt. City Pas. 5s.	100¾	100¾	100¾
2,000	Balt. City 3½s.	19 3-16	19 3-16	19 3-16
2,000	Balt. Electric 5s.	91	90½	90½
3,000	City & Suburban 5s.	107	107	107
1,000	Charles. & W. C. 5s.	107¼	107	107
2,000	Ga. So. & Fla. Bwg. 4s.	47¾	47¾	47¾
1,000	Ga.-Car. & North. 5s.	106½	104½	104½
1,000	M. D. & S. 5s.	104½	104½	104½
3,000	Milwaukee Gas 4s.	97	97	97
2,000	Maryland Elec. 5s.	91¾	91¼	91¼
5,000	North. Balt. Rwy. 5s.	113	113	113
1,000	No. Central "G".	112	112	112
4,000	Seaboard 4s, stamped	82¾	82¾	82¾
1,000	Seaboard 10-year 5s.	99½	99½	99½
5,000	Traction 5s	106	106	106
18,000	United Railways inc.	50¼	50	50¼
14,000	United Rwys. 4s.	86¾	86¾	86¾
1,000	Va.-Midland 2ds.	101	101	101

STOCKS.

50	Alabama C. & I. pf.	90	90	90
105	Am. Bonding	76	76	76
10	Bank of Balt.	121	121	121
100	Colonial Trust	27½	27½	27½
20	Con. G., E. L. & P.	49	49	49
100	International Trust	152	152	152
14	Maryland Nat. Bank	102	102	102
10	Mechanics' Bank	24	24	24
220	Northern Central	125	125	125
400	United Railways	15¾	15¾	15¾

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Tuesday.

Total sales Feb. 15, 1910. 603,262
From Jan. 1, 1910. 34,610,017
Corresponding period last year. 22,430,820

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
11⅜	12¼	100	Allis-Chalmers	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	− ⅛
40½	42	100	Allis-Chalmers pf.	40½	40½	40½	40½	− ½
75¼	75¼	28,300	*Amalgamated Cop.	76⅜	76⅝	75	75½	− ½
38½	38⅝	1,425	Am. Beet Sugar	39½	39¾	38½	38½	− 1¼
11⅝	11⅞	1,900	Am. Can	11¼	11⅞	11¼	11⅝	− 1
76½	77	300	Am. Can pf.	76½	77	76¾	76¾	
60¼	60⅝	2,100	Am. Car & Foundry	60⅜	61¼	60⅜	60⅜	+ ⅛
117⅞	119½	100	Am. Car & Found. pf.	119	119	119	119	+ ⅝
60⅛	61	700	Am. Cotton Oil	60⅜	61	60⅜	60⅝	+ ⅛
6½	6¾	100	Am. Hide & Leather	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
38¾	38	200	Am. Hide & Leath. pf.	37½	37¾	37½	37½	+ ½
24	24½	1,000	Am. Ice Securities	24½	24⅝	24	24	+ ½
14	14½	200	*Am. Linseed	14⅝	14⅝	14⅜	14⅜	
37	39	400	*Am. Linseed pf.	38½	38½	38	38	+ ⅞
49⅜	49¾	1,700	Am. Locomotive	49½	50¼	49	49⅝	+ ⅛
6½	7	200	Am. Malt	7	7	7	7	
40	41	860	Am. Malt pf.	39	40⅜	39	40⅜	+ 1
82½	82⅝	16,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	82½	83¼	81⅞	82⅝	+ ⅞
106⅝	107⅛	800	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	106½	107	106¼	107	+ ½
58¾	58½	100	Am. Steel Foundries	58½	58½	58½	58½	− ⅛
123	124	1,500	Am. Sugar Refining	123	125	122	123	+ 1½
136⅞	137⅛	500	Am. Tel. & Tel.	137	137	136⅞	136⅞	− 1½
93	94	200	Am. Tobacco pf.	93½	93⅞	93½	93⅝	+ ⅜
34½	35	200	Am. Woolen	34	35	34	35	+ 2½
101	101⅛	323	Am. Woolen pf.	101⅛	101⅜	101⅛	101⅛	+ ⅜
49⅛	50	900	Anaconda Cop. Min.	50	50	49½	49½	− ⅝
114¾	114⅞	4,300	Atch., Top. & S. F.	115½	115½	114¾	114¾	− ⅝
103½	103¾	400	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	− ⅜
127¾	128¼	600	Atlantic Coast Line	128	128½	128	128¼	
110¾	111¼	1,000	Baltimore & Ohio	110⅞	111¼	110⅞	111	− ⅛
		9	Bank of Commerce	194	194	192	192	
72¼	72¾	1,800	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	73¼	73⅝	72⅝	72⅝	− ⅛
153	156	200	Brooklyn Un on Gas	152	153	152	153	
13	14½	200	Brunswick Terminal	13⅜	13½	13¼	13¾	+ ⅜
66¾	68¼	100	Canada Southern	67⅝	67¾	67¾	67¾	+ ¼
180½	180⅝	1,800	Canadian Pacific	181	181½	180¼	180¼	− ¾
39½	39⅝	4,350	Central Leather Co.	39⅜	40⅜	39¼	39¼	− ⅛
83¾	84	13,400	Chesapeake & Ohio	84	85	83⅝	83⅞	− ⅝
30¾	31	800	Chicago Gt. Western	30⅞	31	30½	30⅝	− ⅛
54½	54¼	600	Chi. Gt. West. pf.	54½	55½	54½	54½	
141⅛	144⅞	3,200	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul.	144⅞	145⅝	144⅞	145⅝	+ ¼
161½	162½	100	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	162¾	162¾	162¾	162¾	+ ½
156½	157	1,650	Chi. & Northwestern.	158	158½	158	158½	+ ½
200	215	100	Chi. & Northwest. pf.	206	206	206	206	− 1
155	160	100	Chi., St. P. M. & O.	158	158	158	158	
4	4½	100	*Chi. Un. Tr. t. r. sta.	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	
87¼	87¾	1,000	Colorado Fuel & Iron.	87⅝	88	87½	87½	+ ⅛
58	58¼	600	Colorado & Southern	58¼	58¼	57¾	57¾	− ⅜
80	82	100	Col. & South. 1st pf.	82½	82½	82½	82½	
181½	19¾	500	Col. & Hock. Coal & I.	17⅝	18	17⅝	18	+ ⅛
		100	*Comstock Tunnel	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜	
144¾	144¼	5,310	Consolidated Gas	144⅜	145⅝	144¼	144¼	− ½
18⅝	18⅞	700	Corn Products Ref.	18¾	19	18⅝	18⅝	− ⅛
172	175	300	Delaware & Hudson	174½	174½	174	174	− ½
39⅞	40½	3,025	Denver & Rio Grande	40⅜	40⅞	40	40	− ½
70¾	70¾	500	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	70⅝	70⅝	70	70	− ½
31⅜	32	1,600	Distillers' Securities	31	32	30⅜	32	+ ⅝
15¼	16⅛	100	Duluth, S. S. & A.	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	
28	29	150	*Duluth, S. S. & A. pf.	28	28	28	28	+ ⅛
85	88	125	Du Pont Powder pf.	88½	88½	88½	88½	+ ⅝
87½	87⅝	2,250	Erie	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	+ ⅛
106	108	500	Federal M. & S. pf.	80	80	80	80	
104½	105¼	50	General Chemical	107	107	107	107	
153	153½	200	General Chemical pf.	105	105	105	105	
136¼	136½	100	General Electric	153½	153½	153⅜	153⅜	− ⅛
70	70½	3,800	Great Northern pf.	136⅜	136⅜	136¼	136¼	− ¼
140	142½	1,700	*G. N. Ore certs.	70¾	71	70	70	− ¾
20½	20⅝	300	Illinois Central	141¾	142	141¾	142	
53	53¼	4,500	Interborough-Met.	20¼	21	20⅛	20⅜	
86	88	7,300	Interborough-Met. pf.	52½	54¼	52⅜	53½	+ ⅞
13	13½	300	Int. Harvester	86	86	86	86	
48¾	49	300	Int. Paper	13½	13½	13½	13½	
84	86	4,200	Int. Steam Pump	47½	49	47½	49	+ 1
23	23¼	100	Int. Steam Pump pf.	86	86	86	86	
41⅜	42	700	Iowa Central	23½	23½	23	23	
50	55	800	Iowa Central pf.	41¾	42⅜	41¾	42⅜	+ ⅝
30¾	36¾	100	*Kanawha & Mich. tr.	52	52	52	52	
98¾	99¼	300	Kansas City South.	36⅜	37	36⅜	37	
22	23	7,720	Laclede Gas	101½	102	101½	102	+ ⅝
148½	149	100	Lake Erie & Western	22	22	22	22	
76	77	100	Louisville & Nash.	143¼	144¼	143¼	144¼	+ ⅝
6⅛	6⅜	100	Mackay Cos. pf.	76½	76½	76½	76½	
19¾	20	200	Mercantile Marine	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
43	44½	700	Mercantile Marine pf.	19¾	19¾	19¼	19¼	− ⅜
139⅞	140	1,200	Minn. & St. Louis	44	44	44	44	
42⅜	42⅞	8,100	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	140¾	140¾	139¼	139½	− ⅝
72	73¼	250	Mo., Kansas & Texas.	42⅜	43	42¼	42⅝	+ ⅛
	69½	9,800	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf.	73½	73¼	73¼	73¼	− ⅜
108½	111	900	Missouri Pacific	70⅝	70⅝	69¾	69¾	− ⅝
23	23½	100	*Nat. Biscuit Co.	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝	− ⅜
80¼	80½	1,100	Nat. Enam. & Stamp.	23½	23½	23	23	− ⅝
78	79¾	300	Nat. Lead Co.	80¾	81¼	80¾	80¾	+ ⅛
119	119½	5,225	N. Y. Air Brake	80	80	79⅞	79⅞	− ⅝
60	63	500	N. Y. Central	110½	110½	110	110¼	− ⅛
81⅛		11	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	60¾	60¾	60	60	− ¾
160½	161¼	300	New York Dock pf.	82	82	82	82	
44⅜	45	2,400	N. Y. N. H. & Hart.	160	160½	160	160	− ½
101	101½	1,300	N. Y. Ont. & West.	44¼	45	44¼	44¼	
78½	79½		Norfolk & Western	101⅝	101⅝	101¼	101¼	− ⅜
136	136⅜	125	North American	79½	79½	79½	79½	− ½
3	4	3,025	Northern Pacific	135⅜	135⅜	135⅜	136	+ ⅝
108½	112	310	Ontario Mining	3	3	3	3	
30	30¼	600	Pacific Coast	107	108	107	108	+ 1
39¾	40	100	Pacific Mail	30	30	30	30	− ⅛
132⅜	132⅝	300	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	39	39	39	39	
100⅜	100⅝	12,100	Pennsylvania R. R.	132⅜	133¼	132⅜	132⅝	+ ⅛
100¾	101¼	600	People's Gas, Chi.	110	110	100¼	100¼	− ¾
20¾	20⅞	700	Philadelphia Co.	101	101½	100¼	100¼	− ¾
73	73	1,200	Pittsburg Coal	21½	21½	20½	20½	− ¾
41	41¼	800	Pittsburg Coal pf.	73½	74	73	73	− ½
197	198½	1,200	Pressed Steel Car	40⅝	41	40⅝	41	+ ⅜
40	41	100	Pullman Company	198	198	198	198	− 1
163⅝	165¼	144,200	*R'way Steel Spring.	41	41	40¾	40¾	− ⅛
107	108½	300	Reading	165¼	166¾	164½	165¼	+ ½
38⅞	39	3,613	Reading 2d pf.	108	108½	108	108	+ ½
101	104	800	Rep. Iron & Steel	38⅝	39	38¼	38¼	− ⅜
46⅝	46¾	19,400	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	206	206	206	206	− 1
84	85	200	Rock Island Co.	158	158	158	158	
48¾	49	400	Rock Island Co. pf.	47⅝	48¼	47⅝	48¼	+ ⅝
28¾	29	600	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	84½	84½	84	84	− ½
72⅝	73	300	St. Louis Southwest'n.	48¾	49	48¾	48¾	− ⅛
76½	77½	800	St. L. Southwest'n pf.	28¾	29¼	28¾	28¾	− ⅛
116⅛	118	10	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron.	72⅝	73	72⅝	73	+ ⅜
124⅝	124⅞	11,100	Sloss-Shef. S. & I. pf.	78¼	78¼	76½	77½	+ 1½
28⅜	28¾	1,300	Southern Pacific	118	118	118	118	
64	65	490	Southern R'way pf.	125	126	125	125	+ ½
32⅜	33	200	South. R'way pf., ext.	28¼	28½	28¼	28¼	− ⅛
26⅜	26⅝	960	Tennessee Copper	63½	64½	63½	64½	+ ⅝
9½	9⅝		Texas & Pacific	33	33	33	33	
11⅛	11⅜	1,000	Third Avenue	30	30½	29½	29⅝	− ⅛
43	44	200	Tol. R'way & Light	10½	10½	10	10	− ½
63⅝	63⅝	300	Tol. St. L. & West.	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	+ ⅛
112	112½	400	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	43½	43½	43¾	43¾	+ ⅛
188⅜	189¾	400	Twin City R. Transit	65¾	65¾	65⅝	65⅝	− ⅛
100½	101¾	56,300	Union Pacific	112½	112¾	112	112	
110	110¼	100	Union Pacific pf.	183⅞	185	183⅜	183⅜	− ⅝
66⅜	67	10	United Dry Goods pf.	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾	+ ⅛
24	25½	800	United Rys. Inv. pf.	110¾	110¾	110¾	110¾	+ ⅝
77	79	200	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe.	67	68	66	67	
73	75	100	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf.	25	25	25	25	
40	42	300	U. S. Realty & Imp.	78¼	78¼	78¼	78¼	− ½
111½	113½	700	U. S. Rubber	74	74	74	74	− ¾
79⅝	79¾	100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	42	42	42	42	
119¾	119¾	127,000	U. S. Steel	111½	111½	111½	111½	+ ⅜
50	50½	2,300	U. S. Steel pf.	79⅝	80⅝	79	79½	− ¾
		26,000	Utah Copper	119¾	119¾	119¼	119¼	− ¾
52⅜	53	1,044	Utah Copper rights	51	51	49⅝	50¼	+ ⅝
123	123⅜	6,200	Va.-Caro. Chemical	¼	¼	¼	¼	
21⅜	21¾	200	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf.	53	53	51⅝	53	+ 1½
46¾	47	2,000	Wabash	122½	123	122½	123	+ 1¼
47½	48	9,200	Wabash pf.	21¾	22	21¾	22	+ ⅛
71⅝	72¼	100	Western Md., 4th pd.	46½	47⅜	46¾	46¾	− ⅛
67¾	68	600	Western Union Tel.	48	48	48	48	− ⅛
5¼	5⅝	250	Westinghouse E. & M.	72½	72½	71¾	72	− ⅝
47½	49¼	100	Wheel. & Lake Erie	68½	68½	68	68	+ 1
			Wisconsin Central	5⅝	5⅝	5¼	5¼	+ ⅛
				47	47	47	47	+ ½

*Unlisted. †Cents per share.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	101	
2s, c., 1930	100½	
3s, r., 1918	102¾	
3s, c., 1918	102¼	
4s, r., 1925	114½	
4s, c., 1925	114½	
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100	101
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100	101
Adams Exp.	242	
Alb. & S.	280	
Am. Ag. C.	43	
Am. Ag. C. pf.	97	
Am. B. S. pf.	91	93½
Am. Coal	100	125
Am. Cot. O. pf.	102	107
Am. D. T.	10	25
Am. Exp.	275	295
Am. L. pf.	112	113
Am. S. pf.	88½	98½
Am. Snuff.	230	
Am. Sn. pf.	93	100
Am. S. R. pf.	121	123
A. T. & C.	70	77
Ann Arbor.	15	30
Ann A. pf.	91	50
B. & O. pf.	91	94
Batopilas M.	3	3½
Beth. Steel	27¼	28¾
Beth. Steel pf.	52	57
B., R. & P.	95	107
B., R. & P. pf.	125	138
Buf'k Co. ex div.	80¾	83
Cent. L.	107	108½
C. R. R. of N. J.	285	295
C. & S. A.	118	
Chi. & Alt.	56	57
Chi. & Alt. pf.	200	69½
C., B. & Q.	200	
C. & E. Ill. pf.		
C., I. & L. pf.	63	118
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	160	80
Chi. Un. Tr.	9¼	170
Chi. Un. Tr. pf. ctfs.		10¼
C., C., C. & St. L.	77½	78½
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	99	110
Col. F. & I. pf.	108	
Col. So.	2d	
Col. So. pf.	79	81
Cons. Coal.	105	
Corn P. R. pf.	82¾	83
Crex Carpet.	50	61
D., L. & W.	580	610
D. M. & Ft. D.	9	11
D. & M. pf.	61	65
Det. U. Ry.	63	65
Erie 1st pf.	44¼	45½
Erie 2d pf.	34¼	36½
Ev. & T. H.	56	62
Ev. & T. H. pf.	80	90
Ft. W. & R. G.	57	60
Granby Con.	80	110
Lacl. G. pf.	80	100
L. E. & W. pf.	57	60
Lake Shore.	300	400
Long Island	63	70
L. & W. C.	200	
Mackay Cos.	87	90
Man. C. R.	311	
Man. Beach	3	
Man. Elev.	135	138
Md. C. pf.	50	
Met. St. R.	16	
Mich. Cent.	145	180
M. & St. L. pf.	75	85
M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	91¾	92
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	152	156¾
N. C. & St. L.	130	135
Nat. B. pf.		
Nat. Enam. pf.	121	124
Nat. Lead pf.	86	90
Nat. Lead pf.	109	110¾
Nat. R. of Mex. 1st pf.	61	63¾
Nat. R. of Mex. 2d pf.	27	27½
N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pf.	52	52½
N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf.	104	110
N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf.	93	95
N. Y. Dock Co.	30	55¼
N. & W. pf.	88	92
Nor. Cent.	200	
Pac. Coast pf.	98	100
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	107½	112
Peo. & E.	20	24
Pere Marq.	35	40
Pere Marq. 1st pf.	61	67
Pere Marq. 2d pf.	33	40
Pitts. C. & St. L.	40	47
Pitts. C. & St. L. rights		98
P., C. C. & St. L. pf.	100	120
Pr. St. Car.	101¾	102¼
Pr. St. Car. pf.	3½	5
Qkslr pf.	100	105
Rdg. 1st pf.	91½	93½
Rens. & S.	195	
R., W. & O.	124	
Rutland pf.	28	35
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	69	79
St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	60	63
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. ctfs.	140	160
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. new ctfs.	60	63
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.		120
Sears-R. pf.	80	123¾
So. P. R. S.	80	82
So. P. R. S. pf.	109	113
So. Ry. M. & O. ctfs.	84½	88
Texas Cent.	35	
Texas Cent. pf.	70	
T. P. L. Tr.	84	90
T. P. & W.	17	20½
T. C. R. T. pf

FOREIGN FINANCE.
Banque Francaise D'Escompte, 55 Rue Reaumur, Paris. To Presidents and Boards of Directors of dividend-paying corporations: Do you want to control your positions in these days of Trusts? If so, why don't you allow us to find you a market for your Stocks and Bonds amongst our small investors, who buy them for cash, and sometimes years before they are placed on the market for sale. We can also arrange the placing of them among the largest banking houses in France, who we are in relation with. You must agree to have us list them on the Paris Bourse, as we only sell listed securities. Under no circumstances will we place a share of Stock or Bond unless they pay dividends. Write us for information. Banking Correspondence Solicited.

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul
Mineral Point Div.
1st 5s, 1910.
Gilman & Clucas
Investment Securities,
34 Pine Street, N. Y. City

POPE MAN'F'G COM. & PFD.
LACKAWANNA STEEL
AMERICAN DIST. TEL. CO. OF N. J.
NEW JERSEY ZINC
VIRGINIAN RAILWAY
Bought, Sold, and Quoted.
WEED and GWYNNE,
7907-8 Hanover. 35 Wall St., N. Y. City.

AMER. BRAKE SHOE COM. & PFD.
AMER. POWER & LIGHT COM. & PFD.
CONN. RWAY. & LIGHT COM.
HAVANA TOBACCO 5s, 1922
LACKAWANNA STEEL STOCK
PORTLAND RWAY. & LIGHT COM.
TRI-CITY RY. & LIGHT COM. & PFD.
WM. M. CLARKE
20 BROAD ST., N. Y. Tel. 1015 to 1017 Rector

Alfred Mestre & Co.
BANKERS
IRRIGATION BONDS
CIRCULAR ON REQUEST.
32 BROADWAY, New York. 130 SO. 15TH ST. Philadelphia

ODD LOTS PROMPT SERVICE
SEND FOR MARKET LETTER.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.
J. FRANK HOWELL, Member Consolidated Stock Exchange of N. Y.
34 New Street, New York City.

H. M. BYLLESBY & Co.
INCORPORATED
ENGINEERS
EXAMINATIONS & REPORT
218 LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO.

1852 1910
Jas. B. Colgate & Co.
36 Wall St., New York
Members N.Y. Stock Ex. Investment Bonds

WE TRADE IN
Lake Superior Corporation 5s
Dominion Coal 5s
Canadian Con. Rubber, Ltd. 6s
And all other Canadian Securities.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.
WARREN, GZOWSKI & CO.,
Members Toronto Stock Exchange,
23 Broad St., New York.
Direct wire connection.

Cotton Mill Stocks
OF MASSACHUSETTS
Bought and Sold.
Tefft & Company,
Members of N. Y. Stock Exchange,
11 Pine Street.

E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Co.
Securities Bought and Sold.
Henry Bros. & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange,
71 Broadway, Telephone
N. Y. City. 204 Rector.

High Grade Bonds
Circular on Request.
N. W. Halsey & Co.
49 WALL ST.

TAX EXEMPT BONDS
WRITE FOR OUR LIST.
EFFINGHAM LAWRENCE & CO.,
111 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

F. P. FREEMAN & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
25 BROAD STREET.
Stocks and Bonds.
BRANCH OFFICE 11 E. 42D ST.
Tel. 4633-34-35 Broad.

McCURDY HENDERSON & Co.
BANKERS
24 Nassau Street
Members New York Stock Exchange.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
59 WALL STREET.
Orders Executed on the
New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore Stock Exchanges.

Am. Dist. Tel. of N. J.
Babcock & Wilcox
Realty Associates
Jersey City, Hoboken & Paterson 4s, 1949
S. H. P. PELL & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
Dealers in Unlisted and Inactive Securities.
Tel. 7865-6-7-8-9 Hanover. 43 Exchange Pl., N. Y.

Dallas & Waco Guar. 5%, 1940
Detroit United Railway 4½%, 1932
Des Moines & Fort Dodge 1st Guar. 4%, 1938
Helena Light & Railway 5s, 1925
So. Pac. of California 6s, E. & F., 1912
Southern Iron & Steel 4s-5s, 1929
Utah Light & Power Cons. 4%, 1930
E. BUNGE & CO.
20 Broad Street. 'Phone 4735-4736 Rector.

LISTED CONVERTIBLE BONDS
A card showing all issues and giving the data on each will be sent on request.
SWARTWOUT & APPENZELLAR
Members of the New York Stock Exchange.
44 Pine Street. New York.

Computing Scale Co. of Am. 6s
American Caramel 6s
J. HATHAWAY POPE & CO.
67 Exchange Place, New York
3486-3487 Rector

WE OFFER
50 Phenix Fire Insurance Company of Brooklyn Stock
MEGARGEL & CO.
BANKERS
5 Nassau St. New York

MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY
WALL STREET
CORNER NASSAV

Windsor Trust Company
NEW YORK.
Uptown Office, Fifth Av. & 47th St. Downtown Office, Nassau & Cedar Sts.
We Invite Your Deposit Account

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO.
256 Fifth Ave., 100 West 125 St. 60 Broadway 3d Ave. & 149 St.

INVESTORS READ
The Wall Street Journal

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Competition for a Bond Issue.

More than passing interest was aroused among bankers yesterday in the completion of arrangements for the sale of the Kansas City Terminal's bonds to Lee, Higginson & Co. It is seldom that competition among bankers to obtain a bond issue is as keen as it has been for these bonds. Some bankers thought they had reason to look for an announcement of the purchase from an entirely different quarter, and it is probable that a certain group of houses which had looked for participation in the purchase of these bonds will see the participations allotted elsewhere.

While Morgan Is Away.

In times past the departure of J. P. Morgan for Europe would have been generally accepted as a sign of dull days coming for the market, at least while he was at sea, but in recent years there have been so many exceptions to the old rule that brokers no longer look for serenity as a foregone conclusion.

Labor Troubles at Butte.

With copper still selling at around 13½ cents, notwithstanding the heavy reduction in stocks shown last month, the labor disputes at Butte are not looked upon as a bear argument. Last Fall, when curtailment of output was seriously looked upon as the only salvation of the copper situation, it was freely predicted that this Winter would prove a very troublesome time at the mines. Snows might be expected to interfere with ore movements, shortages of coal, strikes, breakdowns, and other incidents of operation would bear a large part in reducing output without a formal shutdown. These factors have all been to the fore in the last three months, with a modicum of labor troubles. The labor dispute is still a factor about which the Butte interests seem to waste little worry.

President Hughitt on the Northwest.

President Marvin Hughitt of the Chicago & Northwestern, in an interview yesterday, agreed with every Northwestern railroad man who has spoken recently except President Earling of the St. Paul in saying that business is good in his territory. Mr. Hughitt said he had heard nothing of the cancellation of orders by merchants of which Mr. Earling spoke, but admitted that merchandise movements had been smaller in the last month. This, he said, was entirely because of the heavy snow and cold weather reducing locomotive efficiency, and in consequence limiting transportation facilities. Because of these adverse weather conditions, President Hughitt said, the operating expenses of his road during January were altogether out of proportion and would result in a reduction of net earnings. Such a reduction, if it comes, he said, was no index of underlying conditions and should receive no significance.

National Hardware.

While business was lagging yesterday afternoon some one changed a card on one of the posts to read "National Hardware," and had no difficulty in finding among the new members some to take gratefully orders to buy or sell. "National Hardware" at once became a very busy stock and the uninitiated were fairly swamped with perfectly regular looking Stock Exchange slips containing heavy orders on the buying side. The regulars were there with plenty of stock to sell, but somehow the new members had great difficulty in executing. Soon the crowd around the post was the largest in the room and the volume of trading reached enormous proportions, the brokers giving up as their principals names familiar in the dry goods and wholesale grocery trades fill the green members finally saw a light.

Standard Oil Dividends.

The Standard Oil dividend of $15 for the quarter, declared yesterday, is the same as at this period for the last five years. The disbursements of $15 the first quarter, $9 the second, $6 the third, and $10 the last quarter, making $40 for the year, have been so long established that they are looked upon as regular.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Happenings of a Day in London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—Money was easily obtainable, and discount rates were quiet to-day.

Trading on the Stock Exchange was irregular and uninteresting. Home rails, Mexican rails, and foreign bonds hardened gradually on investment buying, while gilt-edged securities and foreign rails sagged on lack of support. Rhodesian mines closed firm after early weakness.

American securities opened a fraction higher, but profit taking caused a decline during the first hour. Trading was light and prices were heavy until covering orders started a recovery in the afternoon, led by Missouri, Kansas & Texas shares. Wall Street sent moderate support for a time, but later turned seller, causing an irregular close.

Canadian Pacific was weak and declined 2¼ points on the declaration of the regular dividends on the common and preferred stock.

Bar silver quiet, 24d per ounce.
Money, 1@1¼ per cent.
The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2¾ per cent.; for three months' bills, 2¾ per cent.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—Prices were firm on the Bourse to-day.
Three per cent. rentes, 98f 85c for the account.
Exchange on London, 25f 19c for checks.

BERLIN, Feb. 15.—Favorable New York advices caused a strong opening on the Boerse to-day. The market weakened later on the advance in the private rate of discount to 3 per cent.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	Lon. Mon.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Chge.
Consols, money	81 15-16	..	..	—1-16
Consols, account	82	..	..	—1-16
Anaconda	10¼	49⅞	50⅛	— ⅛
Atchison	118½	115⅛	115⅛	— ⅛
Canadian Pacific	180	180¾	181	— 2¼
St. Paul	145	145	145	..
Erie	29½	28⅝	28⅝	..
Erie 1st pf	47	45⅝	45⅝	+ ⅛
Illinois Central	145½	141⅞	141⅞	..
Louis. & Nash.	154	150	149½	+ ½
N. Y. Central	125	119⅝	119⅝	..
Pennsylvania	68⅝	133⅛	132⅝	+ ⅛
Reading	83½	166½	165¼	+ 1
Southern Pacific	120¼	125⅝	125⅝	+ ⅛
Union Pacific	189½	184½	184½	— ¼
U. S. Steel	82¼	80	80	..
U. S. Steel pf	122¾	119⅜	119⅜	— ⅛

American Mining Stocks in London

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 8 0	Esperanza	2 19 0
Tomboy	0 17 6	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	1 8 6	Stratton's Ind.	0 3 3

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The Daily Consular and Trade Report for to-morrow notes the following trade opportunities abroad. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of the item referred to:

4,522.—EQUIPMENT FOR INSANE ASYLUM—An American Consular officer in the Far East reports that the building of an insane asylum for a local city will be begun in April. Accommodations will be provided for 400 patients, and the cost of the buildings is estimated at about $128,000. The buildings will probably be erected by local contractors, but for the equipment specifications and tenders are likely to be issued. The officer states that if such specifications should be issued they will at once be forwarded, but those interested desiring information beforehand should communicate with an official whose address is given.

4,523.—REPRESENTATION IN THE FAR EAST—A communication received from a business man states that he will shortly make a trip to China, Japan, India, and possibly other countries, and wishes to get some lines of goods that will sell in that country. He expects no regular compensation from those he will represent, preferring to go out on a commission basis. He is anxious to handle mechanical lines, such as supplies for railroads, machine shops and shipyard, foundries, electric, but not heavy, machinery, and would not care to represent more than five manufacturers. He will furnish references.

4,524.—OPTICAL GOODS FOR SWEDEN—A Swedish wholesale firm of reputed optical line has applied to an American Consular officer to get in touch with an American manufacturer of spectacle frames, eyeglass frames and mountings, and optical tools.

4,525.—PAVEMENT OF STREETS—An American Consul in Yokohama reports that the local Minister of Public Works has decided after serious study of the problem that the streets in a city of his district shall be paved with compressed asphalt, and it is said the work of laying the pavement will soon be commenced. The plans, in the opinion of the Consul, include the paving of several miles of the streets.

4,526.—MACHINES FOR MAKING MATTRESSES AND QUILTS—A business house engaged in the manufacture of tents and awnings in Mexico writes that it desires the names of responsible parties selling or manufacturing machines for making matresses and quilts, and wants to add this branch to its line.

4,527.—SALT—An American Consular officer says that salt producers in the United States might perhaps seek certain markets with advantage. He states that Servian salt requirements are controlled by the Government, which makes contracts covering the national necessities for periods of five years. The last contract was concluded in September, 1909, and American salt producers would do well to note that the same would expire in 1914, and they should seek information in regard to the next letting not later than Jan. 1, 1914.

4,528.—AMERICAN-MADE METAL DRUMS—An American Consul in England reports that a demand has arisen in his district for American-made metal drum ware desired by chemical manufacturers shipping certain coal-tar products.

4,529.—KID LEATHER—A letter states that a correspondent who has an established business in Paris, France, in colored and fancy skins expresses a desire to secure the agency for Europe of an American kid leather manufacturer. He states that he does an extensive business in France in this line, and feels confident of being able to do a good business in the same line in other European countries, which he visits several times a year and where he already has good business connections.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
3s, May, '59, f'chg	100¼	100⅝	100	100¼
4½s, May, '57, f'chg	109	109½	108¾	109
4½s, Nov., '57, f'chg	109	109½	108¾	109
4½s, May, '11, f'chg	102⅝	103¼	102⅝	103⅛
4½s, Nov., '11, f'chg	102⅝	103¼	102⅝	103⅛
4s, Nov., '58, f'chg	100¼	100⅝	100	100¼
4s, May, '57, f'chg	100¼	100⅝	100	100⅜
4s, May, '17, f'chg	99⅝	100⅛	99⅝	100⅛
4s, Nov., '56, reg	99½	100	99½	99⅝
4s, Nov., '36, reg	99⅝	99⅞	99⅝	99⅞
3½s, Nov., '55, f'chg	88⅝	88⅞	88⅝	88⅞
3½s, May, '54, coup	88⅝	88⅞	88⅝	88⅞
3½s, May, '54, reg	88⅛	88⅜	88⅛	88⅜
*6s, Nov., '10, rev	102	102⅜	102¼	102⅜
Rects. 4s, May, '39	100¼	100⅝	100	100¼

*Coupon or registered.

UP-STATE BANK FIGURES.

The reports of the State banks and trust companies in New York State outside of New York City, issued yesterday by the State Banking Department, showed these changes for the week:

STATE BANKS.

		Increase.
Loans and discounts	$90,180,900	$285,900
Total deposits	95,174,200	323,300
Total reserve	19,024,400	*364,400
Average reserve	26.6%	.....
Reserve required	15%	.....

TRUST COMPANIES.

Loans	$133,805,500	$70,200
Total deposits	141,206,000	*288,400
Total reserve	18,837,900	*415,100
Average reserve	13.8%	.....
Reserve required	10%	.....

*Decrease.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 15.—The Treasury statement, issued to-day, gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday as follows:

	Feb. 14.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$704,662	$13,682,827	$207,269,881
Int. revenue	386,945	9,760,240	167,038,885
Miscellaneous	56,148	1,268,583	27,603,989
Total receipts	1,147,755	24,711,458	401,912,756
Expenditures	2,286,688	25,168,054	428,014,009
Surplus	*1,038,932	*456,596	*26,101,253

*Deficit.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Allan Dean Converse, formerly connected with William P. Bonbright & Co., is now associated with Bigelow & Co. of 49 Wall Street.

James A. Parker, for ten years Vice President of the Old Colony Trust Company of Boston, has resigned to become a member, on April 1, of the Stock Exchange firm of Charles Head & Co.

Plympton, Gardiner & Co. are offering at 92 and accrued interest, to yield 5¾ per cent., $2,025,000 of the first mortgage 5 per cent. guaranteed gold bonds of the Northwestern Terminal Railway Company. Principal and interest are guaranteed by the Denver, Northwestern & Pacific Railway Company. They are part of an authorized issue of $3,000,000 of which $975,000 are reserved for additional lands and permanent improvements under restrictions. A large amount of the remainder has already been sold.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Tuesday.

Business on the Consolidated Stock Exchange was active, the sales totaling 109,630 shares, distributed among fifty-nine different stocks. While room trading opinion had again shifted to the bearish side, commission houses were considerable buyers, the free offerings from professional sources enabling them to secure the stocks they wanted at concessions from New York Stock Exchange ruling figures.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
7,200	Amal. Copper	75⅝	76¼	74⅜	75⅝
200	Am. Beet S.	39¼	39½	38⅝	38⅝
90	Am. Can	11½	11½	11¼	11¼
40	Am. Car & F.	61	61	60½	60½
10	Am. Cotton Oil	61	61	61	61
50	Am. Ice	24¼	24¼	23⅞	24
20	Am. Locomo	49½	49¾	49½	49½
8,980	Am. Smelting	82¼	83⅜	81¾	82¼
330	Am. Sugar	124⅝	125	123½	123½
230	Anaconda Cop.	50¼	50¼	49¾	49¾
410	A., T. & S. F.	115⅝	115⅝	114¾	114⅝
20	Balt. & Ohio	111	111	111	111
220	Brooklyn R. T.	73½	73⅝	72½	72½
20	Canadian Pac.	181¼	181¼	181¼	181¼
110	Cent. Leather	39⅝	40¾	39½	39½
800	Ches. & Ohio	84½	84⅞	83¾	84½
10	Chi. Gt. West	30½	30½	30½	30½
400	C., M. & St. P.	145½	145¾	144¾	144⅞
130	Col. Fuel & I.	37⅜	37⅞	37	37
10	Col. Southern	57½	57½	57½	57½
310	Con. Gas	145¼	145¼	144½	144½
160	Corn Products	18½	18⅝	18½	18⅝
20	Den. & R. G.	40¼	40¼	40¼	40¼
120	Dist. Securities	30⅜	31½	30⅜	30⅜
120	Erie	28⅝	29	28⅝	28½
20	Gt. N. ore cfs.	70	70	70	70
130	Inter.-Met.	20⅝	21	20⅝	20⅝
510	Inter.-Met. pf.	52¾	54	52¼	53⅜
10	Int. Pump	47½	47½	47½	47½
310	Mo., K. & T.	42¾	43	42½	42½
820	Mo. Pacific	70⅛	70⅞	69⅝	70
100	Nat. Lead	81	81	80¼	80¼
350	N. Y. Central	119¾	120	119	119¾
50	N. Y., O. & W.	45	45	45	45
50	Norf. & West.	101½	101½	101½	101½
320	Nor. Pacific	135⅞	136⅜	135⅝	135⅞
50	Pacific Mail	30	30	29¾	30
10	Pac. Tel. & T.	39½	39½	39½	39½
1,340	Pennsylvania	132⅝	133⅛	132½	132⅝
10	People's Gas	109¾	109¾	109¾	109¾
30	Pitts. Coal	21½	21⅝	21¼	21¼
40	Pres. Steel Car	40⅝	41	40⅝	41
24,400	Reading	165¾	166⅝	165	165⅞
70	Rep. Steel	38¼	38½	38¼	38½
2,400	Rock Island	47⅝	48⅛	47	47
1,020	Southern Pac.	124⅞	125⅞	124⅝	124⅝
270	Southern Ry.	28½	28⅝	28	28⅜
10	Tenn. Copper	33	33	33	33
170	Texas Pac.	30¼	30½	29⅝	29⅞
240	Third Av.	10¼	10¼	9⅝	9⅝
18,390	Union Pac.	183⅞	184⅞	183⅜	183⅝
60	U. S. Rubber	42⅜	42½	42	42
34,690	U. S. Steel	79⅝	80⅜	79	79¼
30	U. S. Steel pf.	119½	119¾	119⅜	119⅝
50	Utah Copper	48⅝	50¼	48⅝	50
1,270	Va.-Car. Chem.	51⅜	53¾	51⅜	52⅞
250	Wabash	21½	21⅝	21¼	21¼
1,310	Wabash pf.	46½	47¼	46⅜	46⅝
10	West. Union	72	72	72	72
100,630					

MINING STOCKS.

600	Atlanta	.20	.21	.20	.21
300	Comstock	.31	.31	.31	.31
100	Consol. Va.	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
3,000	Diamondfield	.02½	.02½	.02½	.02½
600	El Paso	.65	.65	.64	.64
500	Goldfield Con.	7.02½	7.02½	7.50	7.50
1,200	Kewanas	.08	.08	.08	.08
1,500	Lone Star	.05	.05	.05	.05
1,650	May Queen	.04	.04	.04	.04
200	Ophir	2.05	2.05	2.05	2.05
200	Portland	1.03	1.03	1.03	1.03
700	Red Hill	.06	.06½	.06	.06½
300	St. Ives	.18	.18	.18	.18
2,500	Silver Pick	.11½	.12	.11½	.12
100	Tonopah Min.	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50
200	Tonopah Ext.	.72	.72	.72	.72
13,650					

WHEAT.

350,000	May option	112⅜	113½	112⅜	112½

Massachusetts
Guaranteed Stocks Exempt from Taxation

By N. Y., N. H. & Hartford:		By Boston & Maine:	
Boston & Providence	10%	Fitchburg Pfd	8%
Old Colony R. R.	7%	Vermont & Mass.	6%
Norwich & Worcester Pfd.	8%	Nashua & Lowell	9%
Providence & Worcester	10%	Connecticut River	10%
Berkshire R. R.	6%	Boston & Lowell	8%

By New York Central:
Boston & Albany 8⅝%
Descriptive Booklet with Tax Laws mailed upon request.
Telephone 1940 Rector
Joseph Walker & Sons
Members New York Stock Exchange
Private Wire to Philadelphia
20 Broad St. New York

A. B. Turner & Company
Bankers
24 MILK STREET, BOSTON. offer 111 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Subject to prior sale and change in price, a limited number of the
Six Per Cent.
Cumulative Preferred Shares
of
The Esmond Mills
of
Esmond, Rhode Island
Incorporated under the laws of Massachusetts.
Dividends payable quarterly February, May, August and November.
These shares are preferred as to assets as well as to earnings and no prior lien can be placed upon the plant without the consent of two-thirds of the preferred stock outstanding.
Capital Stock Preferred.....$650,000
Capital Stock Common.....600,000
Officers of the Company:
President, Clarence Whitman. *Treasurer*, Harold C. Whitman.
Directors:
Henry F. Lippitt, Providence, R. I.
George L. Nichols, New York.
E. S. Twining, New York.
Clarence Whitman, New York.
Harold C. Whitman, Providence, R. I.
Selling Agents: Clarence Whitman & Co., 39 Leonard St., New York.
We offer these shares at
$100 each, netting investor 6 per cent.
Special and General Stock Circular on Application.

GIRARD TRUST CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.
CHARTERED 1836.
Capital and Surplus, $10,000,000
E. B. MORRIS, President.
W. N. ELY, First Vice President.
A. A. JACKSON, Second Vice President.
C. J. RHOADS, 3d Vice Pres. & Treasurer.
E. S. PAGE, Secretary.

CHARTERED 1866
Brooklyn Trust Company
Central Trust Company of New York
54 WALL STREET
CAPITAL and SURPLUS - $18,000,000
(of which $17,000,000 has been earned)

$100,000
(Or Any Part)
Spokane International Railway Co.
(Canadian Pacific System)
Interest J. & J. Due July 1, 1955
Listed on New York Stock Exchange
A closed first mortgage on mileage forming part of the Canadian Pacific Transcontinental service between St. Paul, Minn., and Portland, Ore.
Price upon application. To yield about 4.60%
Write for further particulars.
POUCH & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange. Corner Wall and Nassau Sts.

$2,025,000
Northwestern Terminal Railway Co.
First Mortgage 5% Guaranteed Gold Bonds.
Dated July 1st, 1906. Interest payable January and July 1st. Due July 1st, 1926.
Coupon Bonds in $1,000 denominations with privilege of registering the principal.
Redeemable on any interest date after July 1st, 1911, to July 1st, 1916, at 105 and interest; from July 1st, 1916, until maturity at 102½ and interest.

Authorized	$3,000,000
Reserved for acquisition of additional lands and permanent improvements under carefully guarded restrictions	975,000
Outstanding	$2,025,000

Payment of principal and interest guaranteed by Denver, Northwestern & Pacific Ry. Co. by endorsement on each bond
The Mercantile Trust Co., New York, Trustee.
Letter of David H. Moffat, Esq., President of the D. N. W. & P. Ry. Co., dated December 14, 1909, in which the following points are made regarding the security for these bonds, will be furnished on request:
1. A first and only mortgage on all the property of the Terminal Company now owned or hereafter acquired.
2. This property is located largely in the heart of the city of Denver, three blocks from Union Station, and adjoining the terminal properties of the Union Pacific, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, Colorado and Southern and Denver and Rio Grande Railroads.
3. Independent appraisers have determined the value of this property as real estate to be over $2,500,000, or $500,000 more than the outstanding issue of bonds.
(*In addition to the value thus ascertained the proceeds of $225,000 of the bonds now outstanding are held in trust to be expended on the property within next ninety days for permanent additions and betterments.*)
4. The property is the last available railroad entrance into Denver, save at prohibitive cost.
5. Rentals paid by subtenants for leased privileges afford more than 50% of the interest charges on outstanding issue.
For first four months of current fiscal year, the Denver, Northwestern and Pacific Ry. Co. reports gross earnings $407,205.38; net earnings available for interest $164,138.14; surplus $18,271.48.
A large amount of above bonds having been sold, we offer the remainder subject to sale at 92 and accrued interest, to yield 5¾%, and recommend them as a safe and desirable investment.
Plympton, Gardiner & Co.
27 William Street, NEW YORK
231 La Salle Street, CHICAGO

$11,000,000.
Hudson Companies
(McAdoo Tunnel System)
6% Secured Convertible Gold Coupon Notes.
Principal payable February 1st, 1913. Interest payable February 1st and August 1st.
Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Trustee.
Denominations $500. and $1,000, with Privilege of Registration.
Redeemable at the option of the company at 100 and accrued interest on any interest date upon thirty days' notice.
The Notes are specifically secured by deposit, with the Guaranty Trust Company, of 150% of Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company First Mortgage 4½% Bonds, due 1957, Tax Exempt in the State of New York.
The Notes are convertible at 100 at the pleasure of the holder, at maturity or on any prior redemption date, into said Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company Bonds at 95 and accrued interest.
This issue of Notes provides for all obligations of Hudson Companies maturing in 1910, and for advances to the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company for the completion of its lines as set forth in a letter of its President, Mr. W. G. McAdoo.
The financial position of Hudson Companies, the maker of the Notes, will then be substantially as follows:
RESOURCES.

Real Estate Equities in New York City (Comprising principally the great Gimbel Store at 6th Ave. and 32d and 33d Streets.)	$4,500,000
Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company First Mtge. 4½% Bonds	37,032,000
" " " " " " Preferred Stock	2,229,231
" " " " " " Common Stock	27,186,203

INDEBTEDNESS.

6% Notes maturing October 15, 1911	$10,000,000
5% " " August 1, 1912	3,000,000
6% " " February 1, 1913	11,000,000

Descriptive circulars, containing copies of Mr. McAdoo's letter, will be furnished upon application.
We recommend the Notes for investment and offer them for sale at 100 and accrued interest.
HARVEY FISK & SONS, New York
Subscriptions will also be received by
Continental Nat'l Bank, Chicago
Messrs. G. H. Walker & Co., St. Louis
Messrs. Geo. Eustis & Co., Cincinnati
Fidelity Title & Trust Co., Pittsburgh
Messrs. Cassatt & Co., Philadelphia
Messrs. Jackson & Curtis, Boston
Baltimore Trust & Guarantee Co., Baltimore
Bank of Pittsburgh N. A., Pittsburgh

Staples & High Art Novelties

In European and American Jewelry, Hair Ornaments, Leather Goods, Buckles, Bead Bags, Purses, Beltings, Belts, Fans, Lace Novelties, Small Wares, Hair Goods and Christmas Goods for Import.

You will Find Every Line UP TO THE MINUTE.

SAMSTAG & HILDER BROS.
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS
BROADWAY 557 & 559 NEW YORK

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Brown, Thompson & Co., Hartford, Conn.; T. Mullins, ladies' gloves and notions; 2 Walker Street.
Denholm & McKay Company, Worcester, Mass.; C. R. March, cloaks and suits; 2 Walker Street.
Hillman's, Chicago, Ill.; J. M. Mayer, general merchandise; Miss E. Thal, waists, skirts, and misses' wear; 684 Broadway.
Flint & Kent, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. B. Hope, boys' clothing; 31 Union Square.
Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; O. Rick, notions; 2 Walker Street.
Sweeney Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; C. W. Sherer, millinery; E. E. Durand, merchandise manager; 75 Spring Street.
Howland Dry Goods Company, Bridgeport, Conn.; J. D. Granfield, furnishing goods, hosiery, and gloves; 75 Spring Street.
Elliott-Taylor-Woolfenden Company, Detroit, Mich.; H. A. McDonald, silks; C. F. O. Mason, cloaks and suits; C. H. Bagg, carpets and rugs; 31 Union Square.
Detroit Millinery Company, Detroit, Mich.; A. Levy, millinery; 707 Broadway; The Breslin.
Denver Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; H. Shields, books; 30 East Twentieth Street; Hotel Navarre.
Abt, L., & Son, Canton, Ohio; L. Abt, millinery, gloves, and ribbons; The Breslin.
Rindskopf & Loch, Schenectady, N. Y.; A. E. Branch, cloaks and suits; Hotel Wolcott.
Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; W. J. Granfield, handkerchiefs; 2 Walker Street.
Nathan, M., & Brother, Johnstown, Penn.; C. M. Rose, cloaks, suits, and millinery; 41 Union Square.
Foster & Cochrane, Lancaster, Penn.; Miss S. C. Seachrist, millinery; 817 Broadway; Hotel St. Denis.
Hunter-Tuppen Company, Syracuse, N. Y.; Miss S. A. Cummings, ribbons; 192½ Greene Street; Hotel Victoria.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; J. O. Magie, rugs; G. N. Everett, housefurnishing goods; 438 Broadway; Hotel Seville.
Cahn, Coblens & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss H. M. Ornes, waists and corsets; The Breslin.
Sturtevant, H. H., Company, Zanesville, Ohio; Miss E. Flower, cloaks and suits; 41 Union Square.
Porteous & Mitchell Company, Norwich, Conn.; T. H. Galligan, laces; F. J. Stanley, notions; 57 White Street.
Callender, McAuslan & Troup Company, Providence, R. I.; J. J. Shaw, furnishing goods, hosiery, and gloves; 2 Walker Street.
Hislop, J., & Co., New London, Conn.; J. J. Gannon, notions and trimmings; Hotel Navarre.
Smith & Murray, Springfield, Mass.; G. B. Pierce, linings; 57 White Street.
Hengerer, William, Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss J. Finnicane, infants' wear, muslin and knit underwear; 214 Church Street.
Lord & Gage, Reading, Penn.; M. J. Donaghue, housefurnishing goods; 214 Church Street.
Strauss-Hirshberg Company, Youngstown, Ohio; Miss J. E. Powell, suits; 817 Broadway.
Watt & Shand, Lancaster, Penn.; H. E. Kline, housefurnishing goods; 57 White Street; Hotel Grand.
White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; S. Abbott, books; T. Barker, house furnishing goods; G. W. Landon, laces and trimmings; E. H. Young, wash goods; P. L. Buchert, silks; C. S. Allan, cloaks and suits; 41 Union Square.
Jordan-Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; F. Coleman, black and dress goods; W. S. Tufts, laces and trimmings; E. J. Feeney, white goods; F. A. Burdick, women's coats and dresses; R. Mitton, dry goods; 31 Union Square.
Siegel, H., Company, Boston, Mass.; C. J. McCabe, linens; C. E. Bradley, hosiery and knit underwear; Hotel York.
Great Department Store, Lewiston, Me.; Miss E. Jordan, muslin underwear; Miss M. O'Brien, infants' wear; Park Avenue Hotel.
Lebeck Brothers, Nashville, Tenn.; L. Lebeck, Cloaks and suits; R. Lyle, waists and dresses; 41 Union Square.
Reid & Hughes Company, Norwich, Conn.; C. L. Stark, domestics; 75 Spring Street.
Lang, J., Sons, Scranton, Penn.; Miss A. McGowan, millinery; 817 Broadway; Hotel Victoria.
Eisenberg, A., Baltimore, Md.; D. Eisenberg, domestics; Hoffman House.
Grinsfelder, J., & Son Baltimore, Md.; S. Grinsfelder, silks and ribbons; Hoffman House.
Hutzler Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; H. Oppenheimer, cloaks, suits, and dress goods; Hoffman House.
Gilchrist Company, Boston, Mass.; C. W. Warnock, corsets, waists, and underwear; 57 White Street.
Brown, Thompson & Co., Hartford, Conn.; F. W. Pass laces, millinery, and ribbons; 2 Walker Street.
Famous, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss A. Aborgast, art needle work; 4 Washington Place; Hotel Bayard.
O'Callaghan Cloak and Suit Company, Boston, Mass.; J. H. O'Callaghen, cloaks and suits; Hotel Broztell.
Mabley & Carew Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; F. M. Hubert, boys' clothing; Hotel Broztell.
Siegel, H., Company, Boston, Mass.; P. B. Sharp, silks; Hotel Broztell.
Hunter-Tuppen Company, Syracuse, N. Y.; Miss C. A. Summers, ladies' wear; 192½ Greene Street; Hotel Victoria.
Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; D. Wallace, notions; 2 Walker Street.
Walker Brothers Dry Goods Company, Salt Lake City, Utah; J. H. Belfuss, dress goods and silks; 320 Church Street.
Horne, J., Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; R. Orr, china and glass; Miss Haggerty, glassware; 320 Church Street.
Burn, H. M., Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; F. D. Hallett, ready to wear; 73 Leonard Street.
Ould, J. W., Company, Lynchburg, Va.; J. W. Ould, dry goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Rieke, C. H., & Sons, Paducah, Ky.; L. M. Rieke, Jr., hosiery, gloves, and notions; 73 Leonard Street.
Maxwell-McClure-Fitts Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; R. W. Smith, notions and laces; 43 Leonard Street.
Watt, Rettew & Clay, Norfolk, Va.; J. H. Alexander, hosiery; 214 Church Street.
Joslin Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; S. L. Todd, jewelry; 214 Church Street.
Porteous, Mitchell & Brown Company, Portland, Me.; A. C. Hislop, notions; 57 White Street.
Gilchrist Company, Boston, Mass.; J. B. Hartford, notions; Miss Towns, handkerchiefs; T. J. Graham, gloves and laces; 57 White Street.
MacInnes, J. C., Company, Worcester, Mass.; A. C. Wood, notions; 57 White Street.
Smith, Murray & Co., Bridgeport, Conn.; F. E. Blake, linings; 57 White Street.
Gruman, M., & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss L. Wise, muslin underwear, waists, and infants' wear; The Breslin.
Sisson Brothers & Welden Company, Binghamton, N. Y.; B. F. Welden, laces and trimmings; Hotel Imperial.
Hens-Kelly Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; D. J. ——.

SALESMAN, &c.—Young man, 8 years' experience with cloak and suit house, desires to make connection as salesman or outside man; was through Middle West, and have trade in city. Address Box M 142 Times Downtown.

SKIRT SALESMAN for city and vicinity wanted for popular line. Schaefler, 96 Greene St., first floor.

Guide for Buyers

Directory of Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers.

For rates for advertising telephone 1000 Bryant.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS.
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
ALUMINUM NOVELTIES AND SIGNS.
Willis-Du Bois Co., 150 Nassau Street.
"BABIHOOD CLOTHES," Children's Aprons, Rompers, Sleeping Garments, Sacques & Robes, Ribbed Vests.
Windsor Knitting Mills, 31 Union Sq. West.
BASKETS & WILLOWWARE NOVELTIES.
Chas. Zinn & Co., 138-140 Grand St.
BATHING SUITS.
Milbury Atlantic Mfg. Co., 453 Broadway.
BRAIDS.
Novelty Braid Mills, "V. N. & T.," 25 E. 20.
The Waltzfelder Braid Co., 101 Fifth Ave.
BRUSHES for Household, Toilet and Paint.
E. J. Kelly, "Anchor," 104 Chambers St.
CORD NECK RUCHING & BIAS FABRICS.
Erlanger & Reis, ("Riva" Fastener,) 109 W. 26
CORSET COVERS, MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.
Elite Muslin Underwear Co., 435 Broadway.
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Avenue.
Halperin Bros., 74-76 B'way, Brooklyn. (To neckwear manufacturers and jobbers only.)
CUT GLASS.
Horne and Co., (Exhibit,) Grand Hotel.
DOG COLLARS, TRUNK & SHAWL STRAPS
George D. Pine, 104 Chambers Street.
DRESSES AND SKIRTS.
Joseph Schwartz, 11 West 20th Street.
FIBRE GOODS, SAMPLE & SUIT CASES.
Shire Case & Novelty Co., 88 Chambers St.
HAIR ORNAMENTS AND BELTS.
Austin Walker Co., 565 Broadway.
INFANTS' HEADWEAR, Knit Goods & Cloaks
L. Herzig & Co., Inc., 141, 143, 145 W. 17th St.
LADIES' HAND BAGS & NOVELTIES.
A. & E. Leather Goods Co., 419-421 Broome St.
John Davenport & Co., 7 White Street.
LADIES' WAISTS.
Jos. Zindler, ("Empire" Waist,) 135 Wooster.
LEATHER GOODS.
Weiss M'f'g Co., 419 Broadway, cor. Canal.
MISSES' DRESSES.
A. Adler, 928 B'way. (Also Women's Neckw'r)
NECKWEAR—Men's.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733,735,737 B'way
Keiser Cravats. 10-16 West 20th Street.
NECKWEAR—Women's.
Ostrich & Fancy Feather Boa Co., 28 E. 16th
RAINCOATS.
Harris Raincoat Co., 87-89 Fifth Avenue.
SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods.
Spencer Optical Co., 31 Maiden Lane.
SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS.
Knothe Bros., 122 Fifth Avenue.
SWEATERS & LADIES' BATHING SUITS.
Progressive Knitting Works, 31 Union Sq.
TOYS, NOVELTIES, AND EASTER GOODS.
Playmate Toy Mfg. Co., 152 Bleecker Street.
H. Rosenstein, 36 Warren St.
TRAVELING BAGS AND SUIT CASES.
S. Rosenhaupt, 418-422 Broadway.
WOMEN'S NECKWEAR AND BELTS.
James R. Keiser, 10-16 West 20th Street.

Day, cloaks and suits; T. C. Dooley, domestics and silks; Hotel Seville.
Phelps & Osborne, Jacksonville, Ill.; C. C. Phelps, dress goods, silks, cloaks, suits, notions, and laces; Hotel Grand.
Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods and Carpet Company, Decatur, Ill.; E. Weaver, housefurnishing goods; 31 Union Square; Hotel Grand.
Stewart & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss M. Kirk, ribbons; 214 Church Street.
Walker Brothers Dry Goods Company, Wichita, Kan.; D. V. Walker, notions and furnishing goods; Hotel Woodward.
Higbee Company, Cleveland, Ohio; C. N. Rexford, laces, ribbons, and trimmings; Hotel Imperial.
Quackenbush, G. S., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; E. L. Lasell, carpets; Hotel Imperial.
Rice-Stix Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; M. Wolff, laces; 377 Broadway.
Famous, St. Louis, Mo.; Clay Myers, cloaks and suits; 4 Washington Place.
Miller & Rhoads, Richmond, Va.; W. O. Day, housefurnishing goods; 320 Church Street; Hotel Grand.
Cohen Company, Richmond, Va.; H. Hymes, domestics and dress goods; 100 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Grand.
Hengerer, William, Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. B. Ewarz, upholstery goods; 214 Church Street.
Buchanan & Young, Lancaster, Penn.; J. Buchanan, laces, ladies' and infants' wear; Hotel Grand.
New Bedford Dry Goods Company, New Bedford, Mass.; Miss A. Charpentier, veilings; Hotel Grand.
McDonnell & Stout, Philadelphia, Penn.; E. A. Stout, silks; Hotel Grand.
Heyman, S., Company, Oshkosh, Wis.; S. Heyman, dry goods; Hotel Prince George.
Hertz Dry Goods Company, The, Frankfort, Ind.; Alfred Levy, dry goods; Hotel St. Andrews.
Aronson Company The, Louisville, Ky.; L. Aronson, women's garments; Hotel Woodstock.
Barre, William, Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Tarras Wheeler, pictures; Hotel Earlington.
Leyser & Co., Greenville, Miss.; H. L. Riteman, dry goods, ready-to-wear clothing, and notions; Hotel Cadillac.
Peck, George B., Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; James E. Campbell, gloves; P. A. McKenna, gloves; Hotel Navarre.
Bacon, J. & Sons, Louisville, Ky.; K. E. Miller, underwear and corsets; The Hermitage.
Bloch, William H., Company, Indianapolis, Ind.; Miss E. Sadler, millinery; Hotel Imperial.
Atkinson, E. E., & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; E. M. Summers, women's outfitters; Mrs. C. E. White, millinery; Hotel Knickerbocker.
Chicago Feather Company, Chicago, Ill.; B. Rosenberg, millinery; Hotel Knickerbocker.
The Hillsboro Dry Goods Company, Hillsboro, Texas; W. F. Sims, dry goods; Broadway Central Hotel.
Kaufman Brothers, Bellingham, Wash.; Thomas G. Kaufman, ladies' ready-to-wear; Hotel Plandrea.
Hartman, P. W., Chillicothe, Mo.; ladies' ready-to-wear and millinery; Hotel Somerset.
Jones Dry Goods Company, Paris, Ill.; Mrs. W. D. Hoenig, millinery; Hotel Cadillac.
World Millinery Company, Chicago, Ill.; J. R. Anthony, millinery; Hotel Cumberland.
Reeves, J. S., & Co., Nashville, Tenn.; C. V. Phelps, dry goods; Hotel Longacre.
Shakman, Adolph, Chicago, Ill.; furs; 32 West Eighteenth Street.
Neljik, B. A., & Co., St. Paul, Minn.; B. A. Neljik, Oriental rugs; Hotel Victoria.
Neljik Brothers, Minneapolis, Minn.; Bartow A. Neljik, Oriental rugs; Hotel Victoria.
Shortel Store, The, Frankfort, Ind.; C. W. Winfield, cloaks and dry goods; Hotel Navarre.
Missoula Mercantile Company, Missoula, Mon.; Francis M. Krumholz, millinery; 621 Broadway.
Nugent, B., & Brother, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss P. Brinton, suits and coats; M. E. Donnelly, dry goods; Prince George Hotel.
Enwers, J. H., Sons Company, Youngstown, Ohio; Mrs. Laura Biddle, children's department; Hotel Victoria.
May's, Detroit, Mich.; Max May, millinery; Hotel Imperial.
Stewart, D. J., & Co., Rockford, Ill.; Emma Taylor, infants' department; Carl A. Russ, dress goods; Prince George Hotel.
Sykes, H. B., Company, Elkhart, Ind.; E. M. Sykes, ready to wear; Hotel Somerset.
McGee Brothers, Clarkesville, Tenn.; M. M. McGee, dry goods and clothing; Hotel Albert.
Gimbel Brothers, Milwaukee, Wis.; Jennie Prendergast, dry goods; Prince George Hotel.
Beeman-Hendee, Los Angeles, Cal.; Mrs. Margaret A. Beeman, infants' and juvenille toys; Mrs. Nettie A. Hendee, infants' and juvenile toys; Hotel Seymour.

Saw Signs of a Wreck at Sea.

The Captain of the fruit steamship Frances, from Manzanillo, Mexico, on arriving in port yesterday, reported sighting a quantity of wreckage on Feb. 13 in latitude 37.0 north and longitude 73.15 west. It consisted of a ship's mast, sailor's chest, and deal boards and lumber. The next day, Monday, she passed another sailor's chest floating on the water, but there was no clue to the name of the lost vessel.

Liner Main Aground and Off Again.

After being aground for several hours on the west bank of the Ambrose Channel the North German Lloyd liner Main floated off yesterday with the assistance of six tugboats, and proceeded on her way to Baltimore. She has 40 cabin and 660 steerage passengers she had brought over from Bremen.

Must Improve the Subway Lighting.

The Public Service Commission adopted an order yesterday compelling the Interborough to improve the lighting in the Subway. The order goes into effect on April 1. It directs the company to have the Subway stations "so lighted with electricity that passengers can read conveniently therein, such illumination to be not less than the present illumination over the east platform of the Brooklyn Bridge station."

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FLORENCE BARTON, otherwise known as MADAME LUCILLE, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Feb. 16, 1910, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of hats, flowers, feathers, fixtures, &c.
LAWRENCE B. WOLF, Trustee.
HENRY J. BLOCK, Attorney for Trustee, 309 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of VAN AUKEN MOTOR AND MACHINE WORKS, Bankrupt.

By virtue of an order of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, the subscriber, trustee of the above-named bankrupt, will expose for sale at public auction on Wednesday, the sixteenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred and ten, between the hours of twelve and five o'clock P. M., to wit: At two o'clock, upon the premises at the foot of Hancock Street, Bridgeport, County of Fairfield, State of Connecticut, the following property:

A certain piece or parcel of land and mud flats situated in Bridgeport, Fairfield County, Connecticut, and bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a point on the south line of street formerly known as Black Rock Avenue, now Osborne Street, at the western boundary of land of the Bridgeport Copper Company, thence running westerly one hundred and seventy-five (175) feet, on the south line of said street; thence southerly by a line parallel with and two hundred and sixty and 2-100 (260.02) feet easterly of the east line of Bostwick Avenue, five hundred and forty-two (542) feet; thence easterly by a line at right angles with the last described line to the channel of the creek; thence northerly by said channel line to intersection with the west line of land owned by the Bridgeport Copper Company; thence northwesterly along said Bridgeport Copper Company's line to the point of beginning.

Together with the appurtenances and all the estate and rights of the Company in and to said premises, being the same premises conveyed to the Company by Henry Adams, Jr., by his deed dated January 28, 1907, and recorded in Bridgeport Land Records in Volume 217, at Pages 393-394.

Also all the buildings, structures, erections, and constructions now or hereafter placed thereon, with their fixtures, and also all the flats, docks, yards, and privileges appurtenant to the above-described premises, or any part thereof.

Also all windlasses, capstans, tackle, docks, engines, furnaces, boilers, machinery, shafting, belting, pulleys, dynamos, dies, patterns, drawings, tools, furniture, fixtures, appliances, implements, and appurtenances of every kind and character situate, lying, or being in, on, or about the premises described, which are used or provided for use in and about the operation of said yards, docks, plant, and property, and the carrying on of the business of Van Auken Motor and Machine Works in the same, whether the same are now owned by the Company or shall hereafter be acquired by it as fixtures thereto or appurtenances thereof, (but not the goods in process of manufacture or manufactured by the Company for others in the ordinary conduct of its business,) it being the intention that said docks, yards, plant, and property shall be and are hereby conveyed as an active, going, and operating manufacturing plant.

Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments, and appurtenances thereto or to any thereof in any wise appertaining, and the revisions, remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof, and also all the estate, right, title, interest, property, possession, claim and demand whatsoever, as well in law as in equity of the Company, of, in, and to the same, subject to a certain mortgage made by said Van Auken Motor and Machine Works to Guardian Trust Company of New York, dated February 1st, 1908, made to said Trust Company, as Trustee, to secure an issue of first mortgage six per cent. five-year gold bonds, of which the whole amount, to wit, Twenty-five thousand, ($25,000) dollars is now issued and outstanding.

The entire plant, consisting of the real estate and personal property aforesaid, will be offered for sale as an entirety, and will be sold subject to a mortgage made by the Van Auken Motor and Machine Works to the Guardian Trust Company of New York for Twenty-five thousand ($25,000) dollars, and subject also to all other existing lawful incumbrances thereon. The terms and conditions of the sale will be announced on the day of sale.

The property may be seen any day before the sale.

Messrs. Elwood & Son, licensed auctioneers of Bridgeport, Connecticut, will conduct the sale.

JOSEPH DIEHL FACKENTHAL,
Trustee.

Post Office, 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
Dated February 3d, 1910.
HOTCHKISS, BARBER & McGUIRE, Attorneys, 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

NOTICE OF RECEIVER'S SALE IN BANKruptcy.—United States District Court, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of UNITED STATES PAPER EXPORT ASSOCIATION, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to an order of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, the undersigned, Daniel F. McIntosh, the Receiver in Bankruptcy of United States Paper Export Association, will sell, by Chas. Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at public auction, to the highest bidder at 113 Leonard Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on February 21, 1910, 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, together, in bulk, and as a whole, all the property, assets, and effects of said bankrupt now in the possession of said Receiver or to the possession of which he is or may hereafter become entitled, together with the goodwill of the business heretofore conducted by said bankrupt at No. 17 Battery Place, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, and together with the sole and exclusive right to use the name "United States Paper Export Association," and including also all orders heretofore received by said bankrupt or by said Receiver and not now being filled by said Receiver, and including also all orders that may hereafter be received by said Receiver or at the office of said bankrupt (but not including any orders now being filled by said Receiver or any moneys of said bankrupt that now are or may hereafter be in bank or that now are or may hereafter come into the possession of said Receiver or any drafts or promissory notes heretofore discounted by said bankrupt with various banks, on which drafts and notes said bankrupt is contingently liable in the event that the acceptors or makers thereof, as the case may be, fail to pay any one or more of them at maturity.)

A further general description of the property, assets and effects so to be sold is as follows: Paper, stationery, drafts, notes, open accounts, office furniture and fixtures, samples, books, files, records, etc. A schedule of all the property, assets, and effects so to be sold may be inspected at the office of said Receiver, 17 Battery Place, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on February 17th and 18th, 1910, between the hours of 2 P. M. and 5 P. M. So much of said property as is in the City of New York may also be inspected on said days, between the hours aforesaid, at said Receiver's office, and at Duval Company's Storehouse, 131 Franklin Street, and at Jackson Brothers' Storehouse, 365 South Street, in said Borough and City.

The Receiver reserves the right to withdraw said property, assets, and effects from sale unless the sale realizes 75 per cent. or more of the appraised value thereof.

Dated, New York City, February 15, 1910.
DANIEL F. McINTOSH, Receiver.
17 Battery Place, New York City.
EISMAN, LEVY, CORN & LEWINE, Attorneys for Receiver, 135 Broadway, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of EMANUEL SONNABEND and WOLFGANG GROMER, individually and as members of the firm of Sonnabend & Gromer, bankrupts.

Please take notice that pursuant to an order of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York the undersigned will sell the property and assets of the above bankrupts in bankruptcy, consisting of safe, desks, and office furniture, at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at 113 Leonard Street, New York City, on the 24th day of February, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon. The property can be inspected at the above address after February 21st, 1910. This property will be sold pursuant to the orders and rules of the United States District Court.

Dated New York, February 15th, 1910.
RAYMOND G. GUERNSEY,
1 Liberty Street, New York City.
STROOCK & STROOCK, Attorneys for Receiver, 30 Broad Street, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of AMEEN HAWIE and DAVID HAWIE, individually and as copartners, trading under the name of Hawie Brothers, Bankrupts.

Please take notice that the undersigned will sell at public auction, by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer in Bankruptcy, on the 25th day of February, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., at No. 48 Howard Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, the property of the above-named bankrupts, consisting of machinery, pictures framed, gold-plated picture frames, cast iron frames, fixtures, etc. The property may be inspected on any day before the sale between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

J. WARING PARKS, Receiver.
LESSER BROTHERS, Attorneys for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH VOLENCE, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Feb. 16, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 2,109 8th Av., and immediately thereafter at 1,772 Amsterdam Av., and at conclusion of this sale at 144th St. and Hamilton Place, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of groceries, canned goods, bottled goods, fixtures, &c.
THOMAS D. HEWITT, Receiver.
H. & J. LESSER, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 13,142.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of EMIL ALTER and WILLIAM ALTER, individually, and the copartnership of E. Alter & Son, bankrupts.

To the creditors of Emil Alter and William Alter of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 18th day of January, A. D. 1910, the said Emil Alter and William Alter, individually, and the copartnership of E. Alter & Son, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, Room 1,375, Hudson Terminal Bldgs., No. 50 Church Street, New York City, on the 1st day of March, A. D. 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Feb. 15th, 1910.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of the petition of WILLIAM F. COLLINS et al., to have EDWARD CLAUSSEN adjudged a bankrupt.

It appearing to my satisfaction that the petition was on the 19th day of January, 1910, duly filed herein for the adjudication in bankruptcy of Edward Claussen, and that the said alleged bankrupt is not within the district, and that the service of subpoena herein cannot, after diligent search being made, be served upon him; and upon reading and filing the petition of bankruptcy herein; the return of the Marshal herein, and the annexed petition of Norman G. Hewitt, verified the 3d day of February, 1910, and on motion of McMillan & Hewitt, attorneys for the petitioning creditors, it is

Ordered that Edward Claussen appear, plead, answer, or demur on or before the 25th day of February, 1910, and in case of his default to appear, plead, answer or demur, the adjudication shall be made, according to the prayer of the said petitioner, and it is further

Ordered that this order be published in The New York Times once a week for two consecutive weeks, said publication to begin not later than the 8th day of February, 1910, and a copy of this order be mailed to said Edward Claussen at his last known place of abode on or before the first day of publication.

Dated, February 4th, 1910.
LEARNED HAND, D. J.
McMILLAN & HEWITT, Attorneys for Petitioning Creditors, 61 and P. O. Address, 220 Broadway, New York City.

NO. 13,316.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of E. T. CHURCH & CO., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of E. T. Church & Co. of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1910, the said E. T. Church & Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Stanley W. Dexter, referee in bankruptcy, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 28th day of February, A. D. 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
February 14th, 1910.

NO. 13,290.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of RICHARD ROONEY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Richard Rooney of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 5th day of February, A. D. 1910, the said Richard Rooney was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Stanley W. Dexter, referee in bankruptcy, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 2d day of March, A. D. 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
February 14th, 1910.

NO. 12,680.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LEILA KOERBER, also known as Marie Dressler, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Leila Koerber, also known as Marie Dressler, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1909, the said Leila Koerber, also known as Marie Dressler, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel S. Smith, referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 10th day of March, A. D. 1910, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
February 15, 1910.

NO. 13,020.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—FERDINAND A. WATTENBERG, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Ferdinand A. Wattenberg, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated January 31st, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 28th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Feb. 1st, 1910.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—ALBERT D. LEVI, individually and as a member of the firm of GUMPERTZ & LEVI and the firm of GUMPERTZ & LEVI, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Albert D. Levi, individually and as a member of the firm of Gumperts & Levi and the firm of Gumpertz & Levi, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated October 12th, 1908, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 28th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Feb. 15, 1910.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—ISAAC PODLESH and FREDERICK GREENBERG, individually, and trading as PODLESH & GREENBERG, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Isaac Podlesh and Frederick Greenberg, individually, and trading as Podlesh & Greenberg, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated February 11th, 1910, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 28th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Feb. 15, 1910.

NO. 13,260.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PINKUS KOFFLER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Pinkus Koffler of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of February, A. D. 1910, the said Pinkus Koffler was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, Room 1,375, Hudson Terminal Bldgs., No. 50 Church Street, New York City, on the 23 day of March, A. D. 1910, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Feb. 15th, 1910.

NO. 12,007.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—CHARLES A. HARRIMAN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Charles A. Harriman, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated February 4th, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 28th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Feb. 7th, 1910.

NO. 12,100.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—SOL. SCHWARZ, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Sol. Schwarz, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated January 25th, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 28th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, February 7th, 1910.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 13,142.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of EMIL ALTER and WILLIAM ALTER, individually, and the copartnership of E. Alter & Son, bankrupts.

To the creditors of Emil Alter and William Alter of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 18th day of January, A. D. 1910, the said Emil Alter and William Alter, individually, and the copartnership of E. Alter & Son, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, Room 1,375, Hudson Terminal Bldgs., No. 50 Church Street, New York City, on the 1st day of March, A. D. 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Loft Building Boom Stimulates Realty Market—Sherman Square Corner Sold—A $400,000 Lease on 34th Street—Harlem Flats in Trade—Bronx Sales.

The loft building boom was given new stimulus yesterday by the announcement that Samuel K. Jacobs of the firm of Walter Emmerich & Co. has sold a plot of 103 feet on West Twenty-second Street to a prominent building corporation, which will erect a sixteen-story loft building.

At present the plot, which measures 103 by 100, is covered by old brick buildings, numbered 20, 22, 24, and 26, all of which will be torn down shortly to make way for the new structure.

The fact that Mills & Gibb are to build at the corner of Fourth Avenue and Twenty-second Street, together with the numerous large buildings that are to be erected on Twenty-second Street from Fourth to Seventh Avenues, is of great significance to the future development of the street.

This plot adjoins the one recently sold by Benjamin Stern to a builder who will erect a twelve-story building. M. & L. Hess were the brokers in the transaction.

The deal involving the three three-story dwelling 126 to 130 West Twenty-second Street, 56.4 by 98.9, has been concluded. Mayer S. Auerbach, the buyer, intends either to resell or improve it with a twelve-story loft building.

New Loft for East Sixteenth Street.

The Manhattan Office Building Company has bought from Charles Sooysmith 114 East Sixteenth Street, a four-story dwelling on plot 31.6 by 103.3, and from John L. Golden 116 East Sixteenth Street, a similar house, on lot 25 by 103.3. On the combined 56 feet a twelve-story high-grade office and loft building will be erected, to cost about $260,000, from plans by Squires & Wynkoop. The site is 100 feet west of Irving Place and opposite the new Borgfeldt Building. Jerry C. Beach, Evrkley H. Stearns, and H. M. Ingraham are members of the purchasing corporation.

A $400,000 Lease on 34th Street.

The Bankers' Investing Company, owners of the Century Building, 1 West Thirty-fourth Street, has leased, through Adolph Meyer, the westerly store and basement therein to Frederic's, jewelers of New York, Chicago, and Paris, for a term of years at an aggregate rental of nearly $400,000.

At the time the Bankers' Investing Company purchased the Century Building, five years ago, the former owners would have considered leasing the entire space now occupied by the two stores for $18,000, which is less than one-half of the income from the same space under the present leases.

The recent lease of the fifty-foot store at 47 West Thirty-fourth Street, which will be occupied in April by the Meriden Britannia Company, now at Fifth Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street, is taken in connection with the present lease to Frederic's, is an indication of the further advance of Thirty-fourth Street as a high-grade retail centre, and reflects the growing demand by retail merchants for space in this block owing to the near completion of the Pennsylvania terminal.

Sherman Square Corner Sold.

The Alliance Realty Company, of which William H. Cheseborough is President, has sold through A. C. Narlian the northeast corner of Amsterdam Avenue and Seventy-third Street, a plot having frontages of 76.8 feet on the avenue and 82 feet on the street, on which there are now three dwellings and a six-story apartment house.

The buyer, a client of the law firm of Hall, Hawkes & Prentice, gives in part payment the four-story brownstone front dwelling 19 East Sixty-fourth Street, on lot 22 by 100. Title to the latter property is now in the name of Augustus N. Morris.

There was recently reported the sale of the dwelling 175 West Seventy-third Street, 18 by 76.8, to a client of Hall, Hawkes & Prentice, adjoining the properties which have just been sold, and making in all a plot fronting 76.8 feet on Amsterdam Avenue and 100 feet on Seventy-third Street.

$350,000 Apartment Taken in Trade.

A realty deal involving an interchange of property valued at $350,000 was negotiated yesterday by the Columbian Board of Brokers, which sold for the Ansonia Realty Company to the Hamliton Holding Company a row of five five-story houses on the west side of Brook Avenue, occupying the block front from 135th to 136th Street, and also a three-story and basement house occupying the fifty-foot plot at 535 and 537 West 179th Street, being 100 feet deep. These properties have been held at $350,000. In exchange the Ansonia Realty Company took the six-story elevator apartment house known as the St. Thomas, at the northwest corner of Amsterdam Avenue and 178th Street, on a plot 100 by 100.

Many Midtown Deals.

James A. Dowd has sold for a client to an investor the four-story flat 103 West Fifty-fifth Street, on plot 28 by 100.

The four-story flat and stores 977 Sixth Avenue, on lot 25 by 72, has been sold by John A. Dowd to a client.

Richard P. Lydon has resold through James A. Dowd 249 West Fifty-second Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, on lot 14 by 100.

Mme. Cully, dressmaker, has bought from Col. Adolph Ammon the four-story dwelling 63 West Forty-sixth Street, on lot 20 by 100.5, just east of Sixth Avenue. The house will be altered for the purchaser's business use.

Alfred Roelker, Jr., has bought from Emily M. Roemer the four-story and basement dwelling 70 West Eighty-seventh Street, on lot 20 by 100.8½, adjoining the southeast corner of Columbus Avenue. Mr. Roelker buys for occupancy.

Block Front Sold for Improvement.

Henry O'Neil has sold through Shaw & Co. a plot of twenty-one lots, comprising the block front on the north side of 212th Street, between Woodlawn Road and De Kalb Avenue. The property has frontages of 347 feet on 212th Street, 216 feet on Woodlawn Road, and 185 feet on De Kalb Avenue, with a rear line measuring 265 feet. The buyer is a builder who proposes improving the Woodlawn Road end of the plot.

George H. Shurtleff has bought from Mary Cowan a plot of about eight lots on the east side of Northern Avenue, 325 feet north of 181st Street, extending through to New Avenue.

Harlem Flats in Trade.

Property at Fort Lee, N. J., was taken in part payment by the Friedman Construction Company for 450 and 452 West 125th Street, two five-story flats, on plot 50 by 100.11.

The Gulick-Halle Company has sold for William Dangler to the Brown Realty Company 68 West 107th Street. The building is a six-story elevator apartment, on lot 48.9 by 100.11, and the price is said to have been in the neighborhood of $90,000.

A. Kollender has sold through Benedict & Co. 141 and 143 West 138th Street, two five-story double flats, each on plot 26 by 100. Jacob Frankenthaler is the buyer.

Bronx Lots Sell for $474,925.

Joseph P. Day's first big lot sale of the year, comprising 107 lots in the vicinity of the Southern Boulevard, the Bronx, brought out a large number of bidders yesterday to the Vesey Street Salesroom. The prices obtained were quite up to general expectations and indicate that there is a steady demand for good Bronx property suitable for improvement. The 107 lots brought $474,925. The northeast corner of the Southern Boulevard and 172d Street, 75 by 100, sold for $15,700. Another good corner of the same size, being the northeast corner of Minford Place and 172d Street, went for $17,100, and a plot of four lots, about 100 by 100, on the southwest corner of Boston Road and 172d Street, sold for $25,650. A fine plot of six lots on the west side of the Southern Boulevard, between 172d and 173d Streets, brought $27,250. A curious incident of the sale was the purchase by a woman bidder of a lot for $1,425. When she later ascertained that there was rock on the plot she protested against taking it. Mr. Day promptly put it up for resale, and it then brought $1,500.

Bronx Sales.

L. Chase has sold for J. Reeber 1,039 and 1,043 College Avenue, two three-family houses, each on lot 22 by 95.

St. Athanasius Roman Catholic Church, of which the Rev. William F. Dougherty is pastor, has purchased a plot adjoining the northwest corner of Southern Boulevard and Tiffany Street from James F. Meehan. The property will be used as a site for a parochial school.

Bernard Smyth & Sons have sold the plot, 50 by 85.8 by 50 by 117.9, on the east side of Aqueduct Avenue, extending through to Merriam Avenue, 125 feet south of junction of Aqueduct and Merriam Avenues, for M. Rechtzer.

J. H. Jones has sold to C. Sudbrink the three-story two-family house 1,016 Woodycrest Avenue, on plot 25 by 100. Louis Meckes was the broker in the transaction.

R. I. Brown's Sons have sold for Mrs. Augusta Morris de Peyster the vacant plot on the east side of the Grand Boulevard and Concourse, 183.54 feet north of East 167th Street, being in size 61.4 by 204.84 feet, running through to Sheridan Avenue.

Henry Schwiebert has sold for the American Real Estate Company the two five-story buildings, with stores, 995 and 999 Southern Boulevard, to a client for investment.

Brooklyn Sales.

M. J. Levinson has sold 1,008 Thirty-ninth Street, a three-story frame single flat house, on plot 20 by 75, to Mrs. Belle Martin.

Frank A. Seaver sold for C. Bosworth thirty-four lots on Twelfth Avenue and Seventy-seventh Street, Dyker Heights, Brooklyn; also, for J. Dillon, eight lots, south side of Eighty-fifth Street, 100 feet west of Seventh Avenue, and for E. Meaney seven lots, north side of Eighty-sixth Street, 150 feet west of Seventh Avenue.

Suburban Sales.

Edward J. Reynolds has sold for Mrs. Delia Gaitlan the house known as 25 Woodland Avenue, New Rochelle, on plot 80 by 100, to a client, who will occupy the same.

Frederick H. Selleck has sold for John W. Arthur a tract of about 177 acres at Northport, L. I., including one-half mile of shore frontage on Huntington Bay.

William A. Darling has sold for the estate of Bernard Havonagh the three-story double flat, on plot 33 by 100, at the southeast corner of Oak Street and Bleecker Avenue, Mount Vernon.

$1,000,000 Apartment Projected for Park Avenue.

Negotiations are in progress, it was learned yesterday, for the development of another Park Avenue corner with a high-class apartment house. The Montana Realty Company, of which E. Clifford Potter is President, expects to build on the northeast corner of Park Avenue and Fifty-second Street when it acquires possession, in about a year, an apartment house to cost approximately $1,000,000. Building operations cannot begin until the New York Central Railroad completes its track work, thereby restoring Park Avenue to its normal condition. The plot to be improved has a frontage of 100 feet on the avenue and 184 feet on Fifty-second Street. The proposed building, according to the preliminary plans, will be twelve stories in height.

Sixteen-Story Building in West 45th Street.

Plans have been filed for a new sixteen-story office and loft building with ground floor stores, to be built in the Renaissance style from designs by Schwartz & Gross, architects, for the Brevoort Construction Company at 2, 4, and 6 West Forty-fifth Street. The building will be of brick finished with limestone and granite, with trimmings of terra cotta. It will have a frontage of 75 feet and a depth of 90 feet, and will cost $625,000.

To Enlarge Madison Av. Dwellings.

Plans have been filed for enlarging and connecting the two four-story-and-basement dwelling houses at 939 and 941 Madison Avenue, the improvements to be made under the supervision of Thain & Thain, architects, for Mrs. Olivia B. Halsey.

Park, Kinney, and Hodsdon Sales To-day.

The real estate auction market will be watched with much interest and will receive a good test to-day when Bryan L. Kennelly will sell at the Exchange Salesroom a long and valuable list of Manhattan Island parcels of realty, by order of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company as trustee of the William G. Park, deceased; Francis Kinney, deceased, and William Hodsdon, deceased, estates. For the Park estate Mr. Kennelly will sell Mr. Park's late residence at 47 Fifth Avenue, near Twelfth Street, 39.3 by 125 by irregular; also, plots, 100 by 100 each, on the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Ninety-seventh Street, northeast corner of Fifth Avenue and 107th Street; on the north side of Ninety-fifth Street, near Fifth Avenue, and on the north side of Ninety-sixth Street, near Park Avenue.

For the estate of Francis S. Kinney, deceased, the latter's late residence at 19 West Fifty-fourth Street, a magnificent five-story fire-proof dwelling, 50 by 100.5, unrestricted; for the estate of William Hodsdon, deceased, 85, 87, and 89 Broad Street, entire front from South William to Stone Street, 70 by 47.7 by irregular; 231 and 244 Fulton Street, two four-story business buildings; also, at the same time, 36 Laight Street, running through to 15 Vestry Street, which in 1850 was the residence of the Isellin family in New York; also, 213 to 223 East 125th Street, a plot 100 by 99.11, with six three-story buildings thereon, and 235 and 237 West Fourteenth Street, two five-story buildings on a plot 31.6 by 132 by irregular.

Bedford Park Taxpayers' Meeting.

A regular meeting of the Bedford Park Property Owners' Association will be held this evening at Arcanum Hall, 197th Street and Webster Avenue. The Transit Committee will report on the hearing before the Public Service Commission calling for the reduction of fare on the Harlem Railroad to 5 cents within the city limits.

Auction Sales in Brooklyn.

William H. Smith sold in the Brooklyn Real Estate auction room, on Montague Street, yesterday, five new two-family houses at 723 to 731 Forty-second Street, near Seventh Avenue, on the line of the projected Fourth Avenue subway. They were purchased by John J. Shea for $28,050. Four building plots were also sold, being respectively on Forty-second Street, near Seventh Avenue; on Forty-first Street, near Fifth Avenue; on Thirty-ninth Street, near Seventh Avenue, and on Seventy-fifth Street, near Thirteenth Avenue, the first three being 50 by 100 feet, and the fourth 100 by 100. The Forty-second Street plot was sold for $2,675 to Thomas J. Shea. The Thirty-ninth Street plot went to F. B. Clarke, for the same price. The plot on Forty-first Street was taken by Joanna H. Wolf for $4,700. It is opposite Sunset Park. The 100 feet square plot on Bay Ridge Parkway (Seventy-fifth Street) was sold for $4,600 to Francis B. Clarke.

Building Boom in Queens.

Building operations in Queens have been unusually active since the first of the year, there being granted for the month of January permits for 167 buildings at an aggregate cost of $838,800, an increase of 10 per cent. for the same month a year ago.

Jamaica's New Post Office.

The contract for Jamaica's new Post Office, plans for which have just been completed by the architects, Tuthill & Higgins, will be awarded to-day. The new building is to be finished by Sept. 1. It will be situated on Standard Place and Fulton Street, about two blocks west of the present location. It will be a five-story building, and will cost about $60,000. The four upper floors will be used for office purposes, the first floor and basement being used for the Post Office.

Notes.

G. W. Barney has leased to the Hanover Lunch, Morris Krim, President, the store and basement 138 East Fourteenth Street, for a term of ten years at an aggregate rental of $85,000.

The Maxlow Realty Company has secured a mortgage loan of $50,000 at 4½ per cent. from the Spencer Trust Fund, on the seven-story loft building 60 Varick Street, northeast corner of Laight Street. This loan was negotiated by William A. White & Sons.

Heller & Sussman, in conjunction with Stephen F. Hill, have procured a building loan of $120,000 for the Anniren Realty and Construction Company, for the plot 100 by 180, situated on the southeast corner of Washington Avenue and 164th Street.

Denzer Brothers have leased for George Henry Warren and others the entire building at 123 West Forty-second Street, for a term of years, at an aggregate rental of $65,000, to Kaufman, the hatter.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

107 lots on Southern Boulevard, Boston Road, Wilkins, Stebbins, and Hoe Avs, Bristow, Charlotte, 172d, and 173d Sts, and Seabury Place; voluntary sale, to various buyers from $2,950 to $7,000 each.

62d St, 158, s s, 100 ft w of 3d Av, 20x100.5, three-story dwelling, to the plaintiff, S. E. A. Stern, $23,157; also, Topping Av, e s, 142 ft n of 173d St, 88x110x42x121.2, vacant; partition sale, to the plaintiff, S. E. A. Stern, $6,200.

113th St, 71, n s, 203.5 ft w of Park Av, 25.1x100.11, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Francis Frey, $25,200.

145th St, 433, s s, 375 ft e of Willis Av, 25x100, two-story dwelling; dower sale, to the plaintiff, Lina Ehmann, $5,500.

By Samuel Marx.

151st St, 245 and 247, n s, 200 ft w of Morris Av, 50x118.3, two three-story tenements and stores; also, 151st St, 243, 250 ft w of Morris Av, 25x100, vacant; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Italian-American Trust Co., $11,834.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

45th St, 2 to 6 West, for a sixteen-story brick office building and loft, 75x90; Brevoort Construction Co. of 6 West 18th St, owner; Schwartz & Gross, architects; cost, $625,000.

Boston Road, e s, 72.41 ft s of 179th St, for a smokestack 3 ft in diameter and 100 ft high; Interborough Rapid Transit Co. of 165 Broadway, owner; George H. Pegram, architect; cost, $300.

Bainbridge Av, e s, 40.6 ft s of 194th St, for a one-story frame barn, 26x17; Marie T. Moore of 2,609 Marion Av, owner; Thomas H. Adams, architect; cost, $350.

Byron Av, w s, 250 ft n of 236th St, for a two-story frame dwelling, 22x50; Mrs. C. Benson and Gus Anderson of 1,530 Vyse Av, owners; George H. Oliphant, Jr., architect; cost, $4,000.

224th St, n s, 52.6 ft e of Barnes Av, for a two-story brick dwelling and stable, 25.6x70; Michael Klunder, premises, owner; John Davidson, architect; cost, $7,500.

176th St, s s, 90.11¾ ft w of Washington Av, for a five-story brick tenement, 47x96; Francis Construction Co. of 345 Macon St., Brooklyn, owner; Emanuel Sommer, architect; cost, $50,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

7th St, 100 East, to a five-story brick tenement; S. Roth of 315 Pearl St, owner; Gropenberg & Leuchtag, architects; cost, $5,000.

132d St, n s, 100 ft e of Lincoln Av, to a new brick smokestack 200 ft high for a new ice factory; Jacob Ruppert of 1,639 3d Av, owner; Herbert R. Hyatt, architect; cost, $12,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, FEB. 15.

ALLEN ST, w s, 150.6 ft s of Stanton St, 24.6x—; Joseph Waldman to Isaac Corsun, (mtg $18,000,) $1.

AMSTERDAM AV, s w corner of 171st St, 65x100; Lincoln Holding Co. to David Zipkin, (mtg $67,500,) $100.

BROADWAY, n e corner of 98th St, 100.11x188.3; William W. Astor to T. J. McLaughlin's Sons, $1.

BROOK AV, 458, n e corner of St. Paul's Place, 24.2x100.6; William Lustgarten to Solomon Moses and another, $25,000.

CANAL ST, 533 to 541, n e s, 101x irregular; St. John's Park Realty Co. to Greenwich Investing Co., (mtg $50,000,) $100.

CROTONA PARK EAST, s w corner of 173d St, 44.3x91.11; Stanislaus J. Vanecek and others to Oliver E. Davis, (mtg $2,000,) $100.

EAGLE AV, w s, 452.2 ft s of Westchester Av, 25x120; Anna Olssen to John S. Michel, $1.

FRONT ST, 5, s w corner of Moore St, 34.2x80.3; Hester R. Rockwood to Abby S. Marshall and others, $10,250.

FRONT ST, 5, s w corner of Moore St, 34.2x88.3; Mary E. Wheeler to Abby S. Marshall and others, $100.

HUDSON ST, 616½, w s, 24x82.7; Matilda Hollander to Universal Operating Co., $100.

INTERVALE AV, e s, 212.5 ft n of Freeman St, 50x88.9; Tulare Realty Co. to Jennie Tackney, (mtg $41,000,) $100.

KELLY ST, w s, 213.7 ft n of 165th St, 66.8x100; Kelly Street Construction Co. to Ludwig Andresen, (mtg $35,000,) $100.

LOTS 164 to 166, map of New York Catholic Protectory; Leonard Halberstad to Theresa Phelps, (mtg $4,087,) $1.

OGDEN AV, 2004, e s, 200 ft n of 166th St, 50x115; Emma E. Horn and another to Eliphalet L. Davis, $100.

TELLER AV, 1,051, 20x100; Leah K. R. Goldfarb to Alice Adams, (mtg $8,000,) $100.

VALENTINE AV, e s at n w s Williamsbridge Road, 8.4x5.1x9.5 to beginning; Paul M. Herzog to Edward Sallinger, $200.

WADSWORTH AV, n w corner of 180th St, 119.6x—; Hanover Estates to Mutual Apartment Co., $1.

WASHINGTON ST, 502 to 506, w s, 62x97; Evelyn Horr and another to Frederick Baker, (mtg $24,000,) $1.

WOODY CREST AV, w s, 175 ft n of 165th St, 15.10x92.3x15.10x91.11; Woody Crest Av, w s, 190.11 ft n of 165th St, 15.10x92.8x15.10x92.3; Angelo H. Martire to Juliet G. Martire, $1.

WOODY CREST AV, w s, 206.10 ft n of 165th St, 15.10x93.1x15.10x92.8; Angelo H, Martire to Juliet G Martire, $1.

1ST AV, 19, w s, 16.8x75; Isaac Sakolski to Leon S. Altmayer to H. Seymour Elsman, (mtg $18,500,) $100.

4TH ST, 268 to 270 West, 105.6x75; Louis Manheim to Callman Rouse, (mtgs $20,500,) $100.

7TH AV, s s, Lot 683, map of Wakefield, 100x114; Eugenie Van Dam to Joseph de L. Etanche, 100.

12TH ST, 137-139 and 145, n s, 62.6x103.3; William E. Babcock and others to Joseph L. Buttenwieser, $100.

12TH ST, s s, 321.2 ft w of Greenwich Av, 20.9x85; Village Realty Co. to Daniel M. Caragher, (mtg $7,500,) $100.

15TH ST, 110 West, 20x83.8; Mary A. McGuire to Alphouse Freund, $100.

17TH ST, 230 and 232 West, 50x84; Gem Realty Co to Ole H. Oleson, (mtg $28,500,) $100.

17TH ST, 532 East, 24.1x92; Paul Stern to Lena Schatz, $1.

17TH ST, 532 East, 24.1x92; Lena Schatz to Patrick J. McArdle, (mtg $14,100,) $1.

25TH ST, n s, 150 ft w of 10th Av, 100x98.9; Orange County Milk Association to Ocma Realty Co, (mtg $20,000,) $100.

25TH ST, 353 West, 25x98.9; Ethel V. Walsh to Robert J. Walsh and another, $1.

25TH ST, 353 West, 25x98.9; Robert J. Walsh and others to Henry Brady, $1.

52D ST, 249 West, n s, 14x100.5; Francis X. O'Connor to Jessie E. Snyder, (mtg $14,000,) $100.

56TH ST, 19 East, n s, 22.6x100.5; Julie Coddington to Bronx Investment Co, $100.

65TH ST, s s, 275 ft w of Central Park West, 25x100.5; Joseph H. Jasper to J. Henry Dutting, (mtg $31,500,) $1.

68TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of West End Av, 100x100.5; City Investing Co. to Charles A. Miller, (mtg $20,000,) $100.

87TH ST, 70 West, s s, 20x100.8; Emily M. Roemer to Millicent T. Roelker, (mtg $23,500,) $1.

100TH ST, 227 East, 25x100.8; Peres Friedman to Abraham Cohen, (mtg $12,100,) $1.

120TH ST, 213-215 East, 38.9x100.10; John T. Delaney to Mary A. Meagher, (mtg $20,000,) $1.

122D ST, 333 East, 25x100.11; Charles M. Beattie, referee, to Louisa Egler, executrix, (mtg $15,000,) $20,000.

122D ST, 331 East, 25x100.11; Charles M. Beattie, referee, to Louisa Egler, executrix, (mtg $15,000,) $20,000.

129TH ST, s s, 109.10 ft e of Lenox Av, 25.1x99.11; Rebecca Guggenheim to Moses Guggenheim, (mtg $26,000,) $100.

134TH ST, 304 West, s s, 25x99.11; August Brandes and another to Jacob Chaimowitz and another, $28,600.

136TH ST, 429 to 439 West, 200x99.11; Anaconda Realty and Construction Co. to Andrew J. Cobe, (mtg $295,000,) $100.

136TH ST, n s, 445 ft w of Brown Place, 25x100; Marie Butt to Franz Schilp, (mtgs $20,000,) $100.

137TH ST, 622 (902) East, s s, 25x100; Ignatz Luft to Marie Steindler, (mtg $12,500,) $100.

137TH ST, 616 to 620 East, s s, 75x100; Ignatz Luft to Marie Steindler, (mtg $38,000,) $1.

139TH ST, s s, 458.4 ft e of Willis Av, 41.8x100; Leonard Halberstad to Theresa Phelps, $1.

141TH ST, s s, 175 ft w of Convent Av, 50x99.11; Nathaniel S. Simpkins to Katherine Russell, widow, of Newark, N. J., $100.

164TH ST, s s, 39 ft w of Stebbins Av, 23x73.5; M. G. Pallister to Anna B. Deutsch, $8,400.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

ALLIANCE CONSTRUCTION CO. to George W. Coughlan; 223 St, n s, 120 ft w of Madison Av, 50x98.9, prior mtg $245,000, demand, 6%.....$30,000

BAKER, Frederick, to Evelyn Horr and another; Washington Av, 502 to 506, w s, 62x97, prior mtg $24,000, due Nov. 1, 1910.$14,000

BLUMBERG, David, to Marie L. Constable; 106th St, n s, 75.6 ft w of Park Av, 25.6x100.11, due May 1, 1915, 4½%.....$17,000

BRADY, Henry, to Patrick J. Clark; 25th St, 853 West, 25x98.9, 3 years.....$14,000

BRANDT, Albert, and Max H. Schwartz to Estelle Scholle, as guardian; 119th St, 17 East, n s, 25x100.11, 5 years, 4½%....$18,500

BRONX INVESTMENT CO to Julia Coddington; 56th St, 19 East, n s, 22.6x100.5, due as per bond.....$60,000

BUTTS, Marie, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 136th St, n s, 455 ft w of Brown Place, 25x100, due, March 5, 1912, 4½%.$2,000

CHAIMOWITZ, Jacob, and another to August Brandes and another, as trustees; 134th St, 304, s s, 75 ft w of 8th Av, 25x99.11, 5 years.....$17,700

CLENDINNING, Susan E., and another to Mary Ruddell; 112 West 122d St, 3 years, 4½%.....$10,000

C. N. & S. A. CONSTRUCTION CO. to Rose Augenblick; 102d St, n s, 40 ft w of Lexington Av, 37.6x100.11, prior mtg $35,000, 2 years, 6%.....$5,000

C. N. & S. A. CONSTRUCTION CO. to Rose Augenblick; Lexington Av, w s, 100.11 ft n of 102d St, 44.11x100, prior mtg $40,000, 2 years.....$6,000

COBE, Andrew J., to Anaconda Realty and Construction Co.; 136th St, s s, 500 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 100x99.11, prior mtg $135,000, 3 years, 6%.....$15,000

COBE, Andrew J., to John Ingle, Jr.; 136th St, 522 West, 100x99.11, 3 years, 6%...$15,000

COLEMAN, John S. and others, to Mutual Bank; 56th St, s s, 275 ft w of 6th Av, 24.10x100.5; 56th St, 120 and 122 West, s s 50x100.5, due Aug. 11, 1913, 6%.....$7,100

DAVIS, Oliver E., to Stanislaus J. Vanecek and another; Crotona Park East, s s, 176 ft e of Suburban Place, 44.3x91.11x65.1x101.10, 2 years, —%.....$3,500

DELANEY, Annie E., to Francesca C. Nesbitt, executrix, Mary L. Fraser; Lots 128 to 131, map of Bruner estate, due, &c, as per bond.....$3,000

DEUTSCH, Anna, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 164th St, 868 East, s s, 22x73.6, 5 years.....$7,000

EILLMAN, Jacob, to Samuel Grossman; 2,069 2d Av, 3 years, 6%.....$3,000

EVELYN BUILDING CO. to Edwin B. Meeks and others; Honeywell Av, n e corner of 177th St, 100x60, due, &c., as per bond...$5,000

EWALD, Louis A., to Christopher W. Mitchell; 87th St, 48 East, s s, 20x100.8, prior mtg $17,000, 2 years, 6%.....$3,000

FIEGEL, Emma, to Harry Semkin and another; Jay St, s s, 58.2 ft w of Greenwich St, 22.2x50, 1 year, 6%.....$2,000

FLYNN, George H., to Frederick Buse; 102d St, s s, 95 ft e of 1st Av, 25x100.11, 3 years, 6%.....$600

FREUND, Alphonse, to Deutscher Frauen Verein zur Unterstuetsung Hilfsbeduerftiger Wittwen Waisen und Kranken; 15th St, 110 West, s s, 20x83.3, 3 years.....$14,000

GERALDINE REALTY CO. to American Mortgage Co.; 131st St, s s, 125 ft e of 12th Av, 75x99.11, 5 years.....$15,000

GREENWICH INVESTING CO to St. John's Park Realty Co; Canal St, 533 to 541, n s, 101x—, prior mtg $115,000, 1 year, 6%..$14,000

GROSSMAN, William, executor, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; Water St, 592, 5 years.....$3,500

HARGOOD REALTY AND CONSTRUCTION CO. to City Mortgage Co.; 179th St, s s, 125 ft e of Fort Washington Av, 150x92.6, demand, 6%.....$129,000

HARRIS, Joseph M., to Isaac Schmeidler; 25th St, s w s, 375 ft s e of 6th Av, 25x98.9, prior mtg $34,000, 1 year, 6%.....$3,000

HAYES, Augustus L., to Tremont Building and Loan Association; Kepler Av, e s, 25 ft n of 236th St, 75x100, installments, 6%..$2,500

JANSS, George H., to John J. Hackett; Lots 26 and 27, revised map of Seneca Park, 3 years, 6%.....$275

JUSTER, Rachel, to George Hauser; Lots 90 and 225, Map 1,116A., land of Sisters of Charity, 1 year, 6%.....$500

KNIPE, George, to New York Savings Bank; 24th St, n s, 191.11 ft e of 9th Av, 20x98.9, due, &c, as per bond.....$10,000

KNIPE, George, to Robert Gibson; 24th St, n s, 191.11 ft e of 9th Av, 20x98.9, prior mtg $10,000, 1 year, 6%.....$5,000

LAUENBERGER, Katherine, to Frederick Sauter; Barnes Av, e s, 250 ft s of Morris Park Av, 25x100, 3 years, —%.....$3,200

LEICHTER, Adolf, to Cecilia O. Murphy; Houston St, 304 East, 22.6x70, 3 years, 6%.....$1,800

LEICHTER, Adolf, to Charles N. Tee and another, trustees; Houston St, 304 East, 22.6x70, 5 years.....$20,000

MANHEIM, Louis, to Josephine E. Carpenter; 134th St, 240 and 242 West, 3 years...$43,000

MAXLOW REALTY CO. to William A. Spencer and others; Varick St, n e corner of Laight St, 25x100, 3 years, 4½%....$50,000

MEALIO, William F., to State National Bank of Fort, Texas; 6 Bedford St, n e s 22x—, ½ part, due as per bond.....$2,100

MERCHANT, Huntington W., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 158th St, 644 West, 18.8x100, 5 years.....$10,000

MICHAEL E. PATERNO REALTY CO. to City Mortgage Co.; Riverside Drive, e s, 100 ft s of 119th St, 2 lots, each 62.6x100, 2 mtgs, each $190,000, demand, 6%.....$280,000

MILLER, Harry and another, to A. Gertrude Cutler; 8th St, s s, 200.1 ft w of Avenue A, 25.8x97.6, 5 years, 4½%.....$21,000

MUTUAL APARTMENT CO. to Irving Savings Institution; Wadsworth Av, n w corner of 180th St, 119.6x irregular, 5 years, 6%..$160,000

MUTUAL APARTMENT CO. to Hanover Estates; Wadsworth Av, n w corner of 180th St, 119.6x irregular, prior mtg $160,000, due, &c., as per bond.....$25,000

OLSEN, Ole H., to Seymour Realty Co.; 230 to 234 West 17th St, prior mtg $28,500, due July 1, 1911, 6%.....$15,500

OLSEN, Ole H., to Gem Realty Co.; 17th St, s s, 325 ft e of 8th Av, 50x84, prior mtg $21,500, due July 1, 1911, 6%.....$7,000

ONYX REALTY AND CONSTRUCTION CO. to Prospect Investing Co.; Courtlandt Av, 622 and 624, e s, 40.8x100, due Jan. 1, 1911, 6%.....$3,000

PERRY, Charles J., to Frederick Sauter; Perry Av, e s, 20.5 ft n of 205th St, 25x100, 3 years.....$4,500

PIGUERON, George H., to Rose Brown; 5th Av, w s, 77.5 ft s of 15th St, 25.9x100, 3 years, 6%.....$11,250

PINE INVESTING CO. to Alfred C. Bachman; Broadway, s e corner of 160th St, 99.11x125, prior mtg $225,000, 2 years, 6%..$30,000

RHISER, Mary, to New York Public Library; Madison Av, s w corner of 71st St, 100.5x21, 3 years, 4½%.....$31,500

ROBERTSON, Donald, to Charles S. Sykes; St Nicholas Av, s e corner of 191st St, 100x100, prior mtg $17,500, 3 years, 5½%..$42,500

RUBIN, Edward, to Herman Wronkow; 127th St, n s, 86 ft e of Park Av, 18x74.10, prior mtg $6,000, due as per bond.....$2,000

SAITTA, Philip W., to Ellen Theall; Washington Av, n w corner of 166th St, 50x91, prior mtg $8,560, due, &c., as per bond.....$3,000

SCHILP, Frank, to Marie Butt; 136th St, n s, 445 ft w of Brown Place, 25x100, prior mtg $15,000, 3 years, 6%.....$5,000

SHEILS, Thomas, to East River Savings Bank; East Broadway, s w corner of Clinton St, 24x87.6, 1 year, due as per bond.....$35,000

SMITH, Daniel H., to Bowery Savings Bank; 31st St, 328 and 330 West, 50x142.2x51.1x131.8, 3 years, 4½%.....$15,000

SOLINSKY, Louis, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 72d St, s s, 170 ft e of 3d Av, 20x102.2, 5 years.....$13,000

TACKNEY, Jennie, to Tulare Realty Co.; Intervale Av, e s, 272.5 ft n of Freeman St, 50x88.4, due, &c, as per bond.....$8,000

T. J. McLAUGHLIN'S SONS to William W. Astor; Broadway, n e corner of 98th St, 100.11x188.3, 3 years.....$240,000

VERIO LAND CO to Bradley & Currier Co; Verio Av, s w corner of 235th St, 110.2x90.9x100x136.11, 3 years, 6%.....$5,000

WALLACH, Flora, to Flora Wallach and others, executors; 87th St, 165 West, 3 years..$13,000

WALLACH, Joseph G., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Union Av, e s, at s e s of Boston Road, 26.9x—, due, &c., as per bond..$50,000

YULE, Johns to Katrine A. Henderson; Southern Boulevard, s w corner of 186th St, 32.9x119.2, prior mtg $40,000, due Sept. 1, 1912, 6%.....$7,000

ZWISOHN, Esther, to Elias H. August and another; 122d St, n s, 318.4 ft e of 8th Av, 17.8x100.11, 5 years.....$13,000

Mechanics' Liens.

BASSETT AV, w s, 246 ft s of McDonald St, 24x100; Henry Kohlmann against Bendikte S. Gunderson, owner and contractor, $80.

BASSETT AV, w s, 246 ft s of McDonald St, 24x100; Christopher Fabel against Dendikte S. Gunderson, owner; Peter J. Gunderson, contractor, $51.

29TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of 2d Av, 40x100; J. P. Duffy Co. against East Twenty-ninth Street Co., owner and contractor, $183.

BASSETT AV, w s, 246 ft w of McDonald St, 25x100; Alexander Obright against Bendikte S. Gunderson, owner and contractor, $70.

8TH AV, 2,455; Oscar Lustig against Jacob Hack, Jr., owner and contractor, $62.

BASSETT AV, w s, 246.2 ft s of McDonald St, 25x100; S. Romano & Sons against Bendikte S. Gunderson, owner and contractor, $103.

GLEASON AV, n w corner of 173d St, 25x100; William C. Bath against Capodilujso Construction Co., owner and contractor, $75.

SUFFOLK ST, 21; Isaac Ballin against Jacob Cohen, owner; George H. Taylor, contractor, $28.

47TH ST, 250 West; Gordon & Stein Contracting Co. against Abraham Korn, owner and contractor, $1,030.

WEBB AV, e s, whole front between Devoe Terrace and 188th St, 285x irregular; Gustavus M. Roden against Richard M. Montgomery & Co., owners; E. L. Shea Construction Co., contractor; L. C. Rose, subcontractor, $168.

6TH AV, 467; Salkin & Slipian against Mandelbaum & Lewine, owners; Universal Hotel Co., contractor, $2,500.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

VYSE AV, 1,565; Sam Dutchin and others against Emma Warshawsky and others, Feb. 2, 1910, (by bond,) $225.

VYSE AV, 1,539 to 1,565; Sam Dutchin and others against Carmine Cioffi and others, Feb. 2, 1910, (by bond,) $675.

27TH ST, 121 to 133 West; J. A. Maloney & Co. against Realty Holding Co. and others, Jan. 22, 1910, (by deposit,) $1,632.

27TH ST, 40 and 42 West; J. A. Maloney & Co. against Realty Holding Co. and others, Jan. 22, 1910, (by deposit,) $2,135.

Lis Pendens.

AMSTERDAM AV, 149; Max Rothbart against John Dimig and others, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorney, J. Blumofe.

119TH ST, n s, 139 ft e of Lenox Av, 18x100.11; Morris Levy against James Talcott and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. Sulsberger.

KELLY ST, 48; George A. Molleson against Ray Sussman and others,

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Will sell at auction
Thursday, Feb. 24, 1910,
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SUPREME COURT FORECLOSURE SALE
under the direction of GEO. F. LANGBEIN, Esq., Referee,

20-22-24-26 W. 36th St.

south side, 300 ft. west of 5th Ave., plot 65x98.9, four and three story buildings.
VERY LIBERAL TERMS.
Maps from MESSRS. HOUSE, GROSSMAN & VORHAUS, Pl. Attys., 115 Broadway, or HERBERT A. SHERMAN, Auctioneer, 9 Pine St. and 532 5th Av., corner 44th St.

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Wanted.—Investor with $11,000 cash; excellent purchase best section of Bronx; no brokers. Address Attorney, Box R 154 Times Downtown.

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Flushing.—$500 cash; balance at rent; 8 rooms and bath. Christensen, 1 West 34th St.

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A 7-story elevator apartment, subject first mortgage only $240,000. Will show rental $65,000. Price, $400,000.
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Have free and clear building, value $60,000, to exchange for good second mortgages. Louis Levy, Room 707, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.

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205 acres; Lackawanna Road; hour out; profitable investment; can be divided. Brokaw, 100 Broadway.

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5,000 People Reside There. Great Oyster and Fish Centre. The Home of Many Millionaires. Schools and Many Churches.

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50 Business Houses—Room for More. Every One Owns His Own Home. About One Hour Out by Rail. Commutation Rate, 18 Cents a Trip.

$5 DOWN SPECIAL EXCURSIONS **$5 MONTHLY**
Wednesdays, Saturdays, Sundays,
LEAVING AT 10.30 A. M. EACH DAY FROM LONG ISLAND CITY & FLATBUSH AVE. STATION, BROOKLYN.
Make application at once for FREE TICKETS AND LITHOGRAPH MAPS.

WM. H. MOFFITT REALTY COMPANY, 192 Broadway, cor. John, New York City. Tel. 793 Cortlandt.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. East Side.

Co-operative Ownership of

Gramercy Park Club House

At 36 Gramercy Park—East.

A choice down town location.
To see is to admire the house.
Twenty-four apartments.
EIGHT, NINE, TEN ROOM (3 bath) SUITES.
Apartments for sale
$8,900 to $12,000.
Low annual expense.
THE OWNERS COMPOSE THE
GRAMERCY PARK CLUB.
S. de Walltearss & Hull, Agents.
18 WEST 34TH ST. Tel. 379 Murray Hill.
135 BROADWAY. Tel. 355 Cortlandt.

34th St., cor. Lexington Ave.
135 East 34th St.
Bachelor Apartment,
Suite of 2 rooms and bath. Rent $480.
Ashforth & Co., 11 East 42d St.

THE BLYTHEBOURNE,
1,481 Madison Av., S. E. Corner 99th St.—Beautiful outside apartment, $50 monthly; high-class elevator and private telephone service day and night; electricity, all improvements. Apply to Superintendent.

West Side.

Euclid Hall

Broadway, West Side, 85th and 86th Sts.

9 Rooms, 2 Baths. Very large and light. Every up-to-date convenience. Passenger and servant Elevator Service. Mail Chutes, Telephones, &c.
RENTS, $2,400 A YEAR

Buckingham Court,
312 West 99th St.
All-night elevator service.
Eight large, light rooms and two baths.
RENTS, $1,200 to $1,800 A YEAR

Covent Garden

APARTMENTS.
St. Nicholas Terrace, between 129th & 130th Sts., overlooking Colonial Park. ALL-NIGHT ELEVATOR SERVICE. TELEPHONE. ELECTRIC LIGHT, LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS.
4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 Rooms AND 2 BATHS.
RENTS $40 TO $90.
Finest Location on Washington Heights.

St. Nicholas Court,
746 St. Nicholas Ave.
Elevator service and steam heat.
4-6-7 large, light rooms, $42½ to $60.

Earls Court,
108-116 W. 141st St.
5 and 6 Rooms
ALL-NIGHT ELEVATOR SERVICE.
$32.50 to $50.00 per Month.

APPLY MANHATTAN LEASING CO., 149 Church St., OR SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

WASHINGTON AND JEFFERSON
324-328 West 51th St.
Beautiful modern apartments, five, six and seven large, light rooms, electricity, elevator. Apply Superintendent or Alexandor Wilson, 489 5th Ave.

THE BELLA,

48 East 26th St., centrally located, high-class elevator apartments; $1,300 and $2,000; convenient theatres, Subway, &c. Apply Supt. on premises.

One beautiful four-room apartment in "THE CRITERION," 60 West 10th St., to sublet to Oct. High-class; elevator; all night service; $55; references; elevator boy.

We store your furniture; $3; moving, $3 van load; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th St. Telephone 2607 Bryant.

98th 53 W.—Six light rooms and bath; all improvements; rent, $20.

Brooklyn.

QUINCY ST., 105.—Corner apartments, six rooms and bath; parquet floors, gas and electricity, steam heat, hot water supply; near Franklin and Gates Avenue cars and "L" station; $50 to $55. Janitor on premises, or Henry L. Bogert, 99 Nassau Street, N. Y.

7 ROOMS AND BATH,
brick, hardwood, 2-family dwelling, private [illegible] steam heat, [illegible] minutes from L. station; [illegible] to New York; only $33.00. Henry L. Redfield, 16 Court St., Brooklyn.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. East Side.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

High Class Apartment Houses

WESTBOURNE COURT

S. E. Cor. 140th St. & Broadway
JUST COMPLETED
Largest and Best Finished Apartments on Washington Heights,
Suites of 6 and 7 Rooms and Bath with 6 & 7 closets to an Apartment.
Bedroom, size 12x15; Dining Room 12x18
RENT $800 TO $1,100.

THE BRIARCLIFF

S. E. Cor. Broadway & 162d St.
4, 5, 6 Rooms and Bath, Parquet Floors, with ample closet room.
RENT $420 TO $780.

RENAULT COURT

207 West 110th Street.
(Cathedral Parkway.)
Apartments of 4, 6, 8 Rooms and Bath
Bedrooms, 12x15. Dining Rooms, 12x16.
5 and 6 closets to Apartments.
$570 TO $1,200.

AMBASSADOR

S. E. Cor. 97th St. & Madison Av.
One 9 Room Apartment and 2 Baths.
Inquire on premises. Can be seen evenings.
C. M. SILVERMAN & SON, Owners

HAMILTON PLACE, 135, (143d St.)—Over bank; outside room, heated; elevator. 2780 Audubon. Strickland.

Bronx.

THE A-RE-CO. APTS.

American Real Estate Co., Owner.
MOST HOMELIKE IN ALL NEW YORK!
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
4 to 6 rooms and bath, $28 to $42.
NON-ELEVATOR APTS
4 to 6 rooms and bath, $21 to $33.
Large, light rooms. Electric lights, hardwood floors, artistic decorations. HOT WATER AT ALL TIMES.
Plenty of Steam Heat NOW
Apply to Rental Office, 985 Southern Boulevard (just around corner from Simpson St. Subway Station.)

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS
5 and 6 All Light Rooms.
Elegantly finished, modern, up-to-date improvements. Large, handsomely decorated dining room.
948-50-52 TRINITY AV.
Just east of 161st St. 3d Av. "L" Station.
RENTS $24 UP.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

OFFICES TO LET

Single or en suite. Light, airy rooms.
PHELPS-DODGE BUILDING,
99 JOHN ST. Corner of Cliff St.
NEW MODERN BUILDING.
RATES LOWER
than can be obtained in any other first class building downtown. Apply to
WM. H. WHITING & CO.,
41 Park Row. Tel. 5900 Cort.

Manufacturers' Opportunity
CORNER LOFTS 100x100
AT 20 CENTS PER SQUARE FOOT
FIREPROOF BUILDING,
WITH OR WITHOUT POWER.
At Southwest Corner
Columbus Ave. & 101st. St.
Apply to H. MARKOWITZ,
Phone 5545 Chelsea. 30 W. 29th St.

Dock property to lease; 20 years; 6,000 square feet; Harlem River, near 138th St. Williamsen & Bryan, 3d Av. and 147th St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Offices for rent

Park Row Building

13 to 21 Park Row
Facing B'way, Opposite Post Office
Ten Elevators, Vacuum Cleaners
Abundant Light and Air
Transportation Facilities Exceptional
Seven principal uptown surface lines in front of building—3 elevated lines, Brooklyn Bridge, Subway Uptown and to Brooklyn within 2 blocks—Hudson Tunnels and N. J. Ferries, 4 to 6 minutes' walk.
Free Rent to May 1st to Tenants Wanting Large Suite
Renting office on premises
Douglas Robinson Charles S. Brown Co
146 Broadway, New York

Barclay Building

299 Broadway. Corner Duane St.
A Strictly Modern—Absolutely Fireproof Building embodying every up-to-date improvement.
LIGHT OFFICES
Single and en Suite.
LARGE CORNER STORE FLOOR
Also Large, Light and Desirable Basement.
WM. C. WALKER'S SONS. WRIGHT BARCLAY. **299 Broadway**

DESIRABLE OFFICES
TO RENT
Single or En Suite
IN THE
CENTRAL BANK BUILDING
320 BROADWAY
High Class Service
Building Always Open
APPLY H. L. MOXLEY & CO., AGENTS
ON PREMISES

STORES OFFICES LOFTS
At the "Herald Square of the Bronx"
In the Finest Business Building of the Greatest Traffic Center of the Bronx
The NEW A-RE-CO BUILDING 149th St. and Third Ave.

Send for Booklet *See the Building*
Make your reservation at once.
Apply to Agent on premises or
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985 Southern Boulevard
Telephone, 4800 Melrose

Manhattan Life Building
66 Broadway through to **15 New St.**
Direct Entrance to Subway
Convenient to Exchanges
Attractive Offices,
Singly or En Suite.
Reasonable Rents
Geo. R. Read & Co., Agents
60 Liberty St.,
or on premises. (11771)

25 BROAD STREET
WILL sublet at enormous sacrifice—2453 sq. feet on 4th floor to May, 1913
Suitable for Brokers' offices.
Apply to **Warren & Skillin** 174 Fulton St.

Stores, Lofts, Buildings TO LET
in downtown business districts.
Send for List.
WARREN & SKILLIN
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42-44 West 39th St.
Stores, Offices, Studios
FOR RENT
from $300 per annum up.
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
309 Madison Av. Tel., 1000—M. Hill.

Townsend Building,
1123 B'way, cor 25th St.
A few choice suites and single offices to let; all outside rooms; elevators, steam heat, electric lights; rents low.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

Adjoining 7th Av. and 26th, 42 feet, three-story, stable; good light; suitable alteration.
Adjoining 8th Av. and 54th, 25x175, five-story and four-story buildings.
Lower Madison Av., four-story large extension; good business location.
Dimick, 140 Fifth Av.

Two adjoining buildings to let on Beekman Street, near South Street; size 20x25 each; rent very reasonable; just been put in perfect order; possession at once; suitable for any business.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

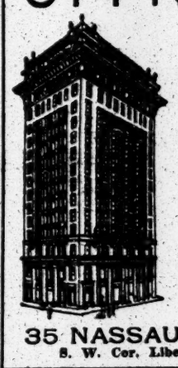
FRONT OFFICES and showrooms, 36 E. 23d St., between Broadway and new Fourth Avenue buildings (Mills & Gibb, etc.); all improvements; rent moderate.
GOODALE & SON, 13 West 27th St.

LOFT FOR MANUFACTURING PURPOSES, 10,000 SQUARE FEET. MODERN ELEVATOR BUILDING; VERY LIGHT. THE MEYROWITZ MFG. CO., COR. 31ST ST. AND 1ST AV., or YOUR BROKER.

Offices, large, small, all light, rents reasonable.
IMPORTERS & TRADERS BUILDING:
Modern 13 story, 24-26 Stone Street to 59-61 Pearl street, next Broad.

61 East 116th St.—House, with attractive store, to rent, together $1,600. Scully, 61 East 125th St.

OFFICES
Singly or in Suites



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6,400 sq. ft. on Ground Floor.
PROVIDENT BLDG.
W. S. NORTON,
Agent on Premises
TEL. 5999 CORT.
Full Commission to Brokers.
35 NASSAU STREET,
S. W. Cor. Liberty Street.

For Sub-Rental At a Great Bargain

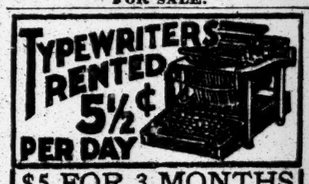
The former offices of The Eagle Fire Company, in the modern office building,

No. 82 Beaver Street

A few steps from Wall Street, about 5000 square feet; light on three sides.
Apply at the office of the Company, No. 82 Beaver Street.

MANUFACTURING LOFTS.
Two Floors, 10,000 square feet, in new building East 138th St., Bronx; steam heat, electric light, private elevator; rent $3,500 per annum.
DE LA VERGNE & COOL, 2,233 7th Av.

FOR SALE.



$5 FOR 3 MONTHS
Our trade connections give us the pick of the latest models in all makes. Every machine is in fine working order, and we will keep it so during term of rental. WE SELL rebuilt machines at a saving of 50% to 75%. Year's guarantee.
TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 1½ Barclay St.
5 Doors from B'way. Tel. 5915 Barclay

ROLL TOP **DESKS**
Office Furniture
In great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
111 FULTON ST.

TYPEWRITERS
Rented $3 month; $100 machines $15 to $50 six months; rental allowed to apply if purchased. Typewriter Sales Co., 5 Cortlandt St. Telephone 1933 Cortlandt.

Hotel and bar in the main street of Astoria; long lease; has bowling alleys and large hall for meetings and ballroom; also fifteen rooms, finely decorated and furnished; best opportunity on Long Island. For particulars, at 352 4th Av., grocery store.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.
Highest grade of workmanship; lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. 'Phone connec'n.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, files, bookcases, stockboards, mirror, wall fixtures, business furniture, all kinds; large safe, 7 ft. high, 5 ft. 6 wide, 2 ft. 9 deep. Finn Bros., 358 Broadway.

DESKS CHAIRS, OFFICE FURNITURE. PARTITIONS, &c. BUY DIRECT FROM MANUFACTURERS. HAMBURGER, 38 East 20th St.

Big bargains in slightly used desks, chairs, National cash registers, time clocks, typewriters, Neostyles, mimeographs, safes, filing cabinets. Nathan, 4 White St.

Typewriters—Caligraph, $6; Hammond, Yost, Densmore, $10; Remington, $12; Underwood, $25; year's guarantee; rentals, $3. Harlem Typewriter Exchange, 217 West 125th St.

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES, $10 to $80; rented, bought, repaired. Earle T. Co., 512 B'way.

WINTER RESORTS. FLORIDA.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

THE WESTMONT Hotel & Sanitarium.
Most up-to-date and modern appliances for all kinds of curative and tonic baths. Unexcelled table; refined surroundings. Booklet on request. W. H. Moore, Manager.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

SOUTH CAROLINA'S Famous Resort
THE KIRKWOOD
Long Leaf Pine Belt
T. EDMUND KRUMBHOLZ
Camden, S. C.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE, NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.
Wednesday, Feb'y 16th, 1910
at 12:30 o'clock, at the EXCHANGE SALESROOM, NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET, BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.

12 shs. Hamilton Fire Insurance Co.
13 shs. Nassau Fire Ins. Co. of B'klyn.
5 shs. Nassau Nat. Bank of B'klyn.
$1,000 Union Pacific R. R. 1st Mtge. Land Grant 4% Bd., 1947.
$1,000 International & Great Nor. (F. L. & T. Co. Ctf. Dep. for 2d Mtge. 5% Bd.)
$5,000 L. Shore & Mich. So. Ry. 3½% Bds., 1997.
25 shs. Hamilton Trust Co.
1 sh. New York Law Institute.
400 shs. Distillers' Securities Corp.
10 shs. Guaranty Trust Co.
18 shs. Union Trust Co.
Certif. No. A 1483 for 100 shs. of Phoenix Const Copper Co., stock, par value $25 each, written across the face are the words and figures $12 per share paid in.
BY ORDER OF ADMINISTRATOR.
All right, title, and interest of James H. Ahern, dec'd, in and to 2,000 shares of the capital stock of the Clysmic Spring Co., subject to a certain contract between said Ahern and M. F. Plant, dated Sept. 21st, 1906.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
100 shs. United States Leather Co. Prefd.
20 shs. Aetna National Bank.
152 shs. Bethlehem Steel Corp. Prefd.
228 shs. Bethlehem Steel Corp. Com.
25 shs. National Park Bank.
25 shs. National Bank of Commerce.
20 shs. Metropolitan Bank.
25 shs. National City Bank.
25 shs. Bankers Trust Co.
25 shs. 4th National Bank.
15 shs. State Bank.
25 shs. Trust Co. of America.
25 shs. Lawyers Title Ins. & Trust Co.
$1,000 Chic., Rock Island & Pacific R. R. Coll. Trust 4s, 2002, Endorsed.
$1,000 City of New York 4% Bd., 1957.
$1,000 Northern Pacific R. R. Prior Lien L. G. 4% Bd.
$4,000 La France Copper Co. 1st 6s, 1932, July, 1909, Coupons on.
$3,000 Evansville & Terre Haute R. R., Mt. Vernon Branch, 1st 6s, 1923.
4 shs. Brooklyn Union Elevated R. R. Pfd.
$500 St. Louis & San Francisco R. R., No. Western Div., 1st 4s, 1930.
$200,000 La France Copper Co. 1st Mtge. 6% Bds., 1932.
$10,000 N. Y., Susq. & Western R. R. 2d 4½% Bds., 1937.
200 shs. Savoy Trust Co.
50 shs. American Automobile Co.
1,000 shs. E. R. Squibb & Sons Common.
12 shs. Nassau Trust Co. of B'klyn.
$3,000 Guayaquil & Quito R. R. 1st 5s, 1932.
25 shs. Standard Oil Co.
20 shs. Jefferson Bank.
3 shs. Atlas Portland Cement Co. Common.
$5,000 N. Y. & East River Gas Co. 1st 5s, 1944.
$10,000 Olcott Coal & Iron Co. 1st 6s, July, 1908, Coupons on.
40 shs. Olcott Coal & Iron Co.
$15,000 Leeds & Catlin Co. 1st Mtge. Skg. fd. 6% Bds., 1932; July, 1908, Coupons on.
25 shs. Trow Directory Printing & Bookbinding Co.
50 shs. Niagara Fire Ins. Co.
10 shs. Lawyers Title Ins. & Trust Co.
13 shs. H. B. Claflin Co. common.
100 shs. Title Insurance Co.
50 shs. Bank of Manhattan Co.
100 shs. N. Y. Mtge. & Security Co.
10 shs. Rye National Bank.
100 shs. Mercantile National Bank.
$5,000 Peoria & Eastern Ry. Co. Cons. Mtge. 4s, 1940.
$3,000 Northern Ohio 1st Mtge. 5s, due 1945.
$5,000 La France Copper Co. 1st Mtge. 6% Bds., 1932.
$80,000 La France Copper Co. 1st Mtge. 6% Bds., Jan., 1909, Coupons on.
1,200 shs. La France Copper Co. pfd.
2,400 shs. La France Copper Co. common.
500 shs. Davis-Daly Estates Copper Co.
1 share Louisville Property Co.
$34,000 La France Copper Co. 1st Mtge. 6% Bds., Jan., 1909, Coupons on.
900 shs. La France Copper Co. common.
10 shs. National Reserve Bank.
$10,000 City of New York 4% Assessment Bds., 1918.
$16,000 Buffalo & Susquehanna Rwy. 1st Mtg. 4½% Bds., 1953.
15,000 shs. Vacuum Securities Co.
17,900 shs. Safety Tire Co.
BY ORDER OF RECEIVERS.
$25,000 Third Avenue R. R. Consld. Mtg. 4% Bds., Jany., 1903, coupons on.

Appraised Valuation $150,000 ARTS and ANTIQUES

The entire stock and fixtures of Mr. E. F. Eble, located for the past 20 years at 105 West 42d St., having been removed to
222 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK
bet. 26th and 27th Street,
on account of Mr. Eble retiring from business, will be sold at public auction by
D. HARTMANN and BEN HARRISON.
D. HARTMANN, Auct.
commencing to-day,
Wednesday, Feb. 16th, 1910
at 11 A. M., and continuing each day until entire stock is disposed of.

Mr. Eble is known the world over as a collector of fine arts and antiques. This collection has been gathered by him during the past 40 years, consisting of gold and silver antique jewelry, English and Dutch silverware, old Sheffield plate, bronzes, Egyptian and Roman antiques, curios, weapons, armor, miniatures on ivory, tapestries, historical fans, China, Russian, Italian, and Oriental works of art, also collections of famous oil paintings by noted artists of the old and new schools. Among the thousands of pieces of art, I beg to mention the following: 1 royal Italian pendant set with sapphires and rose diamonds, and fine specimens of Siberian amethyst in the centre from the collection of Count Roselli, Rome; old Italian necklace in silver, set with rose diamonds and emerald, from Esterhazy collection, Vienna; rare bust in terra cotta by Pagnano, representing a Moor smoking, received gold medal at exposition in Milan, Italy; one large Brazier of exquisite workmanship, only four in existence of same size, one known to be in the Vatican, Rome, and another in the Sultan's Palace, Constantinople. Two very fine Sevres vases on pedestals with beautiful allegorical paintings, representing music, on green background. Bronze ormulu, gilt mounting. Two large, fine oil paintings by Angelo Ribani of Milan, Italy, "Still at Work" and "Rest," received gold medals at Parma and Santiago. One large oil painting, said to be by Paladora, Rome, a pupil of Raphael, "The Holy Family," long on exhibition at the Gallery of Florence. The Copper King vase, the largest example of artistic coppersmithing ever done, 4 feet 6 inches high. A rare old Italian Painting by Guido Reni from the Count Panfili collection of Rome was exhibited in the "office" of Florence. Some rare old church vestments, also old Oriental Embroideries. Rare pearls, diamonds, gold, silver, and copper pieces, also thousands of other articles of rarity and artistic interest, which will be described in printed catalogues. Stock will positively be sold without reserve to the highest bidder. An excellent opportunity for collectors of above-mentioned articles. Auctioneer's office, 22 and 24 Lispenard St. 'Phone 536 Franklin.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAKEWOOD

Among the Pines of New Jersey
Season October to June.
Offers exceptional attractions for the enjoyment of outdoor life. Ideal conditions for motoring.
LAUREL HOUSE
NOW OPEN. A. J. MURPHY, Manager.
LAUREL IN THE PINES
NOW OPEN. FRANK F. SHUTE, Mgr.
These hotels are favorably known for their standard of excellence.
Reached via New Jersey Central.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

HOTEL TRAYMORE

Atlantic City, N. J.
Open Throughout the Year
Famous as the hotel with every modern convenience and all the comforts of home.
TRAYMORE HOTEL CO., D. S. WHITE, Pres.
CHAS. O. MARQUETTE, Mgr.

Most Modern and Leading Moderate Rate Hotel.
ALBEMARLE Virginia Ave., near Beach.
New throughout; 100 sunny front rooms; private baths; steam heat; elevators; sun parlors; superior accommodations at special rate, $9 to $17.50 wkly., $2.00 up daily, including excellent table; own farms and dairy. White service. Music. Booklet. Sat. to Mon., $3.50. J. P. COPE.

ISLESWORTH

ON THE BEACH, VIRGINIA AV.
300 rooms, with fresh and sea water in all baths. Special American plan, $2.50 up daily. European plan, $1.50 up daily. Special weekly terms.
FRANK M. PHOEBUS, Manager. WM. HYMAN, Prop.

HOTEL IROQUOIS, South Carolina Ave. and Beach.
Capacity 400; one of the most modern and up-to-date hotels. 100 front, ocean side sunny rooms; private baths; elevator, steam heat, music, sun parlor, white service, elegant table. Special Spring rate, $12 to $20 weekly; $2.50 and up daily. European Plan $1.00 and up. Booklett. W. F. SHAW.

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Josiah White & Sons Company.

WIENER'S HOTEL,
New Jersey Av. & Beach, Atlantic City, N. J. Entirely refurnished and under personal supervision of MR. WIENER of Phila. catering fame.

New Holland New York Av., near beach; homelike; $8.00 up weekly; booklets. M. J. LEE.

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Cables: ADLONUM BERLIN
Facing Famous Brandenburg Gate
Hotel Adlon
The Select Home of American Society & European Aristocracy
Descriptive Pamphlets, Tariff and Information from the American Office, 281 Fifth Avenue, New York.
Under Personal Supervision of Owner Mr. Lorenz Adlon.

Before you start on your European tour secure booklets of Berlin's leading hotel. Write Town and Country, 389 5th Av., N. Y., for Bristol booklet.

Booklets on Brussels and its great 1910 exhibition free from Town and Country, 389 5th Av., New York City.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Simpson Crawford Co. 57 Years' Leader in Fashion. SIXTH AV. 19TH TO 20TH STREET, NEW YORK.

These Exceptional PIANO BARGAINS
are offered to test the value of the classified lists of this paper as an advertising medium for pianos.
Those who succeed in securing any of these instruments will be most fortunate.
A small amount down and easy monthly payments will be accepted.

OFFER NO. 1.
Chickering Upright, $95.00. Rosewood case; rather old-fashioned, but a sweet-toned instrument—fine for a child to learn on.

OFFER NO. 2.
Steck Upright, $95.00. Excellent value; good tone; ebonized case; original price $450.00.

OFFER NO. 3.
Sterling Upright, $125.00. In mahogany case; splendid tone; three pedals, with muffler; solid panels.

OFFER NO. 4.
Bradbury Upright, $89.00. Full size; good tone; black case; excellent value; easy payments.

OFFER NO. 5.
Steinway Upright, $195.00. Here's a chance to own a good Steinway, in Circassian walnut case, originally costing $650.

OFFER NO. 6.
Pease Upright, $230.00. Large Colonial case; cannot be distinguished from new; exceptional bargain.

OFFER NO. 7.
MILTON UPRIGHT, $195.00. Beautiful mahogany case; three pedals; full iron plate; bushed tuning pins; patent muffler; a bargain worthy of investigation; easy payments.

LURCH PIANO CO.
Manufacturers of large and small UPRIGHT PIANOS and PLAYER PIANOS.
Sold, Rented and Exchanged—Easy Payments. Bargains in used Pianos always on hand. 121 East 23d St., Near Subway.
353 4th Ave., Near 26th St.

From Factory to Home.
Magnificent new $1,000 Player Piano, 88 note, $350. New piano $150, scarf and stool; 50,000 in use. Steinway, Chickering bargains. Send for catalogue.
WHEELER PIANO CO., 229 E. 41st St.

WINTERROTH PIANOS,
105 East 14th St. and 5 West 14th St.
Upright pianos, $75; $5 monthly. New self-playing pianos, $350. Call and hear them.

Special sale of used pianos; Steinway, Sohmer, Weber, and other Uprights, and Steinway Baby Grand, at lowest prices. No reasonable offer refused. Christman Sons, 35 W. 14

Lost.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—$10 REWARD.—A lady's gold chatelaine watch and leather fob; monogram "B. T." on case; same lost in East Orange on way to take train at Brick Church, Feb. 8. Return to Max E. Butler, 81 Montrose Av., South Orange, N. J.

LOST—Diamond necklace, between 142d and "L" station, 145th St., or from 145th to 81st St. station, Saturday, between 6 and 7; reward if returned. James E. Baker, Hotel Colonial, 81st St. and Columbus Av.

LOST—Feb. 10, on 5th Av., between 40th and 48th Sts., lady's gold watch and chain; initials "D. S. R." on case. Reward if returned to M. L. R., care Wagner, Dickerson & Co., Plaza Hotel.

LOST.—Passbook No. 105,036, issued by the Union Square Savings Bank, formerly the Institution for the Savings of Merchants' Clerks. Finder will please return it to the bank.

LOST—Saturday, Feb. 12, an antique garnet necklace, on the 10:10 Peekskill local or between Grand Central and 39th St. Suitable reward offered if returned to 133 East 39th St.

LOST.—Brooch, a sunburst of diamonds and pearls, at the Manhattan Opera House Monday evening, Feb. 14. Return to office Hotel Gotham, 5th Av., 55th St., receive reward.

LOST.—At the Lyric Theatre, Saturday matinee, purse containing $60 and trunk key; finder will return same to his advantage. Rita David, Hotel Ansonia, 73d and Broadway.

LOST on Saturday afternoon, coral necklace, containing four strings; finder will be rewarded. Return to Kornmann, Cohen & Ettlinger, 41 East 11th St.

LOST—Half section blue enamel and gold urn, one inch high, central ornament from antique shawl pin; heirloom; reward for return. Groesdeck, 7 East 42d St.

LOST.—Monday, lady's gold watch, closed face, between 140th St., Bronx, and 143d and Broadway; good reward offered. Wertheimer, 3,387 Broadway.

LOST—Sunday, Feb. 13, between Lexington Av., 40th St., and St. Patrick's Cathedral, gold lorgnette. Liberal reward if returned to 350 Lexington Av.

LOST—Lady's black enameled ball watch, set with diamonds, black enameled diamond pin attached; liberal reward if returned. 321 Lexington Av.

LOST.—Gold beads, string, between 27th and Madison and 245 West 45th St., west side Broadway. Return Robertson, Hotel Brayton. Reward.

LOST—Sealskin-lined overcoat; liberal reward and no questions asked for information leading to or return to Brokaw Brothers, Astor Place.

LOST—Feb. 8, Grand Central Palace, diamond crescent; $150 reward if returned to Gerome Sardi, 704 Broadway.

LOST—Lady's brooch pin; gold, pearls, lavender enamel and ruby; reward. Platt, 80 Wall St.

LOST—Feb. 8, small silver watch, with pin attached; reward. Warren, 74 W. 103d St.

LOST—A black lynx muff, 2d Av. and 70th St.; reward. Mrs. Kaplan, 71 East 91st St.

$50 REWARD.—Fur neckpiece, Wintergarten Schwarzen. Adler, 86th St., New York. Return to Schlesinger, 537 8th St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Somewhere on the west side on Saturday evening, a large envelope containing papers of no value to any one but the owner. Reward will be paid for delivery of same at Room 1907, 74 Broadway.

LOST—Small lady's watch, red enamel back with miniature picture, between 116th and 117th Sts. and St. Nicholas and 8th Avs.; liberal reward; no questions asked. Call F. J. R., 26 Beaver St.

LOST—Passbook No. 106,708, issued by the Union Square Savings Bank, formerly the Institution for the Savings of Merchants' Clerks. Finder will please return it to the bank.

LOST—Feb. 11, about 4 P. M., on 5th Av. omnibus, between 15th and 57th Sts., parcel containing navy blue and white silk dress. Return to R. R., 7 West 15th St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

$100 reward for return of bay horse and black top delivery wagon, from West Broadway and Walker St. Monday morning; wagon has red running gear and is marked "P. S. S. & Co., 20, 22, and 24 East 20th St., upholstery and drapery fabrics"; contained two cases, several packages of goods. Address reply as above.

LOST—Boston bulldog, between 64th and 65th Sts., Broadway; reward. Return to 103 West 64th St.

LOST—Female Skye terrier, silver gray; liberal reward for return. 315 West 82d St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 1024 E. 23d and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND.—Feb. 12, Madison Av. and 68th St., a necklace. Apply with description to L. R. Williams, 711 Park Av.

FOUND—Pearl brooch in Union Square; loser state particulars. Oppenheim, 46 White St.

FOUND, Feb. 14.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. Co. Apply 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Two purses, eyeglasses, badge, rubber, shoes, license, boxes. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, 2 purses, hand bag, box cigars, books, gloves, 3 photos, pawn ticket, overalls, &c., laundry, dress goods, veil, shirt, net bag, child's apparel, 2 muffs, can, rubber hose, tools, kettle. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Hand bag, purse, opera bag, gloves, directory, book, photo, belt, handkerchief, veil, jumper, pipe, vest, bag, muff, spools, dishes, molding, clamps. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Slippers, trousers, fob, peas, sewing material, rubber, 3 umbrellas, glove. SUBWAY—Umbrella, boards, 4 pass books, 4 purses, hand bag, opera glasses, books, wristlets, glove, 1 pair gloves, 5 muffs, music roll, trimmings, medicine case, shirt and collars, 1 pair shoes, overalls, keys, identification card, letter, scraps, hose, lamp, rubbers.

FOUND, Feb. 15—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Two pairs gloves, pair rubbers, one folio, purse.

FOUND, Feb. 15—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City, N. J.: Umbrellas, packages, pair rubbers.

FOUND, Feb. 15—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Four packages, five umbrellas, muff, two pair of glasses, trip family ticket, bag of tools.

FOUND, Feb. 15—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City, N. J. RAILROAD TRAINS: Box candy, pistols, ring and scarf holder, two umbrellas, two pair of eyeglasses, comb, hat, handbag, pajamas, mirror, slate brush, pair spectacles, waist, package, prayerbook, kimona, four pair of rubbers, memorandum book, handbag, umbrella. 23D ST. BOAT: Knife, coat. JERSEY CITY STATION: Package, umbrella.

FOUND, Feb. 15—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station: One roll of blueprints, slippers, necklace, two books, muff, overcoat, package keys, railroad ticket.

FOUND, Feb. 15.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. New Hampshire, Norwich Line—Match safe. S. S. PROVIDENCE, Fall River Line—Two brushes, 2 nightgowns, 1 key, 1 pair gloves, 1 mirror, 1 pair overshoes, 2 pair rubbers, 2 pair pajamas, 1 veil, 1 button-hook, 1 package papers. S. S. RICHARD PECK, New Haven Line—Lady's coat lapel, gold ring.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—RASMUSSEN BUREAU.
Now waiting, Scandinavian chambermaids, waitress, general houseworkers, useful men, married couple, cooks. 722 Lexington. (58.).

COMPANIONS, governesses, teachers, housekeepers, maids, secretaries. Mrs. Pillsbury, 507 5th Av. 6185 Murray Hill.
TRAINED AND PRACTICAL NURSES.

COOKS, German; waitresses, laundresses, housekeepers, nurses. Flaherty's Bureau, 435 Columbus Av. Tel. 741 River.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th. Tel., 486 Morningside.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 36 West 134th St.—Bond $1,000; guarantees colored help. 1119 Harlem.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A REFINED AND COMPETENT WOMAN to care afternoons for boy of two years; references. Bruere, 311 West 95th St.

A WOMAN of culture, brains, force, wanted for high class business offering good pay and opportunity for advancement; business not books, real estate or canvassing. After 10, 203 Cambridge Building, 6th Av., corner 33d St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Wanted experienced ledger clerk; must be quick and accurate; steady position and good chance for advancement; state salary expected. Importer, Box 167 Times Downtown.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS AND PACKERS, experienced, wanted. Henry Heide, Hudson and Vandam Sts.

FIRST-CLASS TRIMMERS AND MILLINERS; NONE BUT EXPERIENCED NEED APPLY. SCHWARTZ'S, 985 8TH AV., NEAR 55D.

FIRST-CLASS, EXPERIENCED OPERATORS on ajour and ship braids; piece work; best prices; long season. Apply at once W. Aronstein & Bro., 253 36th St., South Brooklyn.

GIRLS.
R. H. MACY & CO.
require several well-recommended girls, 16 to 18 years of age, for permanent positions as parcel wrappers; good opportunity for advancement. Apply at office of General Manager.

GIRL; general housework; other help kept. 666 West End Av., between 92d and 93d Sts.

LACES,
R. H. MACY & CO.
require experienced saleswomen for their Lace Department. Only those who are thoroughly experienced need apply. Apply at office of General Manager.

Four or five women, who can show experience in the better grade of stores, either in New York or other cities, can be placed at once. The glove department is also in need of help. $8 to $15 is the pay. The Macy store, however, gives a commission on sales, to stimulate salesmanship, and some earn as high as $5 a week extra—not all.

MARKERS,
R. H. MACY & CO.
require several bright girls over 18 years of age as markers; must be good writers. Apply at office of General Manager.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER wanted with some experience; state age, reference, and salary. Accurate, Z 10 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid, and familiar with geography; opportunity. Y 170 Times, Times Square.

A young woman—or a young man—whose knowledge of geography can be used in arranging automobile tours, can make a particularly good connection here; an idea of distances, relative position of cities, and general points of interest—these qualifications will get the place. Experience with an express office or railroad work ought to help. The right party would get as high as $20.

THE CENTURY CO., Union Square, has an opening in its magazine book department for a bright, educated woman of good address; desirable opening for right party; salary and commission.

WANTED.—Girl for general housework; good cook; good wages; small family. Mrs. C. B. Stone, 840 West 85th St.

WANTED—A cook in a private family; references required; wages, $30. Address Box Y 167 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

YOUNG LADIES with at least one year in High School to enter nurses' training school. Graham Sanatorium, Rochester, N. Y.

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Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

CASHIER.—Bond house wants cashier; state experience, references, and salary expected. M. 139 Times Downtown.

CUSTOM HOUSE EMPLOYES.—Examinations in New York May 9; salary, $600 to $1,500; recent customs frauds mean many appointments; candidates prepared free. Franklin Institute, Department 513 L, Rochester, N. Y.

FOUNDRY EXPERT.—Must be an authority on all phases of iron foundry practice and costs; high principled, reliable; unimpeachable references essential. Apply in person, Black & Loder, 30 Church St., city.

MAN of refinement and good address; must be intelligent and able to meet high-class trade; references indispensable. The Century Co., Union Square.

MEN, tired of working for others, let us start you in business for yourself; no mail order or fake; strictly legitimate; come and see us. Manager, Room 907, 277 Broadway.

MEN, are you tired of working for others? Write for my proposition; no capital required. F. N. Wagner, 1,387 E. 9th St., Cleveland, O.

MEN WANTED.—To prepare for railway mail examinations; commencement salary $800; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 260 L, Rochester, N. Y.

SALESMAN wanted with record and good following; must show results in Northeastern territory with popular and high-priced children's, juniors', and misses' dresses; brand well advertised. Z 8 Times, Times Square.

SALESMAN for kimonos, side line, or full line of kimonos only; good commission. Apply any time, forenoons, R. Tahan & Co., 98 Washington St., New York.

SALESMEN to sell teas and coffees direct to consumers, restaurants, and small stores; experience not necessary. Write or call, Burns & Reed, 209 Hudson St., N. Y. City.

SALESMAN—Opening for producing salesman, stock selling at premium; introductions furnished. Suite 803, 160 Broadway.

SALESMAN, with established trade, to sell high-class girls' coats on commission; references. Collegian Coat, 157 Spring St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced stenographer wanted at shop in Bayonne, N. J.; man with previous experience in machinery or iron work trade preferred. Address by letter only, Bergen Point Iron Works, foot of West 5th St., Bayonne, N. J.; state age, experience, residence, and salary wanted.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid, and familiar with geography; opportunity. Y 169 Times, Times Square.

SUIT AND CLOAK SALESMEN WANTED FOR MIDDLE WEST. ONE FOR CITY. Y 162 TIMES, TIMES SQUARE.

WANTED.—Able bodied men for the U. S. Marine Corps, between the ages of 19 and 35; must be native born or have first papers; monthly pay $15 to $69; additional compensation possible; food, clothing, quarters and medical attendance free; after 30 years service can retire with 75 per cent. of pay and allowances; service on board ship and ashore in all parts of the world. Apply at 109 W. 42d St., 101 Park Row, New York; 830 Fulton St., Brooklyn; or 283 Market St. Newark, N. J.

WANTED—Experienced salesman for ladies' suits, to cover Eastern territory and Pennsylvania; none but those commanding trade need apply. Box Y 168 Times, Times Square.

General.

SALESMEN.—No experience needed; hundreds of positions now open paying from $100 to $500 monthly; if you want a good position our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," will show you how to get it. Write (or call) for it to-day. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, 810 D. Flat Iron Bldg., New York. Branches, Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco, Atlanta.

$100.00 WILL BE PAID by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any swindler who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

Agents Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

AGENTS.—I can put you next to a vest-pocket vaporizer for catarrh that everybody wants; the agents' harvest; particulars free. Address E. J. Worst, Ashland, Ohio.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A LADY of refinement and culture, past 50, widow of a well-known physician, capable of assuming the duties of a housekeeper in a genteel family, desires such a position; full information and references will be exchanged upon request. Address Culture, in care of Allen Adv. Agency, 45 West 34th St.

BOOKKEEPER, TYPEWRITER, desires permanent position; willing worker. N 141 Times Downtown.

CASHIER.—Clerical work; 9 years' experience with well-known Philadelphia firm; best references. S. C. W., 102 Linden Av., Flatbush, Brooklyn.

CHAMBERWORK, &c. — Woman, elderly, wishes position chamberwork, assist pantry, mending; moderate wages. Lenahan, 411 Amsterdam Av.

DRESSMAKER. — Will make perfect-fitting dresses for all occasions; high-class cut and style guaranteed; very moderate. Z 6 Times, Times Square.

DRESSMAKER.—First-class; wishes customers home or day; newest styles. Shea, 201 West 102d.

GOVERNESS.—French Swiss lady as governess or nursery governess; years' experience; city, country; salary, $40-$45; highest references. Mlle. L. M., 345 Times, Times Square.

HOUSEKEEPER.—As managing housekeeper; 15 years' experience; best references; executive ability; capable of taking entire charge of all arrangements. Y 154 Times, Times Square.

HOUSEKEEPER.—A position as housekeeper in small family; out of city preferred. Mrs. Pudney, 200 Madison St., Passaic, N. J.

LAUNDRESS.—Will take family wash home; large yard; reference. M. Kelly, 115 West 46th St.

LAUNDRESS.—Colored woman would go out by day or week. Toles, 10 West 99th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' continuous experience; can take dictation rapidly and transcribe neatly, quickly, and intelligently; understands office work thoroughly; references furnished; $15. Miss D., 131 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; young lady wishes position with good firm; some knowledge of bookkeeping; experienced; reference. Miss A. Nissen, 729 Amsterdam Av. 'Phone 10134 Riverside.

STENOGRAPHER, OFFICE ASSISTANT.—experienced, capable, and reliable; strictly attentive to business; not afraid of hours or work; can furnish good references; salary, $8. Miss Dordona, 132 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Capable, accurate, excellent English scholar; five years' experience in commercial lines; references. Y 158 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER.—Experienced addressing, copying MSS.; neat, reliable; home or out; $1.50 per day. Y 81 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced in banking, brokerage, and insurance; executive ability; whole-hearted service. Weir, 110 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, five years' experience, desires position with reliable firm; salary $15. Y 166 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER. — Capable; accustomed to turning out large quantities first-class work. Integrity, 129 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, young lady, experienced, well educated, capable, wishes permanent position. Robson, 548 West 150th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—19, Christian; limited experience; educated; accuracy rather than speed. Moderate, 117 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable stenographer, 6 years' experience, desires position. M 137 Times Downtown.

WASHING.—Experienced laundress; by day; take home preferred; starched, 50 cents dozen. Duffy, 259 East 33d St.

$100 will be paid by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any swindler who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—A.—Accountant, expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books; $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1204. 'Phone 2114 Worth.

AGENCIES WANTED FOR THE PACIFIC COAST FOR ANY OF THE FOLLOWING LINES: DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, LADIES' SUITS, WAISTS OR MUSLIN WEAR, BY RELIABLE, CONSCIENTIOUS, AND ENERGETIC BUSINESS MAN, GOOD ADDRESS, WITH THE FACULTY OF GAINING THE GOOD WILL OF THOSE HE COMES IN CONTACT WITH; WELL KNOWN BY THE TRADE, AND CAN GIVE FIRST-CLASS REFERENCES. Z 3 TIMES, TIMES SQUARE.

ACCOUNTANT, BOOKKEEPER. — Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss business statements. Christie, 860 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

BOOKKEEPER, CASHIER, and OFFICE Man.—Excellent record; thoroughly efficient; one who can assume charge and show results without disturbing your whole organization. M 143 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant; books opened, audited, system installed; firms not employing bookkeeper, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 285, 280 Broadway. Telephone 2471—Worth.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, invoice, order, entry clerk; rapid, accurate, reliable; best references character, ability. A. L. Jordan, 191 Garfield Place, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Christian man of 29; thoroughly experienced and capable; excellent references; moderate salary to begin. Bingham, 114 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—As assistant bookkeeper, aged 20, where strict attention to business will be appreciated; references. Y 58 Times, Times Square.

BOOKKEEPER or assistant, (22,) experienced; best references; $14. T. Reilly, Y 164 Times, Times Square.

BOY, 18, desires position with good chances of advancement. Klotz, 221 West 106th St.

CARPENTER.—A1 mechanic; office building or factory; references. Felnson, 87 Bartlett St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Nine years' experience; own repairing; any car; references. C. Hale, Huntington, L. I.

COACHMAN.—Understands care of fine carriages and harness; also can drive a car; best references. Fred Weisert, 947 8th Av.

CORRESPONDENT, SECRETARY, AGENT, or SALESMAN.—Englishman of good education, young, married, desires position with good firm, with view advancement. Z 2 Times, Times Square.

EVENING WORK wanted for few weeks; advertiser, age 32; knowledge of electrical engineering and transportation; good at figures; can be trusted implicitly. Z 4 Times, Times Sq.

FRENCH CORRESPONDENT wanted by a gentleman of education; the position of secretary or correspondent for a French firm; references given. Address P. P. Brant, 137 Edgecombe Avenue, New York City.

GARDENER.—Competent; open for engagement on private place; 11 years in present situation. William Greer, 72 Cortlandt St., New York.

MAN contending equally for truth and victory wishes position with good concern; has good general business experience; with present employers ten years. Y 159 Times, Times Square.

NURSE, MASSEUR, (male,) as attendant to invalid gentleman; 5 years in last position. Y 83 Times, Times Square.

SALESMAN. — Representative position or agency for manufacturer, quarry, or mine by a New York salesman with record for business. M 136 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17, wishes position where advancement is assured to a hard worker; has had one year's experience in office; can operate telephone switchboard; good penman; honest and reliable; can furnish best reference. Charles Patt, 8 Willett St., New York City.

YOUNG MAN, age 23, technical school graduate, three years' business experience, now holding responsible position as chemist, seeks change to commercial position. Y 138 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

YOUNG MAN with real estate or business corporation, watchman, or footman; tall, fine appearance; inside or outside; city or country; finest references. Luby, 157 East 33d St.

YOUNG MAN, speaking, writing, English, German, Hungarian, Slavish, experienced foreign banking, railroad; steamship, ticket office, desires similar position. J., 1,406 2d Av.

YOUNG MAN, 21, wishes position; knowledge of bookkeeping, typewriting, and clerical work; 7 years' experience; references. Freitag, 120 East 114th St.

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Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

LEVERS LACE.
WANTED—LEVERS LACE OPERATIVES, EFFICIENT, SKILLED, AND EXPERIENCED IN DESIGNING, DRAFTING, CARD PUNCHING, WARPING, WEAVING, STARCHING, BLEACHING, FINISHING, &c.; COMPETENT IN ALL CLASSES AND GRADES OF GO-THROUGH LACE MACHINE WORK, INCLUDING THOSE QUALIFIED BY EXPERIENCE TO TAKE CHARGE OF ANY OR ALL DEPARTMENTS OF A LEVERS PLANT OF GO-THROUGH MACHINES. ANSWER BY LETTER, GIVING FULL INFORMATION, INCLUDING REFERENCES, UNIVERSAL EXCHANGE, 110 WEST 34TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

BOOKKEEPER for publishing house; $15; must be refined, capable. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th.

MANAGER.—30 to 40 years; must be good judge of men and have thorough knowledge of office work; one who has had charge of large office force. National Employment Exchange, 47 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7035—Barclay.

Domestic Help.

Mrs. Dickinson's
Co-Operative Emp. Bureau,
331 Madison Av.
Phone 3734 Murray Hill.
Bureau supplies high-class household servants, male and female; references personally investigated; waitresses, cooks supplied for dinners and luncheons; entertainer for children parties.

A.—COLONIAL BUREAU, 60 West 39th.—Strictly reliable domestic help; specialties; governesses, lady's maids; references thoroughly investigated. Telephone 5582—Murray Hill.

BLOOM'S BUREAU, 747 Lexington Av., furnishes first-class Scandinavian help; investigated references. 4887—Plaza.

FOR SELECT COLORED HELP apply Duncan Help Exchange, 250 West 133d. 'Phone 5078—Morning.

LIND'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 729 Lexington Av.—Reliable servants, all nationalities; references investigated. 'Phone 4096—Plaza.

MISS BRINKLEY
Employment Office,
4 East 42d St. Tel 2484 Murray Hill.
Housekeepers, governesses, visiting and resident; also competent, thoroughly trained servants supplied after a careful and thorough investigation of their references.

MISS WILD.
Employment Office,
47 West 34th St., Rooms 1011-15-17.
Tel. 2942-2944 Murray Hill.
Thoroughly trained, high-grade servants supplied after references are personally investigated. Circular sent on request. Educational department under management Mrs. Janes.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508—Orchard.

RELIABLE SERVANTS, all kinds. Mrs. Nellson, 503 5th Av., Room 300; 42d St. entrance.

THE WALDORF BUREAU,
12 West 33d St. Opposite Waldorf-Astoria Hotel.
requires immediately for waiting situations, governesses, ladies' maids, nurses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, parlor maids, kitchen maids, couples and butlers; Swedish, German and other nationalities. No fee until placed.

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Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—ATTRACTIVE SUITES, single rooms, with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 West 33d St.

5TH AV., 46.—Large parlor suite; private bath; other rooms; table guests accommodated; telephone.

11TH ST., 23 WEST.—Clean, well-heated room, comfortably furnished; telephone; good table.

21ST ST., 350 WEST.—Double, single rooms; superior board; comfortable house; moderate.

37TH ST., 64 WEST.—Large room; private bath; unexcelled table; single rooms; table guests accommodated.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms for persons with reliable references; Southern home.

48TH ST., 211 EAST.—Nice rooms; all improvements; excellent Swedish table board; private house.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; first-class; telephone; references.

64TH ST., 165 WEST.—Attractive, large, small room; clean; excellent German table; homelike; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Pleasant medium room, nicely furnished; excellent table; moderate.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Sunny third-story front room; private bath; hot water supply; single room adjoining; telephone in room; references.

72D ST., 133 WEST.—Desirable, large second-floor front; also medium-sized room; board; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable suite; private bath; steam heat; single room; table guests.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Newly furnished house, parlor; dining room; table boarders; references.

79TH ST., 149 WEST.—Hall room, attractively furnished; home cooking specialty; table guests; references essential.

79TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large, well-furnished, second-floor rear rooms, with board.

80TH, 150 WEST.—Table guests; home cooking specialty; best food; also nicely furnished room.

83D ST., 127 WEST.—Pleasant, sunny rooms; every convenience; good table; moderate; table guests; references.

96TH ST., 64 WEST.—Handsome rooms, bath, superior board; gentlemen or family; near Central Park.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Delightful, warm rooms; excellent cooking; telephone; convenient "L," Subway; table guests.

96TH ST., 54 WEST.—Exceptional accommodations; Southern cuisine; parlor dining; table guests; telephone 429—Riverside.

149TH ST., 542 WEST. (Near Broadway Subway, "The Audubon.")—First-class rooms; board; very reasonable first-class parties; parlor dining rooms; excellent meals; every comfort; telephone; booklet on request.

East Side.

1.—IRVING PLACE, 53, (GRAMERCY PARK DISTRICT, NICHOLAS FISH MANSION.)—ATTRACTIVE TO THOSE APPRECIATING QUIET, WELL-ORDERED HOUSE; BREAKFAST SERVED IN ROOMS; REFERENCES.

18TH ST., 306 EAST.—Second floor; double room; steam heated; running water; board optional.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable furnished rooms; suite two rooms; private baths; small rooms.

Long Island.

DOUGLAS MANOR INN, DOUGLASTON, L. I.: easy commuting distance. For winter rates, apply New York Office, 1,123 Broadway.

New Jersey.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—One large and one small room for rent; excellent table; good location; near station. 14 Walnut Crescent.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

12TH ST., 268 WEST.—Beautiful parlor; also nice single room; steam heat, hot water bath. Barnes.

13TH ST., 104, (West of 8th Av.)—Desirable hall rooms, adjoining bathrooms, for gentlemen.

20TH ST., 410 WEST, (Chelsea Square.)—Neat, well furnished rooms; refined; all conveniences; reasonable.

38TH ST., 256 WEST.—Two large, comfortable, clean rooms; all improvements; $3 up. Deravaux.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; moderate; references.

45TH, 232 WEST.—Newly renovated, exceptionally cheerful rooms, large, small; private bath; homelike.

45TH ST., 244 WEST.—Comfortable, homelike room; abundant hot water; quiet; central; references.

46TH ST., 42 WEST.—Elegant sunny front room; running water; just furnished and decorated; all conveniences; also large back parlor; breakfast.

47TH ST., 162 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, homelike rooms, either single or suite; private residence; reference.

48TH ST., 138 WEST.—Pleasant room; warm, clean, and comfortable; with private bath; very reasonable.

48TH, 329 WEST.—Splendid rooms; warm and clean; brass beds; porcelain bath tubs; $2.50 to $5.

55TH ST., 103 WEST.—Attractive outside room; refined surroundings; also unfurnished. Telephone 1808—Columbus. Tappan.

55TH ST., 120 WEST.—Large and small furnished rooms; well furnished.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; absolutely clean; daintily furnished; private house; electric lights, telephone; private baths; every modern convenience; exceptional service; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

70TH ST., 267 WEST.—Two large rooms, handsomely furnished; absolutely clean; every convenience; meals optional.

71ST ST., 281 WEST.—Gentlemen; desirable single, double rooms; conveniences; Subway express; private house; reasonable.

72D ST., 105 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, bath; convenient "L," Subway. Telephone 8380—Columbus.

76TH ST., Near Riverside.—Private family; elegantly furnished room to refined American gentleman; all conveniences; $10 per week. Telephone 9166—Schuyler.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, warm rooms; refined house and neighborhood; breakfast; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Exceptionally fine room and extension; physician's office; reception room; service; telephone.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Large, sunny room, bath adjoining, dressing room, suitable two; references.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelor home; superior accommodations; quiet, sunny rear room; bath; refined surroundings; Park and Riverside; Subway and elevated; references.

82D ST., 107 WEST.—Attractively furnished outside room; large closets; business woman; references. Rollen.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Desirable room; southern exposure; running water; dressing room; adjoining bath; telephone.

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Desirable, small, large, sunny, well heated; running water; private house; telephone.

83D ST., 56 WEST.—Pleasant single room; sunny; near bath; private house; references.

84TH ST., 14 WEST.—Large front room, nicely furnished; references required.

86TH ST., 308 WEST.—Desirable rooms, suitable for one or two gentlemen; Subway; references.

87TH ST., 332 WEST.—Large, sunny room, with private bath; excellent home table.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, large room; private bath; also small room; conveniences; telephone.

94TH ST, 137 WEST.—Two large sunny front rooms; private bath; water; telephone; moderate price.

96TH ST., 35 WEST.—Attractive suite; small room; high-class apartment; very reasonable; breakfast. Peters.

96TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive, clean rooms; near Subway and elevated express; breakfast optional. Muir.

96TH ST., 58 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with board. Telephone 7725—Riverside.

103D ST., 216 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Superior large outside room; one smaller; private; references. Apartment 2.

103D ST., 12 WEST.—Back and front parlor; married couple or two gentlemen. Stern.

111TH ST., 312 WEST.—Two connecting rooms, modern apartments; telephone; kitchen if desired. Landis.

122D ST., 514 WEST.—High-class rooms; steam heat, electric light, elevator. Kenyon.

123D ST., 358 WEST.—Large, light room; suitable for two; select house; meals optional; moderate.

140TH ST., 216 WEST.—Clean, airy room; adjoining bath; gentleman; private family. M. Mayer.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON APARTMENT, Broadway and 161st St.—Near Subway; nicely furnished rooms; electric light, telephone, elevator; board optional; reasonable. Apartment 35.

AT 3 UNIVERSITY PLACE,
Opposite Washington Square.—Private residence; large, elegantly furnished rooms; gentlemen; references.

CHARLES ST., 10.—Large and small, heated, hot water; near 6th Av. El; gentlemen.

East Side.

43D ST., 6 EAST.—Two rooms and bath; night, day telephone service; breakfast if desired.

45TH ST., 17 EAST.—Couple for nice large room; private bath; good table; table board; private.

77TH ST., 165 EAST.—Nicely furnished large or small rooms; private German family. Hartwig.

Brooklyn.

170 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS.
Handsome private house, with accommodations for a few guests; very desirable suite of two large rooms, overlooking harbor; available March 1st; house, table, and appointments substantial and attractive; references. Telephone 2597-J Main.

1.—HEIGHTS, 3 MONTAGUE TERRACE. Rooms for gentlemen, overlooking water; with and without private baths; convenient Wall St. Subway, bridge.

Furnished Rooms Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

WANTED—Small room in West 40s, by gentleman away from city part of time; state particulars. Z 9 Times, Times Square.

BY GENTLEMAN, on west side, 70th to 90th Sts.; private family; $4. Z 11 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Board Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

WITH REFINED, congenial Jewish family; location must be convenient to elevated or Subway; elevator apartment preferred, west side, between 72d and 137th Sts.; state particulars, price, &c.; no boarding house. Address Box Z 7 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Country Board Wanted.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

WANTED—In town, near New York, by elderly man, board and lodging, with use of barn or other building for storage. M 144 Times Downtown.

Say you saw it in The Times.

MOST PEOPLE KNOW that the best way to bring about the recovery of lost articles is to advertise the loss in The New York Times. Bear this in mind, and if you lose anything, telephone 1000 Bryant.

Business Opport

WORKING TO AVERT A BUILDING STRIKE

The Union Leaders Against It Though the Workers Are Clamoring for One.

100,000 MAY QUIT WORK

Conditions the Most Alarming Since Sam Parks Led the Losing War of 1903—Await Full Vote of Unions.

The officers of the unions which voted in favor of a general sympathetic strike of the building trades in support of the striking steamfitters, to begin yesterday, have decided to wait until next Monday evening, when the referendum vote of the other unions will be reported. This decision was reached at meetings of the unions yesterday. Both workers and employers consider the present situation the most serious in the building trades that New York has seen since Sam Parks led the famous strike seven years ago. Should a majority of the unions vote to strike more than 100,000 men will be called out.

A peculiar feature of the situation is the fact that in some cases the heads of the unions want to go slow, while the rank and file are clamoring for a strike. It is known that President Walsh of the Steam Fitters' Union did not ask for a sympathetic strike and counseled against it except as a last resort. The leaders have no power against a strike vote, and when the full vote is returned next week the unions which have voted to strike, it is believed, will take the bit in their teeth and quit work. There is a strong faction among the unions which wants to break up the entire arbitration plan with the Building Trades Employers' Association.

The strike committee of the steamfitters, whose headquarters are at Arlington Hall, in St. Mark's Place, met all day yesterday to hear reports. Charles Wamp is Chairman and William J. Bannor Secretary of the committee.

The warlike attitude of the unions did not seem to appeal to Rosswell D. Tompkins, Secretary of the New York Building Trades Council, to whom the strike vote of unions representing 40,000 men came as a surprise.

"No official report of the action taken has been made to the council," he said, "and no strike in the building trades would be regular unless it received the sanction of the council. The council will receive a full report from all the unions between now and Monday. The unions have the power to vote, but unless a strike of any union received the sanction of the council it could not demand financial assistance from the other unions."

The situation was discussed at the headquarters of the Building Trades Employers' Association, 30 West Thirty-third Street, but no regular meeting of the association was held. The entire building trades dispute was put into the hands of the Emergency Committee of the association a week ago, with power to act, and every union which goes on a sympathetic strike will be at once locked out and the open shop will be declared in that trade.

The employers look on the present situation as unprecedented. They say that the building mechanic must have become reckless through a long period of good wages and union conditions with no strikes, and are clamoring for a change. Ross F. Tucker, Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Employers' Association, said last night:

"Seven unions have notified us that they will not strike, and want the Arbitration Board convened if possible. I still prefer to believe that the good sense and the sound judgment of the union men will eventually assert itself and avert the smashing of the arbitration plan, which would be followed by a building trades war which would dwarf all struggles of the kind.

"The strike of the steamfitters was declared in spite of the arbitration plan. We were ready to put the demands to arbitration and abide by the result, but they said: 'No, we must get the advance or we strike.' This was final and they struck."

SIX DEMOCRATS OUT OF JOBS.

Dropped in Shake-Up in Controller's Office—Twenty Appointments.

Controller Prendergast continued the shake-up yesterday in the office force of the Department of Finance by announcing twenty appointments, one transfer, and six requests for resignations. The two most important of the appointments were:

Harry C. W. Melick of 3 Bank Street, as Auditor of Accounts, assigned to the Law and Adjustment Division; salary, $4,000.

Charles A. O'Malley of 44 Court Street, Brooklyn, Appraiser of Real Estate; salary, $4,000.

Mr. Melick is a Republican and served for four years as an assistant teller in the Sub-Treasury. He is a graduate of the New York University Law School.

Mr. O'Malley is also a Republican and one of the leading members of the Union League Club of Brooklyn. He was a member of the Board of Assessors under Mayor McClellan in 1904-5.

T. H. Green of Flushing was appointed Deputy Receiver of Taxes in Queens at a salary of $2,100. The Controller named six bank messengers at salaries of $1,200 and four Deputy City Paymasters at $2,500. All of these men are Republicans with one exception—a Hearst man.

Richard Wright, one of the new Deputy Paymasters, is the Republican leader of the Fifteenth Assembly District in Brooklyn.

The other appointees were seven bookkeepers in the auditing division of the office at salaries of $1,200. The transfer was that of Mason O. Smedley, Deputy Receiver of Taxes since 1898, to a clerkship in the office of the Borough President of Queens.

The resignations asked for were those of six bank messengers at salaries ranging from $1,200 to $1,350. They are all Democrats.

FATAL PLAY WITH MATCHES.

Three Children Die in a Tenement Fire and Occupants Escape to the Roof.

As the result of playing with matches three children were burned to death last evening in a tenement at 102 Clay Street, Greenpoint. They were Frank and Michael Schim, 4 and 2 years old respectively, and Catherine Craig, 5 years old.

The Schim children belonged to Mrs. Bertha Schim, whose husband, Joseph, is employed in the Chelsea jute mills. Mrs. Schim went to market in the evening, locking the children in the apartments, on the first floor. During her absence the two children are supposed to have played with matches and set the rooms on fire. A neighbor discovered the blaze and raised an alarm. There was a wild panic among the tenants, and many were trampled as they tumbled on the stairs. The tenants on the two upper floors found escape cut off by smoke, and there was a rush to reach the roof. Among those who started in that direction was Mrs. Annie Craig, who carried her infant child in her arms. She bade her 5-year-old daughter, Catherine, to follow. Catherine evidently became confused, and ran back to her rooms. Mrs. Craig, with other tenants, reached the roof and crossed to the roof of an adjoining house. All the time she believed that Catherine had followed, and in the confusion had been parted from her.

Meanwhile the firemen arrived and found the Schim apartments all afire and the flames spreading to the upper floors. A second alarm was turned in, and while the firemen were fighting the flames Mrs. Schim returned. She screamed for her children, and as nothing had been seen of them by neighbors it was believed they were still in the apartments. After the firemen had the fire under control they entered the Schim rooms and in the kitchen they found the two children side by side burned to death. The firemen next went through the building, and in the kitchen of the Craig house Catherine was found dead on the floor, not so badly burned, but it was evident smoke had suffocated her.

Both mothers collapsed and required the attendance of an ambulance surgeon from St. Catherine's Hospital. The house was badly damaged.

HENRY V. DONNELLY DEAD.

Well-Known Comedian Was Formerly of Donnelly and Girard.

Henry V. Donnelly, a well-known actor, and later Manager of the Murray Hill Theatre, at Forty-second Street and Lexington Avenue, where for several years he ran a stock company, died at his home in the Keystone Apartments, 145th Street and Broadway, last night from Bright's disease.

Mr. Donnelly was a son of Thomas Lester Donnelly, former Manager of the Grand Theatre. The team of Donnelly and Girard made itself well known years ago in "Natural Gas" and "The Rainmakers." Later Mr. Donnelly appeared with Henry Miller in "The Family," and his last appearance was with Hattie Williams in "The Little Cherub."

In his company at the Murray Hill Theatre he had several actors and actresses who have since scored successes on Broadway, including Dorothy Donnelly, his sister. For a number of years he played the comedy parts in the plays produced by his Murray Hill stock company.

He was a brother of Justice Thomas F. Donnelly of the City Court, H. Gration Donnelly, the dramatist, and Miss Dorothy Donnelly, the actress. He was born in Dayton, Ohio, 48 years ago.

FRENCH BALL REVIVAL.

Some Mild Kicking Just to Amuse the Boxholders.

A throng of maskers filled Madison Square Garden last night and fun ran riot until nearly daylight this morning. It was "Metropolitan Ball" night, a revival of the old French ball.

Those who took part and those who looked on from the boxes and balconies while the hundreds of costumed men and women danced and made merry to the accompaniment of a hard-working orchestra, voted the affair a success. Many of the costumes worn by women were somewhat abbreviated, and now and then one of the dancers kicked at a silk hat, but that was the limit of the fun.

The theatrical contingent was out in force during the early hours of the morning. Nearly every Broadway show sent its quota of show girls and quite a few stars.

A prize was awarded to the prettiest girl, and another for the prettiest costume. During the early part of the evening the Scottish Highlanders seemed to own the place. In every direction one looked there was a Highlander in uniform. At midnight they led a dance around the floor to the accompaniment of bagpipes.

Mrs. Jack Gallatin was a boxholder. And among the other boxholders were Police Inspector McCluskey, Billie Burke, Jack Barrymore, Stanley Ford, Julian Sanderson, and Caruso, the Metropolitan tenor.

DANCE IN THE CITY BANK

And a Minstrel Show Alongside the Vault Containing Millions.

Six hundred guests of the employes of the National City Bank saw an old-fashioned minstrel show and had a dance afterward in the bank in Wall Street last night.

The festivities were in the main foyer, a temporary stage having been built at the end of the main aisle between the steel vault containing millions in negotiable securities and the teller's cage. From this the minstrels, members of the City Bank Club, founded by President Stillman some years ago, cracked their jokes and sang their songs.

The club holds these reunions from time to time. It also has a savings department which last year earned 7 per cent. for its depositors.

BILLIE BURKE IN A BENEFIT.

Will Produce "The Bracelet" In Aid of the Art Workers' Club.

Billie Burke, with the assistance of Daniel Frohman, is arranging to give a benefit at the Lyceum Theatre on March 15, in aid of the Art Workers' Club for Women of the Stage. The club, located at 225 West Fifty-eighth Street, is for self-supporting women workers in the various arts, and is organized to assist those in need of aid. An engagement bureau for artists' models is conducted, and there is a dining room where meals are supplied at low prices. Costumes are rented to members at a low rate.

At the benefit Miss Burke will produce a new one-act play by Alfred Sutro called "The Bracelet." Many of the prominent actors and actresses in the city will take part in the entertainment.

DIVORCES J. H. MANSFIELD.

Wife Says Her Husband Deserted Her When They Lived in New York.

Special to The New York Times.

DEDHAM, Mass., Feb. 15.—Judge Stevens in the Superior Civil Court this morning granted a divorce to Helen Agnes Mansfield of Braintree from her husband, James Henry Mansfield, on the ground of desertion.

The wife has the right to resume her maiden name of Cuff. Mr. and Mrs. Mansfield were married at Braintree on May 10, 1905, and went to New York City to live. He deserted her there on July 25 of the same Summer, she contended.

Loving Cup for Judge Rosalsky.

Judge Rosalsky of General Sessions received a silver loving cup at a dinner given to him last night in Tuxedo Hall, Madison Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, by the Directors of the Home of the Daughters of Jacob as a mark of appreciation of the Judge's efforts last Summer, when a theatrical performance at Arverne, L. I., under his direction, netted the home $3,000. Judge Rosalsky thanked the donors, said his own efforts were overestimated, and that the real workers were the "self-sacrificing women who have made the home what it is to-day."

Truax Will to be Probated To-day.

The will of Supreme Court Justice Charles H. Truax, who died in this city a month ago, will be offered for probate to-day. It is understood that his friend, Justice Dugro, will qualify as executor. The codicil appoints Justice Dugro executor, but also states "in case said Dugro declines to act, I appoint my wife, Caroline Truax, executrix of my last will and testament and of this codicil, and I give to my executor or executrix, as the case may be, full power of sale of all my estate, both real and personal."

Tourists Inspected the Panama Canal.

The tourists who returned yesterday on the liner Avon from her West Indian cruise said that one of the most interesting features of the trip was the visit to the canal works on the Isthmus of Panama. A special train took the passengers, numbering 180 men and women, from Colon across to Panama, stopping at Gatun, Culebra, and other points. Col. Goethals, Chief Engineer in charge of construction, had officials waiting to explain the work.

Work to Begin on a $2,000,000 Station.

The Long Island Railroad's proposed $2,000,000 station at Jamaica, it is said, will be built this year. The company is now delivering steel and other material for the construction work at the site selected in its old freight yards, a little west of the present Jamaica station. Work is to be started as soon as the ground is settled.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
12:25—102 East 113th St.; Charles Asterns.	None
12:55—336 West 24th St.; unknown	Slight
1:10—310 West 47th St.; A. De Gennaro	$50
1:55—65 Jefferson St.; Israel Hautman	$300
2:00—226 West 37th St.; Mrs. McLean	$25
2:20—211 10th Av.; Mrs. Lizzie McNamara	$500
4:20—142d St. and Southern Boulevard; N. Y. C. R. R.	$500
4:40—797-799 Greenwich St.; Commercial Manufacturing Co.	$5,000
6:00—3,553½ Broadway; Cohen & Lenox	$400
7:45—224-226 Delancey St.; S. Romer	Trifling
9:27—334 East 96th St.; Louis Stein	$25
10:18—933 Southern Boulevard; A. Morgenthal	$300
10:20—162 Lewis St.; Simon Wailing	$15
11:46—200 Monroe St.; Isaac Kaplan	Trifling
P. M.	
1:45—208 East 103d St.; Isaac Dustlander	Trifling
3:45—1,365 3d Av.; Delia Bannon	$50
4:30—29th St. and Broadway; The Breslin	$50
5:15—151 Orchard St.; David Karpit	Trifling
5:45—520 East 150th St.; William Mayer	$25
6:15—519 East 8d St.; A. Schumacher	$20
6:45—33 Ferry St.; Jacob Caroline Co.	$500
6:45—287 Avenue A; George Lambrakos	$200
7:40—130 West 62d St.; H. C. Secor	Trifling
8:20—101 Norfolk St.; Samuel Rodella	Trifling
8:40—1,503 Park Av.; Charles Kramer	$300
9:10—949 3d Av.; Carlo Savina	$10
9:40—1,916 to 1,933 Park Av.; Cutler Hammer Manufacturing Co.	$3,000

HOGAN AND CAPTAIN NOW FACE CHARGES

The Inspector and Precinct Commander to Answer for Inaction Regarding Gambling.

SEQUEL TO MONDAY'S RAID

Three Police Heads Accused Since Mayor Started War on Gamblers Two Days Ago.

Charges are to be preferred against Inspector William B. Hogan of the First District and Capt. Frank J. Morris of the East Fifth Street Station as a result of the raid made by detectives of Chief Inspector Schmittberger's staff on Monday night on a house in St. Mark's Place, alleged by the police to be a gambling resort. Acting Commissioner Bugher said that Inspector Hogan and Capt. Morris had been told of the suspicions entertained at Police Headquarters concerning this house, and that they had taken no action.

The raid resulted in the arrest of twenty-three men, twenty of whom were allowed to go after the police had taken their names. The other three were arraigned yesterday in the Yorkville Court and held in bail for further examination.

Commissioner Bugher said that he should postpone action in the cases of Inspector Hogan and Capt. Morris until he had assured himself that gambling had occurred in the house on which the raid was made.

Should Hogan and Morris be brought to trial theirs will make three cases against police officials since the Mayor planned a war on gamblers two days ago. Capt. Carson of the West 125th Street Station is under charges for failure to suppress an alleged gambling house to which his attention was called.

Capt. Morris has had a short career as a Captain, having been promoted by Commissioner Bingham only two days beore his removal by Mayor McClellan.

Policemen William Hauser, James O'Sullivan, and Fred Hogan of the East 104th Street Station, involved in the alleged clubbing of Fred Villman and Joseph Monahan, whom they arrested recently for burglarizing a candy store, will be brought to trial soon, perhaps tomorrow. The complaint clerk at Police Headquarters prepared subpoenas yesterday for Villman and Monahan, who are now on Blackwell's Island, and Sergt. O'Connor of the East 104th Street Station was sent there to serve them.

Head Warden McManus laughed when O'Connor presented the papers and advised him to retutrn to Manhattan by the next boat from the island and advise his superiors that the Police Department was not running the penitentiary.

"Those subpoenas are not worth the paper they're written on," said McManus. "It'll take a writ of habeas corpus from the Supreme Court to get those men out of here."

Sergt. O'Connor volunteered the information that his trip to the island was not wasted because, he said, he learned that William Travers, who takes the Bertillon measurements of prisoners on the island, had talked with Villman and Monahan and, not noticing any bruises upon them, had asked them where were the marks inflicted by their beatings. Both men laughed uproariously, say the police, and Travers will be subpoenaed to appear at the police trial and tell of this.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The storm from the Rocky Mountain region moved rapidly eastward during the last twenty-four hours, and Wednesday night its centre was over the great lakes. This disturbance caused high winds and snow, and has been followed by a cold wave in the Upper Mississippi Valley and the plains States.

Another storm is developing in the Southeast, and it will move eastward to the Mississippi in the next twenty-four hours.

The weather was fair with high temperature Tuesday in the East and South and the Ohio Valley, but indications are that a period of colder weather lasting several days will prevail over much of the country following the eastward passage of the two storms.

Winds along the New England Coast will be brisk, possibly high south, shifting to northwest; Middle Atlantic Coast, brisk south, becoming variable; South Atlantic Coast, moderate to brisk south.

Steamships departing Wednesday for European ports will have brisk and possibly high south, shifting to west winds, with unsettled weather and rain to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York—Snow in north, rain on the coast, and rain or snow in the interior Wednesday, colder by night. Thursday rain or snow and colder; brisk south winds, shifting to northwest.

New Jersey—Unsettled, probably rain and colder Wednesday. Thursday probably snow and colder; brisk south winds, shifting to north.

New England—Snow in north, rain or snow in south portion Wednesday. Thursday snow and colder; brisk and possibly high south and southeast winds, shifting to northwest Wednesday night.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Rain and colder Wednesday. Thursday, rain or snow and colder; brisk south winds, shifting to northwest.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1909.	1910.		1909.	1910.
8 A. M.	38	33	4 P. M.	42	43
6 A. M.	38	33	6 P. M.	40	41
9 A. M.	40	34	9 P. M.	40	41
12 M.	41	38	12 P. M.	40	42

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 37; for the corresponding date last year it was 40; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 33; at 8 P. M. it was 41. Maximum temperature 43 degrees at 4:10 P. M., minimum 33 degrees at 8 A. M. Humidity 65 per cent. at 8 A. M., 61 per cent. at 8 P. M.

Reduction of 20%

Diamond and Gold Jewelry
Pearl Necklaces
Old English and Modern Silver

Howard & Co
Fifth Avenue and Forty-Seventh St.

This offer is for a limited time, and made in order to facilitate the settlement of the estate of the late Mr. J. P. Howard.

NURSE HELD AS SHOPLIFTER.

Goods Found In a Muff She Carried, but She Denies Its Ownership.

A young trained nurse was arraigned in Night Court before Magistrate O'Connor last night, charged by the detective of a Sixth Avenue department store with having stolen $6.93 worth of merchandise from the store.

The case against the girl hinged on the fact that the stolen articles had been found in the muff she carried, and she protested steadfastly that the muff was not hers, but one she had picked up by mistake from a counter on which she had left her own. Magistrate O'Connor seemed inclined to believe the girl, but the detective was so insistent that the Magistrate held the prisoner in $300 bail for trial in Special Sessions.

Lena Kelly was the name given by the girl, who said she was staying at 315 East Fifteenth Street. A white-haired man, who said he was Dr. George W. Endicott of the Muhlenberg Hospital at Plainfield, N. J., was in court, and when the girl was held in bail he rose and said he wanted to go on her bond. He said that he had known her for years, and was convinced of her honesty; that she had been graduated from the hospital where he is house physician.

Dr. Endicott could not provide New York real estate, and the Magistrate told him regretfully that he could not qualify as a bondsman. The physician told Miss Kelly not to lose heart, and hurried from the court saying he would return with a bondsman.

A lawyer for Mrs. Hermine G. Koch of 783 Third Avenue, who was arraigned before Magistrate O'Connor in Night Court charged with taking a piece of silk from a Fifth Avenue department store, asked for time to investigate his client's mental condition. He told the court that Mrs. Koch had lost a daughter two years ago and since then had acted in a strange manner. Magistrate O'Connor held her in $500 for examination on Thursday evening.

FIGHT OVER A WOMAN'S WILL.

Relatives Say the Executors Unduly Influenced Sarah A. McCarty.

A contest over the will of Sarah A. McCarty, a sister of the late Senator John McCarty of Brooklyn, began yesterday before Surrogate Ketcham of Brooklyn, objection being filed to the probating of the document because a large share of the estate is left to the executors, Joseph F. McClean and Everett Greene.

McClean is called the "godson and friend" of the testatrix in the will. He receives $5,000 outright, besides a share in the residue of the estate with Greene, who is a lawyer, and is said to have done considerable legal work for Miss McCarty. The estate is said to be worth about $500,000.

The contestants are Mary E. Butler, Rose F. Kane, and Mary Kane, cousins of Miss McCarty. They were represented in the proceedings before the Surrogate by Lawyer John C. Judge. He argued that the deceased was of unsound mind when the will was made and that undue influence and fraud was practiced on her at the time. She died at Goshen, N. Y., on Aug. 17. Her Brooklyn home was at 267 Berkeley Place.

Police Doorman Arrested; Suspended.

James Wren, doorman in the Liberty Avenue Police Station, Brooklyn, was found helplessly drunk at Nostrand Avenue and Herkimer Street, Brooklyn, last night by Policeman Foley of the Atlantic Avenue Station, who arrested him and took him to the station. Lieut. Eggers sent for Police Surgeon McGoldrick. He examined Wren and pronounced him unfit for duty. Later he was suspended and sent on sick leave.

Kennedy
12 CORTLANDT ST.

Pajamas, odd lots reduced

1.50 Flannel Pajamas at 85c
1.50 Madras at 85c
2.50 Soisette Mercerized at 1.49
Night Shirts, Cotton & Domet, 49c
Shirts—Stock Clearing
2.00 Fancy Madras (coat cut), 95c
1.00 Negligees (cuffs attached), 65c
50c Lisle Sox at 25c
4 ply Collars, 3 for 25c
Worth 15c each. Every new style.

Holden's *Animals, Birds, Fish*
Canaries Mate Now
Pairs and Singles. All Colors and Sizes.
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NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Sat. & Feb. 22, 2:15. "Triumph of Her Career."—World. **ETHEL BARRYMORE** in Sir A. W. Pinero's MID-CHANNEL.

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w, Sat. & Feb. 22. "Full of Bright Lines."—Herald. **BILLIE BURKE** in W. S. Maugham's MRS. DOT.

SAVOY 34th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. at 2:15. LAST 6 TIMES. THE TRAVELING SALESMAN. NEXT MON. (Extra Matinee Feb. 22) SEATS NOW. **Children of Destiny** By SYDNEY ROSENFELD.

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Sat. & Feb. 22, 2:15. "The funniest person on the stage to-day."—Alan Dale. **WM. COLLIER** in his great success, **A LUCKY STAR**

GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Sat. & Feb. 22, 2:15. "As lovable as Rip Van Winkle."—Telegram. **OTIS SKINNER** in **Your Humble Servant** By Booth Tarkington & H. L. Wilson.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Sat. & Feb. 22 at 2:15. "As tender as Little Lord Fauntleroy, and 3 times as funny." **FRANCIS WILSON** **THE BACHELOR'S BABY.**

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38 St. Evs. at 8. Mats. Sat. & Feb. 22, 2. **THE DOLLAR PRINCESS** SEATS ON SALE TO APRIL 16. Including Washington's Birthday Mat.

GLOBE CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S B'way & 46th Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-day, Sat. & Feb. 22, 2:15. **Montgomery and Stone** in **THE OLD TOWN.**

BURTON HOLMES "NORWAY" TO-DAY AT 3 LYCEUM THEATRE. Supplementary Series (Wright Kramer) LYCEUM THEATRE **HAWAII** SUN. EVE. 8:30, MON. MAT. at 3.

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE. 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. MAT. TO-DAY BEST SEATS $1.50. Henry W. Savage offers **MADAME X** Supreme Drama of Tears and Thrills. "Great Emotional Scenes."—Eve. Post.

NEW YORK B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Sat. & Feb. 22 at 2:15. **MAX ROGERS** and MAUDE RAYMOND in the new Musical Play **The Young Turk** 3 B'G SENSATIONS TOOTS PAKA and THE HAWAIANS, THE "HULA HULA," THE PARISIAN GLIDE.

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Ev. 8. Mats. To-day, Sat. & Feb. 22d, 2. "Don't miss it at any cost."—Eve. Sun. The Fantastical Musical Comedy **THE ARCADIANS** WITH ITS WONDERFUL CAST OF 100

GAIETY B'WAY & 46th ST. EVS. 8:15 MAT. WED. & SAT. 2:15. **FORTUNE HUNTER** with JOHN BARRYMORE. Extra Matinee Washington's Birthday.

JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29th St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Today Best Seats $1. Extra Matinee Washington's Birthday. IT'S NAUGHTY, BUT IT'S FUNNY. **Where There's a Way** French Farce

America's Foremost Theatres and Hits.

HIPPODROME

Daily Mats., 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8, 25c. to $1.50.
A Trip to Japan | Bullet (of Jewels) | Inside the Earth | 10 New Circus Acts

Lew Fields **HERALD SQ.** $1.50 Mat. To-day. Xtra Mat. Feb. 22. **BLANCHE RING** IN THE YANKEE GIRL

COMEDY 41st St., bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:40. $1.50 Mat. Today, 2:30. Xtra Mat. Feb. 22. **MARY MANNERING** in A MAN'S WORLD. Most Pleasing Play in Town.

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:30. Mat. To-day 2:30. Xtra Mat. Feb. 22. **MAXINE ELLIOTT** in THE INFERIOR SEX.

Broadway Thea., B'way, cor. 41st. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day. Xtra Mat. Feb. 22. **The Jolly Bachelors** Nora Bayes Stupendous Musical Comedy Sensation.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Sat. & Feb. 22, 2:30. **FORBES-ROBERTSON** The Passing of the Third Floor Back.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day. Xtra Mat. Feb. 22. WHITNEY OPERA CO. **THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER**

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day. Xtra Mat. Feb. 22. Most Sensational Drama in New York. Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play. **THE CITY**

BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:20. Xtra Mat. Feb. 22. **CYRIL SCOTT** IN **THE LOTTERY MAN** Enough Laughs to Pave a Street.

HACKETT 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Sat. & Feb. 22, 2:15. **JOHN MASON** in NONE SO BLIND

WEST END 125th, West of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. $1.00 Matinee To-day, 2:15. **VAUGHAN GLASER** IN **ST. ELMO**

THE NEW THEATRE

Central Park West, 62-63 Sts. Tel. 8300 Col. Non-Subscription Performances This Week: THURS., SAT. EVGS., SATURDAY MATINEE. Seats in All Parts of the House. Tickets For All Performances, Two Weeks in Advance, Ordered by Mail or Telephone, Will Be Delivered by Messenger to Any Address in Manhattan.

THE WITCH It is altogether the best acted piece presented by The New Theatre.—Tribune.

Shakespeare's Charming Comedy **TWELFTH NIGHT** Never Better Played in New York.—Tribune.

Sheridan's Delightful Comedy **THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL** A highly creditable achievement.—The Post.

To-day 2:15, To-night 8:30. The Witch
Thurs. Mat., 2 (opera) ..... La Boheme
Thurs. Eve., 8:15 ..... Twelfth Night
Fri. Eve., 8 (opera) ..... L'Attaque du Moulin
Sat. Mat., 2 ..... The School for Scandal
Sat. Eve., 8:15 ..... The School for Scandal
NEXT WEEK.
Mon. & Thurs. Evg. The School for Scandal; Tues. & Thurs. Mat. & Fri. Evg. The Witch; Wed. Evg. & Sat. Mat., Twelfth Night; Sat. Evg. The Nigger. Prices: Drama, $2 to 50c.; Opera, $5 to $1.

Benefit Friday, Feb. 18, 3 P. M., For the Music School Settlement. MUSICAL PANTOMIMES. N. Y. SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA. RITA SACCHETTO, Premiere Danseuse of the Met. Opera Co.

At the Brooklyn Academy of Music Tues. Evg., Feb. 22, TWELFTH NIGHT

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. To-day Mat. 50c. to $1.50. Special Matinee Washington's Birthday. GREATEST COMEDY HIT IN 20 YEARS. **SEVEN DAYS**

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Evs. 8 sharp. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2. **SOTHERN & MARLOWE** THIS WEEK.....Taming of the Shrew. Special Mat. To-day, Romeo and Juliet. Popular Prices. Good Reserved Seats 50c.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Sat. & Feb. 22. Popular Matinee To-day, 50c. to $1.50. "A play that sends 'Raffles' back to the infant class."—Leslie's Weekly. **H. B. WARNER** IN *ALIAS* JIMMY VALENTINE

GARDEN Begin'g Next Monday. Holiday Mats. Wed. & Sat. Mat. Tues. A Playhouse For The People. THE BEN GREET PLAYERS in "SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER." First Of A Series of Plays Worth While. "EVERYMAN" Each Friday Spec'l Mat.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE

Evenings at 8. Saturday Matinee at 2.
To-night, Falstaff. Mmes. Destinn, Alda, Homer, Maubourg; MM. Scotti, Clement, Pini-Corsi, Bada, Reiss, Didur. Cond., Toscanini.
Thurs. Evg. at 7:45. Lohengrin. Mmes. Gadski, Homer; MM. Jadlowker, Forsell, Hinckley, Witherspoon. Cond., Hertz.
Friday Evening ..... Rigoletto
Saturday Matinee ..... Tosca
Saturday Evg. at 7:45 ..... Tristan und Isoldr
Sunday Evening, Popular Price Concert. Mischn ELMAN—Marie DELNA.
Next Week—Monday Evening—Falstaff. Washington's B'day Mat. at 11:30, Parsifal. Wash. Birth'y Ev., Spec'l Perf. La Gioconda. Mmes. Destinn, Homer, Meltschik; MM. Caruso, Amato, de Segurola. Cond., Toscanini. Wed. Evg., Manon. Mmes. Farrar, Heliane; MM. Jorn, Scotti, Rossi. Cond., Podesti. Thurs. Evg. at 8:30 ..... Rheingold

At The New Theatre.
Thurs. Aft., La Boheme. Mmes. de Pasquali, Courtenay; MM. Martin, Gilly, Gianoli, de Segurola, Ananian. Cond., Podesti. Friday Evening ..... L'Attaque du Moulin

At the Brooklyn Academy of Music.
Mon. Evg., Feb. 21, La Boheme. Mmes. Farrar, Alten; MM. Bonci, Gilly, de Segurola, Reschiglian, Ananian, Gianoli, Tecchi. Con., Podesti. WEBER PIANO USED.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE. 34th St. & 8th Av.
To-night at 8:30, ELEKTRA. Mme. Mazarin & reg. cast. Fri. (Double Bill), CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA, Mmes. Mazarin, Duchene, Mr. McCormack, M. Crabbe. And PAGLIACCI, Mlle. Cavalieri, Mr. Orville Harold (debut), MM. Sammarco, Crabbe, Venturini. Sat. Mat., LUCIA, Mme. Tetrazzini, Mr. McCormack, M. Sammarco, etc. Sat. Night (pop. prices), CARMEN, Mlles. Cavalieri, Miranda, Trentini; MM. Dalmores, Gilibert.
SUNDAY, 8:30, GRAND POPULAR CONCERT.
—NEXT WEEK—
Mon., RIGOLETTO, Mme. Tetrazzini, Mr. McCormack, MM. Renaud, Gilibert. Tues. (Washington's Birthday) Matinee, 2:30, ELEKTRA, Mme. Mazarin, etc., and Evening at 8, TALES OF HOFFMANN, Mlle. Cavalieri, M. Renaud, etc. Wed., LOUISE, Miss Garden, Mme. Doria; MM. Dalmores, Gilibert, etc. Fri., LUCIA, Mme. Tetrazzini, Mr. McCormack, M. Sammarco. Sat. Mat., LOUISE, Miss Garden & regular cast. Sat. Eve. (popular prices), JUGGLER OF NOTRE DAME.
Next Week's Sale Opens Thurs., 9 A. M.

SALE ENDS SATURDAY.

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At Less Than ½ Former Prices.
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Concert Direction M. H. Hanson Announces
LIEDER RECITAL DR. C. V. BOS Accompanist (Chickering piano) CARNEGIE HALL, TUES., FEB. 22, (Washington's Birthday) at 3 **WULLNER** AND in Duets with MISS TILLY **KOENEN**
Seats on Sale at Box Office and Tyson's.

Mendelssohn Hall, Thurs., Feb. 24, at 2:30, Only Recital in America. **WARLICH** REINHOLD VON Celebrated Basso Cantante from Paris. Schumann's Dichterliebe, Horatio Parker, Old English Songs, etc. Seats $2.50, $1.50, at Box Office & Tyson's (Chickering piano).

CARNEGIE HALL. **PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY** of New York. **GUSTAV MAHLER** Conductor.
To-morrow at 8:15 P. M. and Friday at 2:30 P. M., Seventh Concerts of the First Series. THE MacDOWELL CHORUS (Kurt Schindler, Conductor) Will Assist.
Fantasy Overture, "Romeo and Juliet." ..... —Tschaikowsky
Notturnes ..... Debussy